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Questionnaire - Diagnostic Data
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NCS2
DSM-IV Attention Deficit Disorder

A. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. Six (or more) of the following symptoms of inattention have persisted for at least 6 months to a degree that is maladaptive and inconsistent with developmental level:

1. often fails to give close attention to details or makes careless mistakes in schoolwork, work, or other activities.
   AD1b is Yes(1).

2. often has difficulty sustaining attention in tasks or play activities.
   AD1e is Yes(1).

3. often does not seem to listen when spoken to directly.
   AD1d is Yes(1).

4. often does not follow through on instructions and fails to finish schoolwork, chores, or duties in the workplace (not due to oppositional behavior or failure to understand instructions).
   AD1i is Yes(1).

5. often has difficulty organizing tasks and activities.
   AD1h is Yes(1).

6. often avoids, dislikes, or is reluctant to engage in tasks that require sustained mental effort (such as schoolwork or homework)
   AD1g is Yes(1).

7. often loses things necessary for tasks or activities (e.g., toys, school assignments, pencils, books, or tools).
   AD1a is Yes(1).

8. is often easily distracted by extraneous stimuli.
   AD1f is Yes(1).

9. is often forgetful in daily activities.
   AD1c is Yes(1).

Part 2. Six (or more) of the following symptoms of hyperactivity-impulsivity have persisted for at least 6 months to a degree that is maladaptive and inconsistent with developmental level:

1. often fidgets with hands or feet or squirms in seat.
   AD30e is Yes(1).

2. often leaves seat in classroom or in other situation in which remaining seated is expected.
   AD30f is Yes(1).
NCS2
DSM-IV Attention Deficit Disorder

A. Part 2(continued)

3. often runs about or climbs excessively in situations in which it is inappropriate (in adolescents or adults, may be limited to subjective feelings of restlessness).

   AD30a is Yes(1) OR (AD30b is Yes(1) AND 12 < recency < 998).

   if AD33 is Yes, recency = AGE
   else recency = AD33a

4. often has difficulty playing or engaging in leisure activities quietly.

   AD30d is Yes(1).

5. is often “on the go” or often acts as if “driven by a motor”

   AD30c is Yes(1).

6. often talks excessively

   AD30g is Yes(1).

7. often blurts out answers before questions have been completed.

   AD30h is Yes(1).

8. often has difficulty awaiting turn.

   AD30k is Yes(1).

9. often interrupts or intrudes on others (e.g., butts into conversations or games)

   AD30i is Yes(1) OR AD30j is Yes(1).

B. Some hyperactive-impulsive or inattentive symptoms that caused impairment were present before age 7 years (Note: Criteria not required for final diagnosis).

   0 <= AD3a < 7 OR 0 <= AD3b < 7 OR 0 <= AD32a < 7 OR 0 <= AD32b < 7.

C. Some impairment from the symptoms is present in two or more settings (e.g., at school or work and at home):

1. school

   AD6a is Yes(1) OR AD35a is Yes(1).

2. home

   AD6b is Yes(1) OR AD35b is Yes(1).

3. work

   AD6c is Yes(1) OR AD35c is Yes(1).

4. personal relationships or social life

   AD6d is Yes(1) OR AD35d is Yes(1).
NCS2
DSM-IV Attention Deficit Disorder

D. There must be clear evidence of clinically significant impairment in social, academic, or occupational functioning (note: Criteria not required for final diagnosis).

   AD14 is Yes(1) OR AD43_1 is Yes(1).

E. The symptoms do not occur exclusively during the course of a Pervasive Developmental Disorder, Schizophrenia, or other Psychotic Disorder and are not better accounted for by another mental disorder (e.g., Mood Disorder, Anxiety Disorder, Dissociative Disorder, or a Personality Disorder).

   Not operationalized

Note: DSM-IV Attention Deficit Disorder: Criteria A and Criteria C.
Criteria B and Criteria D not operationalized.
NCS2
ICD Hyperkinetic Disorder

A. (G1) At least six of the following symptoms of inattention have persisted for at least 6 months, to a degree that is maladaptive and inconsistent with the developmental level of the child:

1. often fails to give close attention to details, or makes careless errors schoolwork, work, other activities.
   AD1b is Yes(1).

2. often fails to sustain attention in tasks or play activities.
   AD1e is Yes(1).

3. often appears not to listen to what is being said to him or her.
   AD1d is Yes(1).

4. often fails to follow through on instructions or finish schoolwork, chores, or duties in the workplace (not because of oppositional behavior or failure to understand instructions).
   AD1i is Yes(1).

5. is often impaired in organizing tasks and activities.
   AD1h is Yes(1).

6. often avoids or strongly dislikes tasks, such as homework assignments that require sustained mental effort.
   AD1g is Yes(1).

7. often loses things necessary for certain tasks or activities, such as school assignments, pencils, books, toys, or tools.
   AD1a is Yes(1).

8. often fails to listen to what is being said to him or her.
   AD1d is Yes(1).

9. often forgetful in the course of daily activities.
   AD1c is Yes(1).

   **Part 1: At least 6 symptoms OR AD1f_1 = 2 OR AD1g_1 = 2 OR AD1h_1 = 2 OR AD1i_1 = 2 OR AD1j_1 = 2.**

B. (G2) At least three of the following symptoms of hyperactivity have persisted for at least 6 months, to a degree that is maladaptive and inconsistent with the developmental level of the child:

1. often fidgets with hands or feet or squirms on seat.
   AD30e is Yes(1).

2. leaves seat in classroom or in other situations in which remaining seated is expected.
   AD30f is Yes(1).
B. (continued)

3. often runs about or climbs excessively in situations in which it is inappropriate (in adolescents or adults, only feelings of restlessness may be present).

   AD30a is Yes(1) OR (AD30b is Yes(1) AND 12 < recency < 998).

   if AD33 is Yes, recency = AGE
   else recency = AD33a

4. is often unduly noisy in playing or has difficulty in engaging quietly in leisure activities.

   AD30d is Yes(1).

5. exhibits a persistent pattern of excessive motor activities that is not substantially modified by social context or demands.

   Not operationalized

C. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1: (G3) At least one of the following symptoms of impulsivity have persisted for at least 6 months, to a degree that is maladaptive and inconsistent with the developmental level of the child:

1. often blurts out answers before questions have been completed.

   AD30h is Yes(1).

2. often fails to wait in lines or await turns in games or group situations.

   AD30k is Yes(1).

3. often interrupts or intrudes on others (e.g. butts into other’s conversation or games).

   AD30i is Yes(1) OR AD30j is Yes(1).

4. often talks excessively without appropriate response to social constraints.

   AD30g is Yes(1).

Part 2: If AD30f_1 is 2, items for Criteria C cannot be operationalized due to a skip pattern in the NCSR

   AD30f_1 question deleted, criteria not operationalized.

D. (G4) Onset of the disorder is no later than the age of 7 years(note: Criteria not required for final diagnosis).

   Not operationalized
NCS2
ICD Hyperkinetic Disorder

E. (G5) The criteria should be met for more than a single situation, e.g. the combination of inattention and hyperactivity should be present both at home and at school, or at both school and another setting where children are observed, such as a clinic.

1. school.
   AD6a is Yes(1) OR AD35a is Yes(1).

2. home.
   AD6b is Yes(1) OR AD35b is Yes(1).

3. work.
   AD6c is Yes(1) OR AD35c is Yes(1).

4. personal relationships or social life.
   AD6d is Yes(1) OR AD35d is Yes(1).

F. (G6) The symptoms in G1-G3 cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, academic, or occupational functioning(note: Criteria not required for final diagnosis).

   Not operationalized

G. (G7) The disorder does not meet the criteria for pervasive developmental disorders (F84.-), manic episode (F30.-), depressive episode(F32.-), or anxiety disorders(F41.-).

   Not operationalized
DSM-IV Agoraphobia

A. Anxiety about being in places or situations from which escape might be difficult (or embarrassing) or in which help may not be available in the event of having an unexpected or situationally predisposed Panic Attack or panic-like symptoms. Agoraphobic fears typically involve characteristic clusters of situations that include being outside the home alone; being in a crowd or standing in a line; being on a bridge; and traveling in a bus, train, or automobile

   At least 2 Yes(1) in AG1a-AG1k AND AG4d is Yes(1) AND AG4k is Yes(1).

B. Part 1 OR Part 2 OR Part 3

   Part 1. The situations are avoided (e.g., travel is restricted).

   AG6 is Yes(1) OR AG13 is Yes(1).

   Part 2. The situations are endured with marked distress or with anxiety about having a Panic Attack or panic-like symptoms.

   AG5 is Yes(1) OR
   (At least 1 Yes(1) in AG9a-AG9d) OR AG11 is Yes(1) OR (At least 1 Yes(1) in AG11a-k).

   Part 3. The situations require the presence of a companion.

   AG14 is Yes(1).

C. The anxiety or phobic avoidance is not better accounted for by another mental disorder, such as Social Phobia (e.g., avoidance limited to social situations because of fear of embarrassment), Specific Phobia (e.g., avoidance limited to a single situation like elevators), Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (e.g., avoidance of dirt in someone with an obsession about contamination), Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (e.g., avoidance of stimuli associated with a severe stressor), or Separation Anxiety Disorder (e.g., avoidance of leaving home or relatives).

   NOT(AG4a is Yes(1) AND Separation Anxiety Disorder AND
   Separation Anxiety Disorder Onset <= Agoraphobia Onset AND
   Separation Anxiety Disorder Recency >= Agoraphobia Recency).

DSM-IV Agoraphobia (with and without Panic Disorder)


   Part 1. The presence of Agoraphobia

   Agoraphobia is Yes.

   Part 2. The fear of developing panic-like symptoms (e.g. dizziness or diarrhea)

   AG4c is Yes(1) OR AG4d is Yes(1) OR AG4e is Yes(1) OR AG4f is Yes(1).

B. Criteria have never been met for Panic Disorder

   Panic Disorder is NOT Yes(1).

C. The disturbance is not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition.

   Not Operationalized

D. If an associated general medical condition is present, the fear described in Criterion A is clearly in excess of that usually associated with the condition.

   Not Operationalized
A. There is marked and consistently manifest fear in, or avoidance of, at least two of the following situations:

1. crowds
   AG1b is Yes(1).

2. public places
   AG1e is Yes(1) OR AG1g is Yes(1) OR AG1h is Yes(1) OR AG1i is Yes(1) OR AG1j is Yes(1).

3. travelling alone
   AG1d is Yes(1).

4. travelling away from home
   AG1c is Yes(1).

B. At least two symptoms of anxiety in the feared situation must have been present together, on at least one occasion since the onset of the disorder, and one of the symptoms must have been from items (1) to (4) listed below:

Note: “present together” is not operationalized
Note2: AG11 is Yes(1) is equivalent to one of the symptoms from (5) to (14) is met.

1. palpitations or pounding heart, or accelerated heart rate
   AG9a is Yes(1)

2. sweating
   AG9b is Yes(1)

3. trembling or shaking
   AG9c is Yes(1)

4. dry mouth(not due to medication or dehydration)
   AG9d is Yes(1)

5. difficulty in breathing
   AG11a is Yes(1)

6. feeling of choking
   AG11b is Yes(1)

7. chest pain or discomfort
   AG11c is Yes(1)

8. nausea or abdominal distress (e.g. churning in stomach)
   AG11d is Yes(1)

9. feeling dizzy, unsteady, faint or light headed
   AG11e is Yes(1)
B. (continued)

10. feelings that objects are unreal (derealization), or that the self is distant or “not really here” (depersonalization)

   AG11j is Yes(1) OR AG11k is Yes(1)

11. fear of losing control, “going crazy”, or passing out

   AG11f is Yes(1)

12. fear of dying

   AG11g is Yes(1)

13. hot flushes or cold chills

   AG11h is Yes(1)

14. numbness or tingling sensations

   AG11i is Yes(1)

C. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. Significant emotional distress is caused by the avoidance or by the anxiety symptoms,

   AG5 is Yes(1) OR AG16 is Yes(1) OR AG18 is (4,5)

Part 2. The individual recognizes that distress caused by the avoidance or by the anxiety symptoms are excessive or unreasonable.

   AG12 is Yes(1)

D. Symptoms are restricted to, or predominate in, the feared situations or contemplation of the feared situations.

   Not operationalized.

E. Fear or avoidance of situations (criterion A) is not the result of delusions, hallucinations, or other disorders such as organic mental disorders (F00-F09), schizophrenia and related disorders (F20-F29), mood/affective disorders (F30-F39), or obsessive-compulsive disorders (F42.-), and is not secondary to cultural beliefs.

   Not operationalized.
NCS2
DSM-IV Alcohol Abuse

A. A maladaptive pattern of alcohol use leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by one (or more) of the following, occurring within a 12-month period:

   1. recurrent substance use resulting in a failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home (e.g., repeated absences or poor work performance related to alcohol use; alcohol-related absences, suspensions, or expulsions from school; neglect of children or household)
      
      SU12 is Yes(1).

   2. recurrent alcohol use in situations in which it is physically hazardous (e.g., driving an automobile or operating a machine when impaired by alcohol use)
      
      SU12c is Yes(1).

   3. recurrent alcohol-related legal problems (e.g., arrests for alcohol-related disorderly conduct)
      
      SU12d is Yes(1).

   4. continued alcohol use despite having persistent or recurrent social or interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by the effects of alcohol (e.g., arguments with spouse about consequences of intoxication, physical fights)
      
      SU12a is Yes(1) AND SU12b is Yes(1).

B. The symptoms have never met the criteria for Alcohol Dependence

   NOT (Alcohol Dependence).

ICD Harmful Use Alcohol

A. There must be clear evidence that alcohol use was responsible for (or substantially contributed to) physical or psychological harm, including impaired judgement or dysfunctional behavior, which may lead to disability or have adverse consequences for interpersonal relationships.

      SU12 is Yes(1) OR SU12a is Yes(1) OR SU12c is Yes(1) OR SU12d is Yes(1).

B. The nature of the harm should be clearly identifiable (and specified).

   Not operationalized

C. The pattern of use has persisted for at least 1 month or has occurred repeatedly within a 12-month period.

   Not operationalized

D. The disorder does not meet the criteria for any other mental or behavioral related to the same drug in the same time period (except for acute intoxication, F1x.0).

   Not (Alcohol Dependence) OR (Alcohol Harmful Use recency < Alcohol Dependence onset).
NCS2
DSM-IV Alcohol Dependence


Part 1. A maladaptive pattern of alcohol use, leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by three (or more) of the following:

1. Tolerance, as defined by either of the following:
   a. a need for markedly increased amounts of alcohol to achieve intoxication or desired effect.
      SU19a is Yes(1).
   b. markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of alcohol.
      SU19a is Yes(1).

2. Withdrawal, as manifested by either of the following:
   a. the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for alcohol (refer to Criteria A and B of the criteria sets for Withdrawal from the specific substances)
      SU19b is Yes(1).
   b. alcohol (or a closely related) substance is taken to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms.
      SU19c is Yes(1).

3. Alcohol is often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than was intended.
   SU19d is Yes(1) OR SU19e is Yes(1) OR SU19f is Yes(1).

4. There is a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control alcohol use
   SU19g is Yes(1) OR 3 <= SU32 < 998.

5. A great deal of time is spent in activities necessary to obtain alcohol (e.g., visiting multiple doctors or driving long distances), use alcohol, or recover from its effects
   SU19h is Yes(1).

6. Important social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced because of alcohol.
   SU19i is Yes(1).

7. Alcohol use is continued despite knowledge of having a persistent or recurrent physical or psychological problem that is likely to have been caused or exacerbated by alcohol (e.g., continued drinking despite recognition that an ulcer was made worse by alcohol consumption).
   SU19j is Yes(1).

Part 2. A maladaptive pattern of alcohol use as manifested by three (or more) symptoms occurring at any time in the same 12-month period:

SU29 is Yes(1).
NCS2
ICD Alcohol Dependence


Part 1. Three or more of the following manifestations should have occurred together.

1. a strong desire or sense of compulsion to take alcohol
   
   SU19 is Yes(1).

2. impaired capacity to control alcohol-taking behavior in terms of its onset, termination, or levels of use, as evidenced by: alcohol being often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than intended; or by a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to reduce or control alcohol use.
   
   SU19d is Yes(1) OR SU19e is Yes(1) OR SU19f is Yes(1) OR SU19g is Yes(1) OR 3 <= SU32 < 998.

3. a physiological withdrawal state (see F1x.3 and F1x.4) when alcohol use is reduced or ceased, as evidenced by the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for alcohol, or by use of the same (or closely related) substance with the intention of relieving or avoiding withdrawal symptoms.
   
   SU19b is Yes(1) OR SU19c is Yes(1).

4. evidence of tolerance to the effects of alcohol, such that there is a need for significantly increased amounts of alcohol to achieve intoxication or the desired effect, or a markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of alcohol.
   
   SU19a is Yes(1).

5. preoccupation with alcohol use, as manifested by alternative pleasures or interests being given up or reduced because of alcohol use, or a great deal of time being spent in activities necessary to obtain, take, or recover from the effects of alcohol.
   
   SU19h is Yes(1) OR SU19i is Yes(1).

6. persistent alcohol use despite clear evidence of harmful consequences (see F1x.1), as evidenced by continued use when the individual is actually aware, or may be expected to be aware, of the nature and extent of the harm.
   
   (SU12a is Yes(1) AND SU12b is Yes(1)) OR SU19j is Yes(1).

Part 2. Three or more of the following manifestations should have occurred together for at least 1 month, or if persisting for periods of less than 1 month, should have together repeatedly within a 12-month period.

Note: “occurred together for at least 1 month” not operationalized.

SU29 is Yes(1).
NCS2
DSM-IV Anti-Social Personality Disorder

A. There is a pervasive pattern of disregard for and violation of the rights of others occurring since age 15 years, as indicated by three (or more) of the following:

1. failure to conform to social norms with respect to lawful behaviors as indicated by repeatedly performing acts that are grounds for arrest.
   
   PEC59 is False(5) OR PEC60 is True(1).

2. deceitfulness, as indicated by repeated lying, use of aliases, or conning others for personal profit or pleasure.

   PEC63 is True(1) OR PEC69 is True(1).

3. impulsivity or failure to plan ahead.

   PEC65 is True(1).

4. irritability and aggressiveness, as indicated by repeated physical fights or assaults.

   PEC64 is True(1).

5. reckless disregard for safety of self or others.

   PEC66 is True(1).

6. consistent irresponsibility, as indicated by repeated failure to sustain consistent work behavior or honor financial obligations.

   PEC62 is True(1) OR PEC67 is True(1).

7. lack of remorse, as indicated by being indifferent to or rationalizing having hurt, mistreated, or stolen from another.

   PEC61 is False(5).

Scoring: 3 or more symptoms = probable case, 1-2 = possible case, 0 = non-case.
NCS2

DSM-IV Adult Separation Anxiety Disorder

A. Developmentally inappropriate and excessive anxiety concerning separation from home or from those to whom the individual is attached, as evidenced by three (or more) of the following:

1. recurrent excessive distress when separation from home or major attachment figures occurs or is anticipated.
   
   SA11a is Yes(1).

2. persistent and excessive worry about losing, or about possible harm befalling, major attachment figures.
   
   SA11c is Yes(1).

3. persistent and excessive worry that an untoward event will lead to separation from a major attachment figure (e.g., getting lost or being kidnapped).
   
   SA11e is Yes(1) OR SA11f is Yes(1).

4. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to school or elsewhere because fear of separation.
   
   SA11g is Yes(1) OR SA11h is Yes(1).

5. persistent and excessively fearful or reluctant to be alone or without major attachment figures at home or without significant adults in other settings.
   
   SA11i is Yes(1).

6. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to sleep without being near a major attachment figure or to sleep away from home.
   
   SA11j is Yes(1) OR SA11m is Yes(1).

7. repeated nightmares involving the theme of separation.
   
   SA11n is Yes(1).

8. repeated complaints of physical symptoms (such as headaches, stomach aches, nausea, or vomiting) when separation from major attachment figures occurs or is anticipated.
   
   SA11k is Yes(1).

B. The duration of the disturbance is at least 4 weeks.

1 <= SA21 < 998.

C. The onset is before age 18 years.

Not operationalized

D. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. The disturbance causes clinically significant distress.

   SA15 is (2,3,4) OR SA16 is (1,2).

Part 2. The disturbance causes clinically significant impairment in social, academic (occupational), or other important areas of functioning.

   SA17 is (3,4,5) OR SA18 is (1,2,3).
E. The disturbance does not occur exclusively during the course of a Pervasive Developmental Disorder, Schizophrenia, or other Psychotic Disorder and, in adolescents and adults, is not better accounted for by Panic Disorder with Agoraphobia.

   Not operationalized
NCS2
ICD Separation Anxiety Disorder

A. At least three of the following must be present:

1. unrealistic and persistent worry about possible harm befalling major attachment figures or about the loss of such figures (e.g. fear that they will leave and not return or that the child will not see them again), or persistent concerns about the death of attachment figures.

   SA11c is Yes(1) OR SA11d is Yes(1).

2. unrealistic and persistent worry that some untoward event will separate the child from a major attachment figure (e.g. the child getting lost, being kidnapped, admitted to hospital, or killed).

   SA11e is Yes(1) OR SA11f is Yes(1).

3. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to school because of fear over separation from a major attachment figure or in order to stay at home (rather than for other reasons such as fear over events at school).

   Not operationalized

4. difficulty in separating at night, as manifested by any of the following:

   a. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to sleep without being near an attachment figure.

      SA11j is Yes(1).

   b. getting up frequently during the night to check on, or to sleep near, an attachment figure.

      Not operationalized

   c. persistent reluctance or refusal to sleep away from home.

      SA11m is Yes(1).

5. persistent inappropriate fear of being alone, or otherwise without the major attachment figure, at home during the day.

   SA11g is Yes(1) OR SA11h is Yes(1).

6. repeated nightmares involving themes of separation.

   SA11n is Yes(1).

7. repeated occurrence of physical symptoms (such as nausea, stomach ache, headache, or vomiting) on occasions that involve separation from a major attachment figure, such as leaving home to go to school or on other occasions involving separation (holidays, camps, etc.).

   SA11k is Yes(1).

8. excessive, recurrent distress in anticipation of, during, or immediately following separation from a major attachment figure (as shown by: anxiety, crying, tantrums; persistent reluctance to go away from home; excessive need to talk with parents or desire to return home; misery, apathy, or social withdrawal).

   SA11a is Yes(1) OR SA11i is Yes(1).

B. The criteria for generalized anxiety disorder of childhood (F93.80) are not met.

   NOT (General Anxiety Disorder AND (Onset GAD < 18)).

C. Onset is before the age of 6 years.

   Not operationalized
ICD Separation Anxiety Disorder

D. The disorder does not occur as part of a broader disturbance of emotions, conduct, or personality, or of a pervasive developmental disorder, psychotic disorder, or psychoactive substance use disorder.

   Not operationalized

E. Duration of the disorder is at least 4 weeks.

   1 <= SA21 < 998.
NCS2
Bipolar I

DSM_MAN is Yes(1).

NCS2
Bipolar II

A. Presence (or history) of one or more Major Depressive Episodes.
   DSM_MDE is Yes(1).

A. Presence (or history) of at least one Hypomanic Episode.
   DSM_HYP is Yes(1).

C. There has never been a Manic Episode or Mixed Episode
   DSM_MAN is NOT Yes(1).

E. The symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.
   M9 is (3,4,5) OR M9a is (1,2,3).
NCS2
DSM-IV Borderline Personality Disorder

A. A pervasive pattern of instability of interpersonal relationships, self-image, and affects, and marked impulsivity beginning by early adulthood and present in a variety of contexts as indicated by five (or more) of the following:

1. Frantic efforts to avoid real or imagined abandonment. Note: Do not include suicidal or self-mutilating behavior covered in criterion 5.
   PEC57 is True(1).

2. A pattern of unstable and intense interpersonal relationships characterized by alternating between extremes of idealization and devaluation.
   PEC51 is True(1).

3. Identity disturbance: markedly and persistently unstable self-image or sense of self.
   PEC58 is True(1).

4. Impulsivity in at least two areas that are potentially self-damaging (e.g., spending, sex, substance abuse, reckless driving, binge eating). Note: Do not include suicidal or self-mutilating behavior covered in Criterion 5.
   PEC54 is True(1).

5. Recurrent suicidal behavior, gestures, or threats, or self-mutilating behavior.
   SD4 is Yes(1) OR SD6 is Yes(1).

6. Affective instability due to a marked reactivity of mood (e.g., intense episodic dysphoria, irritability, or anxiety usually lasting a few hours and only rarely more than a few days).
   PEC53 is True(1).

7. Chronic feelings of emptiness.
   PEC52 is True(1).

8. Inappropriate, intense anger or difficulty controlling (e.g., frequent displays of temper, constant anger, recurrent physical fights.
   PEC55 is True(1) OR PEC72 is True(1).

9. Transient, stress-related paranoid ideation or severe disassociative symptoms.
   PEC56 is True(1).

Scoring: 5 or more symptoms = probable case, 1-4 = possible case, 0 = non-case.
NCS2
DSM-IV Conduct Disorder


Part 1. A repetitive and persistent pattern of behavior in which the basic rights of others or major age-appropriate societal norms or rules are violated as manifested by the presence of three (or more) of the following criteria:

1. often bullies, threatens, or intimidates others.
   CD16 is Yes(1) OR CD16a is Yes(1).
2. often initiate physical fights.
   CD16b is Yes(1).
3. has used a weapon that can cause serious physical harm to others (e.g., a bat, brick, broken bottle, knife, gun).
   CD16c is Yes(1).
4. has been physically cruel to people.
   CD16e is Yes(1).
5. has been physically cruel to animals.
   CD16d is Yes(1).
6. has stolen while confronting a victim (e.g., mugging, purse snatching, extortion, armed robbery).
   CD16f is Yes(1) OR CD16g is Yes(1).
7. has forced someone into sexual activity.
   CD16h is Yes(1).
8. has deliberately engaged in fire setting with the intention of causing serious damage.
   CD1f is Yes(1).
9. has deliberately destroyed other’s property (other than by fire setting).
   CD1g is Yes(1).
10. has broken into someone else’s house, building, or car.
    CD1e is Yes(1).
11. often lies to obtain goods or favors or to avoid obligations (i.e., “cons” others)
    CD1a is Yes(1) OR CD1b is Yes(1).
12. has stolen items of nontrivial value without confronting a victim (e.g., shoplifting, but without breaking and entering; forgery).
    CD1c is Yes(1) OR CD1d is Yes(1).
13. often stays out at night despite parental prohibitions, beginning before age 13 years.
    Note: “beginning before age 13 years” not operationalized
    CD1h is Yes(1).
A. Part 1 (continued)

14. has run away from home overnight at least twice while living in parental or parental surrogate home (or once without returning for a lengthy period).

\[ CD1j \text{ is Yes(1)} \text{ OR } CD1k \text{ is Yes(1)} \]

15. is often truant from school, beginning before age 13 years.

Note: “beginning before age 13 years” not operationalized
\[ CD1i \text{ is Yes(1)} \]

Part 2. A repetitive and persistent pattern of behavior in which the basic rights of others or major age-appropriate societal norms or rules are violated as manifested by the presence of three (or more) of the following criteria in the past 12 months with at least one criterion in the past 6 months.

Not operationalized

B. The disturbance in behavior causes clinically significant impairment in social, academic, or occupational functioning.

\[ CD11 \text{ is (4,5)} \text{ OR } CD22 \text{ is (4,5)} \text{ OR } CD33 \text{ is Yes(1)} \text{ OR } CD38 \text{ is Yes(1)} \text{ OR } CD39 \text{ is Yes(1)} \]

C. If the individual is age 18 years or older, criteria are not met for Antisocial Personality Disorder.

Not operationalized.
A. There is a repetitive and persistent pattern of behavior, in which either the basic rights of others or major age-appropriate societal norms or rules are violated lasting at least 6 months.

\((1 \leq CD10 < 998) \text{ OR } (CD9a > CD7a) \text{ OR } (CD9a > CD7b) \text{ OR } (1 \leq CD21 < 998) \text{ OR } (CD20a > CD18b) \text{ OR } (CD20a > CD18c)\).

Note: for CD9a,CD7b,CD7c,CD18b,CD18c,CD20a values of 998,999 are excluded from comparisons

B. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. Three or more of the symptoms listed for F91 criterion G1 must be present, with at least three from items (9) – (23).

9. often lies or breaks promises to obtain goods or favors or to avoid obligations

\(CD1a\) is Yes(1) OR \(CD1b\) is Yes(1).

10. frequently initiates physical fights (this does not include fights with siblings).

\(CD16b\) is Yes(1).

11. has used a weapon that can cause serious physical harm to others (e.g. bat, brick, broken bottle, knife, gun).

\(CD16c\) is Yes(1).

12. often stays out after dark despite parental prohibitions (beginning before 13 years of age).

Note: “beginning before age 13 years” not operationalized

\(CD1h\) is Yes(1).

13. exhibits physical cruelty to other people (e.g. tie up, cuts, or burns a victim).

\(CD16e\) is Yes(1).

14. exhibits physical cruelty to animals.

\(CD16d\) is Yes(1).

15. deliberately destroys the property of others (other than by fire-setting).

\(CD1g\) is Yes(1).

16. deliberately sets fires with a risk or intention of causing serious damage.

\(CD1f\) is Yes(1).

17. steals objects of non-trivial value without confronting the victim, either within the home or outside (e.g. shoplifting, burglary, or forgery).

\(CD1c\) is Yes(1) OR \(CD1d\) is Yes(1).

18. is frequently truant from school, beginning before 13 years of age.

Note: “beginning before age 13 years” not operationalized

\(CD1i\) is Yes(1).
19. has run away from parental or parental surrogate home at least twice or has run away once for more than a single night (this does not include leaving to avoid physical or sexual abuse).

CD1j is Yes(1) OR CD1k is Yes(1).

20. commits a crime involving confrontation with the victim (including purse-snatching, extortion, mugging)

CD16f is Yes(1) OR CD16g is Yes(1).

21. forces another person into sexual activity.

CD16h is Yes(1).

22. frequently bullies others (e.g. deliberate infliction of pain or hurt, including persistent intimidation, tormenting, or molestation.

CD16 is Yes(1) OR CD16a is Yes(1).

23. breaks into someone else’s house, building or car.

CD1e is Yes(1).

Part 2. The disorder does not meet the criteria for dissocial personality disorder (F60.2), schizophrenia (F20.-), manic episode (F30.-), depressive episode (F32.-), pervasive developmental disorders (F84.-), or hyperkinetic disorder (F90.-). (If criteria for emotional disorder (F93.-) are met, the diagnosis should be mixed disorder of conduct and emotions (F92.-)).

Note: Antisocial personality disorder, schizophrenia, pervasive developmental disorder not operationalized

((NOT(Mania) OR (CD recency < Mania onset) OR (CD onset > Mania recency) OR (CD persistence > Mania persistence)) AND 
(NOT(HypoMania) OR (CD recency < HypoMania onset) OR (CD onset > HypoMania recency) OR (CD persistence > HypoMania persistence)) AND 
(NOT(Major Depression) OR (CD recency < Major Depression onset) OR (CD onset > Major Depression recency) OR (CD persistence > Major Depression persistence)) AND 
(NOT(Moderate Depression) OR (CD recency < Moderate Depression onset) OR (CD onset > Moderate Depression recency) OR (CD persistence > Moderate Depression persistence)) AND 
(NOT(Minor Depression) OR (CD recency < Minor Depression onset) OR (CD onset > Minor Depression recency) OR (CD persistence > Minor Depression persistence)) AND 
(NOT(Hyperkinetic Disorder) OR (CD recency < Hyperkinetic Disorder onset) OR (CD onset > Hyperkinetic Disorder recency) OR (CD persistence > Hyperkinetic Disorder persistence))).
DSM-IV Drug Abuse

A. A maladaptive pattern of drug use leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by one (or more) of the following, occurring within a 12-month period:

(1) recurrent drug use resulting in a failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home (e.g., repeated absences or poor work performance related to drug use; drug-related absences, suspensions, or expulsions from school; neglect of children or household)

SU65 is Yes(1).

(2) recurrent drug use in situations in which it is physically hazardous (e.g., driving an automobile or operating a machine when impaired by substance use)

SU65c is Yes(1).

(3) recurrent drug-related legal problems (e.g., arrests for drug-related disorderly conduct)

SU65d is Yes(1).

(4) continued drug use despite having persistent or recurrent social or interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by the effects of drugs (e.g., arguments with spouse about consequences of intoxication, physical fights)

SU65a is Yes(1) AND SU65b is Yes(1).

B. The symptoms have never met the criteria for Drug Dependence

NOT (Drug Dependence).

ICD Harmful Use Drugs

A. There must be clear evidence that the drug use was responsible for (or substantially contributed to) physical or psychological harm, including impaired judgement or dysfunctional behavior, which may lead to disability or have adverse consequences for interpersonal relationships.

SU65 is Yes(1) OR SU65a is Yes(1) OR SU65c is Yes(1) OR SU65d is Yes(1).

B. The nature of the harm should be clearly identifiable (and specified).

Not operationalized

C. The pattern of use has persisted for at least 1 month or has occurred repeatedly within a 12-month period.

Not operationalized

D. The disorder does not meet the criteria for any other mental or behavioral related to the same drug in the same time period (except for acute intoxication, F1x.0).

Not (Drug Dependence) OR (Drug Harmful Use recency < Drug Dependence onset)
NCS2
DSM-IV Drug Dependence

A. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. A maladaptive pattern of drug use, leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by three (or more) of the following:

1) Tolerance, as defined by either of the following:
   (a) a need for markedly increased amounts of the drug to achieve intoxication or desired effect.

   SU72a is Yes(1).

   (b) markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of the drug.

   SU72a is Yes(1).

2) withdrawal, as manifested by either of the following:
   (a) the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for the drug (refer to Criteria A and B of the criteria sets for Withdrawal from the specific substances)

   SU72b is Yes(1).

   (b) the same (or a closely related) substance is taken to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms.

   SU72c is Yes(1).

3) the drug is often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than was intended.

   SU72d is Yes(1) OR SU72e is Yes(1).

4) there is a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control drug use

   SU72f is Yes(1).

5) a great deal of time is spent in activities necessary to obtain the drug (e.g., visiting multiple doctors or driving long distances), use the drug, or recover from its effects

   SU72g is Yes(1).

6) important social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced because of drug use.

   SU72h is Yes(1).

7) the drug use is continued despite knowledge of having a persistent or recurrent physical or psychological problem that is likely to have been caused or exacerbated by the drug (e.g., current cocaine use despite recognition of cocaine-induced depression, or continued drinking despite recognition that an ulcer was made worse by alcohol consumption).

   SU72i is Yes(1).

Part 2. A maladaptive pattern of drug use as manifested by three (or more) symptoms occurring at any time in the same 12-month period.

SU82 is Yes(1).
ICD Drug Dependence


Part 1. Three or more of the following manifestations should have occurred:

1. a strong desire or sense of compulsion to take the drug.
   SU72 is Yes(1).

2. impaired capacity to control drug-taking behavior in terms of its onset, termination, or levels of use, as evidenced by; the drug being often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than intended; or by a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to reduce or control drug use.
   SU72d is Yes(1) OR SU72e is Yes(1) OR SU72f is Yes(1).

3. a physiological withdrawal state (see F1x.3 and F1x.4) when drug use is reduced or ceased, as evidenced by the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for the drug, or by use of the same (or closely related) substance with the intention of relieving or avoiding withdrawal symptoms.
   SU72b is Yes(1) OR SU72c is Yes(1).

4. evidence of tolerance to the effects of the drug, such that there is a need for significantly increased amounts of the drug to achieve intoxication or the desired effect, or a markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of the drug.
   SU72a is Yes(1).

5. preoccupation with drug use, as manifested by alternative pleasures or interests being given up or reduced because of drug use, or a great deal of time being spent in activities necessary to obtain, take, or recover from the effects of the drug.
   SU72g is Yes(1) OR SU72h is Yes(1).

6. persistent drug use despite clear evidence of harmful consequences (see F1x.1), as evidenced by continued use when the individual is actually aware, or may be expected to be aware, of the nature and extent of the harm.
   (SU65a is Yes(1) AND SU65b is Yes(1)) OR SU72i is Yes(1).

Part 2. Three or more of the following manifestations should have occurred together for at least 1 month, or if persisting for periods of less than 1 month, should have occurred together repeatedly within a 12-month period.

Note: “occurred together for at least 1 month” not operationalized.

SU82 is Yes(1).
NCS2
DSM-IV Dysthymia

A. Depressed mood for most of the day for more days than not, as indicated either by subjective account or observation by others, for at least 2 years.

Criteria Not Operationalized

B. Presence, while depressed, of two (or more) of the following:

1. poor appetite or overeating
   
   D26a is Yes(1) OR D26b is Yes(1).

2. insomnia or hypersomnia
   
   D26g is Yes(1) OR D26h is Yes(1) OR D26i is Yes(1).

3. low energy or fatigue
   
   D26j is Yes(1).

4. low self esteem
   
   D26u is Yes(1).

5. poor concentration or difficulty making decisions
   
   D26p is Yes(1) OR D26r is Yes(1) OR D26s is Yes(1).

6. feelings of hopelessness
   
   D24d is Yes(1).

C. During the 2-year period of the disturbance, the person has never been without the symptoms in Criteria A and B for more than 2 months at a time.

   D50 >= 2 years OR D61 >= 2 years

D. No Major Depressive Episode has been present during the first 2 years of the disturbance; i.e., the disturbance is not better accounted for by chronic Major Depressive Disorder, or Major Depressive Disorder, In Partial Remission.

   MDE is No(5) OR
   (MDE is Yes(1) AND (DYS onset < (MDE onset – 2 years))) OR
   (MDE is Yes(1) AND (DYS onset > MDE recency)) OR
   (MDE is Yes(1) AND (DYS persistence > MDE persistence))

DYS Onset = minimum of D50 series OR D61 series.
MDE Onset = minimum of D22a, D22c, D37a, D37b, D56 series.
MDE Recency = Age if D38 = 1 or maximum of D56 series.
NCS2

DSM-IV Dysthymia

E. There has never been a Manic Episode, a Mixed Episode, or a Hypomaniac Episode, and criteria have never been met
   Cyclothymic Disorder.

   Note: Mixed Episode and Cyclothymic Disorder are not operationalized.

   NOT (Mania OR Hypomania)

F. The disturbance does not occur exclusively during the course of a chronic Psychotic Disorder, such as Schizophrenia or
   Delusional Disorder.

   Not operationalized

G. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general
   medical condition (e.g., hypothyroidism)

   NOT(D29b is Yes(1)) AND D29a is(1,5,8,9)

H. Part 1 OR Part 2.

   Part 1. The symptoms cause clinically significant distress.

   D17 is (2,3,4) OR D18 is (1,2) OR D19 is (1,2,3)

   Part 2. The symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

   D28 is (3,4,5) OR D28a is (1,2,3) OR D62_1 is Yes(1).
NCS2
ICD Dysthymia


Part 1. There must be a period of at least 2 years of constant or constantly recurring depressed mood.

Criteria Not Operationalized.

Part 2. Intervening periods of normal mood rarely last for longer than a few weeks.

Note: 8 week exclusion criteria is used, so there will be a smaller group of people who are excluded by this.

D50 >= 2 years OR D61 >= 2 years

Part 3. There are no episodes of hypomania.

NOT(Hypomania)

B. None, or very few, of the individual episodes of depression within such a 2-year period should be sufficiently severe or long-lasting to meet the criteria for recurrent mild depressive disorder(F33.0)

(Severe Depression is No(5) AND Moderate Depression is No(5)) OR
((Severe Depression is Yes(1) OR Moderate Depression is Yes(1)) AND (DYS Onset < Depression Onset – 2 years)) OR
((Severe Depression is Yes(1) OR Moderate Depression is Yes(1)) AND (DYS Onset > Depression Recency)) OR
((Severe Depression is Yes(1) OR Moderate Depression is Yes(1)) AND (DYS persistence > Depression Persistence))

DYS Onset = minimum of D50 series OR D61 series.
MDE Onset = minimum of D22a, D22c, D37a,D37b, D56 series.
MDE Recency = Age if D38 = 1 or maximum of D56 series.

C. During at least some periods of depression at least three of the following should be present:

1. reduced energy or activity
   D26j is Yes(1)

2. insomnia
   D26g is Yes(1) OR D26i is Yes(1)

3. loss of self confidence or feelings of inadequacy
   D26t is Yes(1) OR D26u is Yes(1) OR D26v is Yes(1)

4. difficulty in concentrating
   D26p is Yes(1) OR D26r is Yes(1) OR D26s is Yes(1)

5. frequent tearfulness
   D26ii is Yes(1)

6. loss of interest in or enjoyment of sex and other pleasurable activities
   D24e is Yes(1) OR D24f is Yes(1)

7. feeling of hopelessness or despair
   D24b is Yes(1) OR D24d is Yes(1)
8. a perceived inability to cope with the routine responsibilities of everyday life.
   D26ff is Yes(1).

9. pessimism about the future or brooding over the past.
   D24d is Yes(1)

10. social withdrawal
    D24e is Yes(1) OR D26gg is Yes(1)

11. reduced talkativeness
    D26hh is Yes(1)
NCS2
GAD - DSM-IV Criteria

A. Part 1 AND Part 2 AND Part 3

Part 1. Excessive anxiety and worry (apprehensive expectation)

   SC72 is Yes(1) OR SC72a is Yes(1) OR SC72b is Yes(1) OR SC84 is Yes(1).

Part 2. Anxiety occurring more days than not for at least 6 months

   G5 is at least 6 months.

Part 3. Anxiety about a number of events or activities (such as work or school performance).

   G2 is 2.

B. The person finds it difficult to control the worry.

   G4 is (1,2).

C. The anxiety and worry are associated with three (or more) of the following six symptoms (with at least some symptoms present for more days than not for the past 6 months) (1. restlessness or feeling keyed up or edge, 2. being easily fatigued, 3. difficulty concentrating or mind going blank, 4. irritability, 5. muscle tension, 6. sleep disturbance.)

   Note: “at least some symptoms present for more days than not” is not operationalized

   At least 3 of G9a-G9f are Yes(1).

D. The focus of the anxiety and worry is not confined to features of an Axis 1 disorder.

   At least 1 value of 1-10, 13, 20-32 in G1.

E. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. The anxiety, worry, or physical symptoms cause clinically significant distress.

   G4a is(1,2) OR G15 is (3,4,5) OR G16 is(1,2).

Part 2. The anxiety, worry, or physical symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

   (G17 is (3,4,5) OR G17a is (1,2,3).

F. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. The disturbance is not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g. a drug of abuse, a medication) or due to a general medical condition (e.g., hyperthyroidism).

   NOT(G18b is Yes(1)) AND G18a is(1,5,8,9)
NCS2
GAD - DSM-IV Criteria

F.

Part 2. The disturbance does not occur exclusively during a Mood Disorder, a Psychotic Disorder, or a Pervasive Developmental Disorder.

Note: Psychotic Disorder and Pervasive Developmental Disorder hierarchies are not operationalized.

(Major Depression = No(5) AND Minor Depression = No(5) AND Dysthymia = No(5) AND Mania = No(5)) OR

((Major Depression = Yes(1) OR Minor Depression = Yes(1) OR Dysthymia = Yes(1) OR Mania = Yes(1)) AND
 ( (GAD onset < Mood onset) OR
   (GAD recency > Mood recency))) OR
(ELSE IF G10e = No(5))

(dsm_mde = 5 AND dsm_mnd = 5 AND dsm_dys = 5 AND dsm_man = 5) OR
(G26a < Mood onset OR G26b < Mood onset OR
 (G27 = 1 AND AGE > Mood recency) OR G27c > Mood recency OR
 (G10e = No(5))

GAD onset = G26a OR G26b OR minimum value from G29 series
GAD recency = (Age if G27 is Yes(1)) OR maximum value from G29 series
Major Depression Onset = minimum of D22a, D22c, D37a, D37b, D56 series.
Major Depression Recency = Age if D38 = 1 or maximum of D56 series.
Minor Depression Onset = minimum of D22a, D22c, D37a, D37b, D56 series.
Minor Depression Recency = Age if D38 = 1 or maximum of D56 series.
Mania onset = M18a OR M18b.
Mania recency = (Age if M19 is Yes(1)) OR M19d.
Dysthymia Onset = minimum of D50 series OR D61 series.
Dysthymia Recency = maximum of D50 series OR D61 series
NCS2
GAD – ICD Criteria


Part 1. There must have been a period of at least 6 months of worry about everyday events and problems.

   G2 is 2 AND (G5 is at least 6 months).

Part 2. There must be prominent tension, worry and feelings of apprehension about everyday events and problems.

   G2 is 2 AND (G3 is Yes(1) OR G4 is (1,2) OR G4a is (1,2) OR G15 is (3,4,5)).


Part 1. At least 4 of the symptoms listed below must be present:

1. Palpitations or pounding heart or accelerated heart rate
   G10a is Yes(1).

2. Sweating
   G10b is Yes(1).

3. Trembling or shaking
   G10c is Yes(1).

4. Dry mouth (not due to medication or dehydration)
   G10d is Yes(1).

5. Difficulty in breathing
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

6. Feeling or choking
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

7. Chest pain or discomfort
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

8. Nausea or abdominal distress (e.g. churning in stomach)
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

9. Feeling dizzy, unsteady, faint, or light headed
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

10. Feelings that objects are unreal (derealization), or that the self is distant or “not really here” (depersonalization)
    G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

11. Fear of losing control, “going crazy”, or passing out
    G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.
NCS2
GAD – ICD Criteria

B. Part 1 (continued).

12. fear of dying
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

13. Hot flushes or cold chills
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

14. Numbness or tingling sensations
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

15. Muscle tensions or aches and pains
   G9e is Yes(1)

16. Restlessness and inability to relax
   G9a is Yes(1)

17. Feeling keyed up, on edge, or mentally tense
   G9a is Yes(1)

18. a sensation of a lump in the throat, or difficulty in swallowing
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

19. exaggerated response to minor surprises or being startled
   G13 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

20. difficulty in concentration, or mind “going blank”, because of worry or anxiety
   G9d is Yes(1)

21. Persistent irritability
   G9c is Yes(1)

22. Difficulty in getting to sleep because of worrying
   G9f is Yes(1)

At least 4 Yes(1) responses to G9a, G9c-G9f, G10a-G10d, G13a-G13o
NCS2
GAD – ICD Criteria

B. Part 2. At least one of the symptoms listed below must be present

1. Palpitations or pounding heart or accelerated heart rate
   G10a is Yes(1)

2. Sweating
   G10b is Yes(1)

3. Trembling or shaking
   G10c is Yes(1)

4. Dry mouth (not due to medication or dehydration).
   G10d is Yes

C. The disorder does not meet the criteria for panic disorder(F41.0), phobic anxiety disorders(F40.-), obsessive-compulsive disorder(F42.-), or hypochondriacal disorder (F54.2)

   Note: Hypochondriacal disorder not operationalized

Any one of 8 following conditions applies(PD is Panic Disorder):

1. (PD is No) AND (Social Phobia is No) AND (OCD is No).
2. (PD is Yes) AND (Social Phobia is No) AND (OCD is No) AND ((GAD Onset < PD Onset) OR (GAD recency > PD recency)).
3. (PD is No) AND (Social Phobia is Yes) AND (OCD is No) AND (G1 is(1-4,7-13,15-32))
4. (PD is No) AND (Social Phobia is No) AND (OCD is Yes) AND ((G1 is (1-16,19-32)) OR (GAD Onset < OCD onset) OR (GAD recency > OCD recency)).
5. (PD is No) AND (Social Phobia is Yes) AND (OCD is Yes) AND (G1 is (1-16,19-32)) AND ((G1 is (1-16,19-32)) OR (GAD Onset < OCD onset) OR (GAD recency > OCD recency)).
6. (PD is Yes) AND (Social Phobia is No) AND (OCD is Yes) AND ((GAD Onset < PD Onset) OR (GAD recency > PD recency)) AND ((G1 is (1-16,19-32)) OR (GAD Onset < OCD onset) OR (GAD recency > OCD recency)).
7. (PD is Yes) AND (Social Phobia is Yes) AND (OCD = No) AND G1 is (1-4,7-13,15-32) AND ((GAD Onset < PD Onset) OR (GAD recency > PD recency)).
8. (PD is Yes) AND (Social Phobia is Yes) AND (OCD is Yes) AND (G1 is (1-4,7-13,15-32)) AND (G1 is (1-16,19-32) OR (GAD Onset < PD Onset) OR (GAD recency > PD recency)) AND ((GAD Onset < OCD onset) OR (GAD recency > OCD recency)).

GAD onset = G26a OR G26b OR minimum value from G29 series
GAD recency = (Age if G27 is Yes(1)) OR maximum value from G29 series
Panic Disorder onset(1 attack) = Age if PD6 = 1,2,3 OR minimum(PD7a,PD7b) if PD6 ^= 1,2,3.
Panic Disorder onset(> 1 attack) = minimum(PD15, PD21) if PD18 ^= 0 OR PD19 ^= 0.
Panic Disorder onset(> 1 attack) = minimum(PD15, PD9a,PD9b) if PD18= 0 AND PD19 = 0.
Panic Disorder recency(1 attack) = Age if PD6 = 1,2,3.
Panic Disorder recency(> 1 attack) = Age if PD26 = 1 OR maximum(PD28 series).

Note: GAD persistence, OCD not operationalized, Criteria 4,5,6,8 Not Operationalized
NCS2
GAD – ICD Criteria

D. The anxiety disorder is not due to a physical disorder, such as hyperthyroidism, an organic mental disorder (F00-F09), or a psychoactive substance-related disorder (F10-F19), such as excess consumption of amphetamine-like substances or withdrawal from benzodiazepines.

Part 1. The disturbance is not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g. a drug of abuse, a medication) or due to a general medical condition (e.g., hyperthyroidism).

G18a is No(5) OR G18b is No(5).

Part 2. The anxiety is not due to an organic mental disorder (F00-F09).

Note: Organic mental disorder not operationalized.
Hypomanic Episode - DSM Criteria


Part 1. Mood must be elevated or irritable, and definitely abnormal for the individual concerned.

A distinct period of abnormally and persistently elevated, expansive, or irritable mood lasting at least 4 days (or any duration if hospitalization is necessary).

SC68_3 is Yes(1) OR SC68_5 is Yes(1) OR SC90 is Yes(1) OR SC92 is Yes(1).

Part 2. A distinct period of abnormally and persistently elevated, expansive, or irritable mood lasting at least 4 days (or any duration if hospitalization is necessary).

SC68_5 is Yes(1) OR SC90 is Yes(1) OR (0 < M20 < 998) OR (M22 >= 4 days).

B. During the mood disturbance, three (or more) of the following symptoms have persisted (four if the mood is only irritable) and have been present to a significant degree.

M7 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

C. The episode is associated with an unequivocal change in functioning that is uncharacteristic of the person when not symptomatic.

M9 is (3,4,5) OR M9a is (1,2,3).


Note: By strict DSM criteria, those people who meet all criteria for mania but have a duration of 4 to 6 days without hospitalization are excluded from a diagnosis of hypomania. (See mania criterion A, D and hypomania criterion E). We have defined these people as meeting hypomania. This is implemented by suppressing Criterion E for those with a duration of 4 to 6 days and without hospitalization.

Part 1. The mood disturbance is not severe enough to cause marked impairment in occupational functioning or in usual social activities or relationships with others NOT(Mania Criterion D Part 1).

NOT (M9 is (4,5) OR M9a is (1,2)).

Part 2. The mood disturbance is not severe enough to necessitate hospitalization to prevent harm to self.

M36, M48 questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.

Part 3. There are no psychotic features.

M7o question deleted, criteria not operationalized.

F. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication, or other treatment) or a general medical condition (e.g. hyperthyroidism).

M10, M10a, M10b, M11, M13, M15, M16, M17 questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.
NCS2
Hypomanic Episode - ICD Criteria


Part 1. Mood must be elevated or irritable, and definitely abnormal for the individual concerned.

SC68_3 is Yes(1) OR SC68_5 is Yes(1) OR SC90 is Yes(1) OR SC92 is Yes(1).

Part 2. The mood change must be sustained for at least 4 consecutive days.

SC68_5 is Yes(1) OR SC90 is Yes(1) OR (0 < M20 < 998) OR (M22 >= 4 days).


Part 1. At least 3 of the following signs must be present:

M7 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

Part 2. Some interference with personal function in daily living.

M9 is (3,4,5) OR M9a is (1,2,3).
NCS2

Hypomanic Episode - ICD Criteria

C. The episode does not meet the criteria for mania, bipolar affective disorder, depressive episode, cyclothymia, or anorexia nervosa.

   Note: Depressive episode, cyclothymia, and anorexia nervosa are not operationalized.
   NOT (Mania) OR
   (Hypomania recency < Mania onset) OR (Hypomania onset > Mania recency) OR
   (Hypomania persistence > Mania persistence)

D. The episode is not attributable to psychoactive substance use (F10-F19) or to any organic mental disorder (in the sense of F00-F09)

   Note 1: Organic mental disorder not operationalized
   Note 2: For the group of respondents who did not see a doctor (M10 NOT Yes), we cannot separate physical illness/injury from substance use as the cause of the episode. Therefore, we may overexclude in this group of respondents.

   M10, M10a, M10b questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.
NCS2 CAPI
Intermittent Explosive Disorder

A. Several discrete episodes of failure to resist aggressive impulses that result in serious assaultive acts or destruction of property

\[(3 \leq IED3a \leq 9997 \text{ OR } 3 \leq IED3b \leq 9997 \text{ OR } 3 \leq IED3c \leq 9997 \text{ OR } 3 \leq IED3d \leq 9997 \text{ OR } 3 \leq IED3e \leq 9997) \text{ AND IED6 is Yes(1).}\]

B. The degree of aggressiveness expressed during the episodes is grossly out of proportion to any precipitating psychosocial Stressors

IED5 is Yes(1) OR IED5a is Yes(1) OR IED5b is Yes(1).

C. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. The aggressive episodes are not better accounted for by another mental disorder

Part a and part b and part c and part d.

Part a. If IED9a = 5 and LT DSM-IV alcohol or drug abuse or dependence is yes and the ages of onset and recency of IED fall within the ages of onset and recency of alc-drug disorders, then R should be coded as not having IED with diagnostic hierarchy rules. This excludes cases due to drinking and drugs.

\[\text{NOT}(IED9a = 5 \text{ AND (Alcohol Abuse = Yes(1) OR Alcohol Dependence = Yes(1) OR Drug Abuse = Yes(1) OR Drug Dependence = Yes(1)) AND (Substance onset <= IED onset <= Substance recency) AND (Substance onset <= IED recency <= Substance recency))}].\]

Part b. If IED10b = 5, then R should be coded as not having IED with diagnostic hierarchy rules. This excludes cases due to physical illness or medication for physical illness.

\[\text{NOT}(IED10b = 5)\]

Part c. If IED11a = 5 and lifetime MDE is yes and AOO and recency of IED falls within the ages of onset and recency of MDE, then R should be coded as not having IED with diagnostic hierarchy rules. This excludes cases due to MDE.

\[\text{NOT}(IED11a = 5 \text{ AND MDE = Yes(1) AND (MDE onset <= IED onset <= MDE recency) AND(MDE onset <= IED recency <= MDE recency))}].\]

Part d. The above three were the only ones explicitly asked about in the IED section. We should have also included a question about mania, but we did not. To make up for this, we want to impose the following additional requirement. We want to recode a person as not having IED with hierarchy if he meets all of the following requirements:

If (i) lifetime manic episode or hypomanic episode are yes

\[\text{Not}(Mania = Yes(1) \text{ OR Hypomania = Yes(1))}].\]

(ii) the AOO and recency of IED fall within the ages of onset and recency of manic or hypomanic episode.

\[\text{NOT (min(Mania onset,Hypomania onset) <= IED onset <= max(Mania recency, Hypomania recency) AND min(Mania onset, Hypomania onset) <= IED recency <= max(Mania recency, Hypomania recency))}\]

(iv) the number of years in M23 is greater than or equal to the number of years in IED19 (i.e., lifetime # of years with manic or hypomanic episodes is GTE lifetime # of years with years with IED). Note: that in cases where R says DK/REF for either M23 or IED19, we want to assume that years with mania is GTE years with IED).

\[\text{NOT}(M23 \sim \text{IN}(.,998,999) \text{ AND IED19 \sim \text{IN}(.,998,999) AND M23 >= IED19) OR M23 \text{ IN}(998,999) \text{ OR IED19 \text{ IN}(998,999))}\]

Criterion C Part 2. The aggressive episodes are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance or a general medical condition.

\[(IED9 is No(5) \text{ OR IED9a is Yes(1)) AND (IED10 is No(5) OR IED10b is Yes(1))}\]
NCS2
DSM-IV Major Irritable Depression

A. Five (or more) of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2 week period representing a change from previous functioning; at least one of the symptoms is (1) irritable mood.

Part 1 AND Part 2.

Part 1. Symptoms have been present during the same 2 week period and at least one of the symptoms is (1) irritable mood.

(IR2 is Yes(1)) AND (SC68_2 is Yes(1) OR SC68_3 is Yes(1))

Part 2. At least five of the following symptoms must be present and represent a change from previous functioning:

Note: “change from previous functioning” is implicit in the item corresponding to each symptom (e.g. “more than usual”, “less than usual”).

1. irritable mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by subjective report.

   Not operationalized

2. markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation made by others)

   Not operationalized

3. significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month), or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day.

   Not operationalized

4. insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day.

   Not operationalized

5. psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down).

   Not operationalized

6. fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day.

   Not operationalized

7. feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick)

   Not operationalized

8. diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by subjective account or as observed by others)

   Not operationalized

9. recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide.

   Not operationalized
NCS2
DSM-IV Major Irritable Depression

B. The symptoms do not meet criteria for a Mixed Episode
   Not operationalized.

C. Part 1 OR Part 2.
   Part 1. The symptoms cause clinically significant distress.
      Not operationalized
   Part 2. The symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.
      IR10 is (3,4,5) OR IR10a is (1,2,3)

D. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication), or are not due to a general medical condition
   Not operationalized

E. Part 1 OR Part 2 OR Part 3
   Part 1. The symptoms are not better accounted for by Bereavement, i.e. after the loss of a loved one
      Bereavement Criteria Not Operationalized.
   Part 2. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they persist for longer than two months
      Bereavement Criteria Not Operationalized.
   Part 3. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they are characterized by (a) marked functional impairment, (b) morbid preoccupation with worthlessness, (c) suicidal ideation, (d) psychotic symptoms, or (e) psychomotor retardation. At least one of a-e must be present.
      Bereavement Criteria Not Operationalized.
NCS2
DSM-IV Minor Irritable Depression

A. At least two (but less than five) of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2-week period and represent a change from previous functioning; at least one of the symptoms is irritable mood.


Part 1a. Symptoms have been present during the same 2 week period and at least one of the symptoms is (1) irritable mood.

   (IR2 is Yes(1)) AND (SC68_2 is Yes(1) OR SC68_3 is Yes(1))

Part 1b. At least two (but less than five) of the following symptoms must be present and represent a change from previous functioning:

   Note: “change from previous functioning” is implicit in the item corresponding to each symptom (e.g. “more than usual”, “less than usual”).

   1. irritable mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by subjective report.

      Not operationalized

   2. markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation made by others)

      Not operationalized

   3. significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month), or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day.

      Not operationalized

   4. insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day.

      Not operationalized

   5. psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down).

      Not operationalized

   6. fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day.

      Not operationalized

   7. feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick)

      Not operationalized

   8. diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by subjective account or as observed by others)

      Not operationalized

   9. recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide.

      Not operationalized
A. Part 2. The symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

   IR10 is (3,4,5) OR IR10a is (1,2,3)

A. Part 3. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition (e.g., hyperthyroidism)

   Not Operationalized

A. Part 4 (Part 4a OR Part 4b OR Part 4c)

   Part 4a. The symptoms are not better accounted for by Bereavement, i.e. after the loss of a loved one

   Bereavement Criteria Not Operationalized.

   Part 4b. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they persist for longer than two months

   Bereavement Criteria Not Operationalized.

   Part 4c. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they are characterized by (a) marked functional impairment, (b) morbid preoccupation with worthlessness, (c) suicidal ideation, (d) psychotic symptoms, or (e) psychomotor retardation. At least one of a-e must be present.

   Bereavement Criteria Not Operationalized.

B. There has never been a Major Depressive Episode, and criteria are not met for Dysthymic Disorder.

   NOT (Major Depressive Episode) AND
   ((NOT(Dysthymic Disorder)) OR (Minor Irritable Depression recency < Dysthymic Disorder onset) OR
   (Minor Irritable Depression onset > Dysthymic Disorder recency))

C. There has never been a Manic Episode, a Mixed Episode, or a Hypomanic Episode, and Criteria are not met for Cyclothymic Disorder. Note: this exclusion does not apply if all of the manic-, mixed-, hypomanic- episodes are substance or treatment induced.

   Note: Mixed Episode and Cyclothymic Disorder are not operationalized.

   NOT (Mania OR Hypomania)

D. The mood disturbance does not occur exclusively during Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder Not Otherwise Specified.

   Not operationalized
NCS2
Manic Episode – DSM-IV Criteria


Part 1. A distinct period of abnormally and persistently elevated, expansive, or irritable mood

SC68_3 is Yes(1) OR SC68_5 is Yes(1) OR SC90 is Yes(1) OR SC92 is Yes(1).

Part 2. A distinct period of abnormally and persistently elevated, expansive, or irritable mood lasting at least 1 week
(or any duration if hospitalization is necessary).

(0 < M20 < 998) OR (M22 >= 1 week).

B. During the mood disturbance, three (or more) of the following symptoms have persisted (four if the mood is only irritable) and
have been present to a significant degree:

M7 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.


Part 1. The mood disturbance is sufficiently severe to cause marked impairment in occupational functioning or in usual social
activities or relationships with others.

M9 is (4,5) OR M9a is (1,2).

Part 2. The mood disturbance is sufficiently severe to necessitate hospitalization to prevent harm to self.

M36, M48 questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.

Part 3. There are psychotic features.

M7o question deleted, criteria not operationalized.

E. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication, or other treatment)
or a general medical condition (e.g. hyperthyroidism).

M10, M10a, M10b, M11, M13, M15, M16, M17 questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.

Manic Episode - ICD Criteria

Note: The presence or absence of psychotic symptoms is not operationalized.


Part 1. Mood must be predominantly elevated, expansive, or irritable, and definitely abnormal for the individual concerned.

SC68_3 = Yes(1) OR SC68_5 = Yes(1) OR SC90 = Yes(1) OR SC92 = Yes(1).

Part 2. The mood change must be prominent and sustained for at least 1 week (unless it is severe enough to require hospital admission).

(0 < M20 < 998) OR (M22 >= 1 week).


Part 1. At least 3 of the following signs must be present (4 if the mood is merely irritable):

M7 series deleted, criteria not operationalized.

Part 2. Severe interference with personal function in daily living.

M9, M9a, M27a-d, M29, M33 questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.
C. There are no hallucinations or delusions, although perceptual disorders may occur (e.g. subjective hyperacusis, appreciation of colors as especially vivid).

   Not Operationalized.

D. The episode is not attributable to psychoactive substance use (F10-F19) or to any organic mental disorder (in the sense of F00-F09)

   Note 1: Organic mental disorder not operationalized
   Note 2: For the group of respondents who did not see a doctor (M10 NOT Yes), we cannot separate physical illness/injury from substance use as the cause of the episode. Therefore, we may overexclude in this group of respondents.

   M10a, M10b questions deleted, criteria not operationalized..
NCS2 DSM-IV Major Depressive Disorder

Note: Frequency specification (single episode/recurrent) not operationalized.

A. Presence of a Major Depressive Episode.

   Major Depressive Episode is Yes(1)

B. The Major Depressive Episode is not better accounted for by Schizoaffective Disorder and is not superimposed on Schizophrenia, Schizophrenia-form Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder Not Otherwise specified.

   Not Operationalized

C. There has never been a Manic Episode, a Mixed Episode, or a Hypomanic Episode. Note: This exclusion does not apply if all of the manic-like, mixed-like, or hypomanic-like episodes are substance or treatment induced or are due to the direct physiological effects of a general medical condition.

   Note: Mixed Episode not operationalized.

   NOT(Mania OR Hypomania)
NCS2

DSM-IV Major Depressive Episode

A. Five (or more) of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2-week period and represent a change from previous functioning; at least one of the symptoms is either (1) depressed mood or (2) loss of interest or pleasure.

Part 1 AND Part 2.

Part 1. Symptoms have been present during the same 2-week period and at least one of the symptoms is either (1) depressed mood or (2) loss of interest or pleasure.

\[(D22b >= 2 \text{ weeks} \lor D22d >= 2 \text{ weeks}) \land (D24a \lor D24b \lor D24c \lor D24d \lor (D24e \lor D24f))\]

Part 2. At least five of the following symptoms must be present and represent a change from previous functioning:

Note: “change from previous functioning” is implicit in the item corresponding to each symptom (e.g. “more than usual,” “less than usual”).

1. depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels sad or empty) or observation made by others.

\[D24a \lor D24b \lor D24c \lor D24d\]

2. markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation made by others).

\[D24e \lor D24f\]

3. significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month), or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day.

\[D26a \lor (D26f >= 10 \text{ lbs/5 kilos}) \lor D26b \lor (D26d >= 10 \text{ lbs/5 kilos})\]

4. insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day.

\[D26g \lor D26h\]

5. psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down).

\[D26m \lor D26o\]

6. fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day.

\[D26j\]

7. feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick)

\[D26v\]

8. diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by subjective account or as observed by others)

\[D26p \lor D26r \lor D26s\]
NCS2
DSM-IV Major Depressive Episode

A. Part 2.

9. recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide.

D26aa is Yes(1) OR D26bb is Yes(1) OR D26cc is Yes(1) OR D26dd is Yes(1) OR D26ee is Yes(1).

B. The symptoms do not meet criteria for a Mixed Episode

Not operationalized.

C. Part 1 OR Part 2.

Part 1. The symptoms cause clinically significant distress.

D17 is (2,3,4) OR D18 is (1,2) OR D19 is (1,2,3) OR D24b is Yes(1).

Part 2. The symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

D28 is (3,4,5) OR D28a is (1,2,3).

D. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication), or are not due to a general medical condition

NOT(D29b is Yes(1)) AND D29a is(1,5,8,9)

E. Part 1 OR Part 2 OR Part 3

Bereavement questions deleted, criteria not operationalized.

Part 1. The symptoms are not better accounted for by Bereavement.

Part 2. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they persist for longer than two months

Part 3. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they are characterized by (a) marked functional impairment, (b) morbid preoccupation with worthlessness, (c) suicidal ideation, (d) psychotic symptoms, or (e) psychomotor retardation. At least one of a-e must be present.
ICD Severe Depressive Episode

Note: The presence or absence of psychotic symptoms is not operationalized.


Part 1. (G1) The depressive episode should last at least 2 weeks.

(D9 is Yes(1) OR D12 is Yes(1) OR SC82 is Yes(1)) AND (D22b >= 2 weeks OR D22d >= 2 weeks)

Part 2. (G2) There have been no hypomanic or manic symptoms sufficient to meet the criteria for hypomanic or manic episode (F30.-) at any time in the individual’s life.

NOT(Mania OR Hypomania).

Part 3. (G3) The episode is not attributable to psychoactive substance use (F10-F19) or to any organic mental disorder (in the sense of F00-F09).

Note 1: Organic mental disorder not operationalized

Note 2: For the group of respondents who did not see a doctor (D29 NOT Yes), we can not separate physical illness/injury from substance use as the cause of the episode. Therefore, we may overexclude in this group of respondents.

NOT(D29b is Yes(1)) AND D29a is(1,5,8,9).

B. All 3 of the following symptoms in criterion B, F32.0 must be present:

1. depressed mood to a degree that is definitely abnormal for the individual, present for most of the day and almost every day, largely uninfluenced by circumstances, and sustained for at least 2 weeks.

   (D24a, D24c, D24d) are not included here since they are not required to be “largely uninfluenced by circumstances”.

   D18 is (1,2) OR D24b is Yes(1).

2. loss of interest or pleasure in activities that are normally pleasurable.

   D9 is Yes(1) OR D24e is Yes(1) OR D24f is Yes(1).

3. decreased energy or increased fatiguability.

   D26j is Yes(1).

C. At least 5 additional symptoms from F32.0, criterion C must be present, to give a total of at least 8.

1. loss of confidence or self-esteem.

   D26t is Yes(1) or D26u is Yes(1).

2. unreasonable feelings of self-reproach or excessive and inappropriate guilt.

   D26v is Yes(1) OR D26w is Yes(1).

3. recurrent thoughts of death or suicide, or any suicidal behavior

   At least 1 of D26aa, D26bb, D26cc, D26dd, D26ee is Yes(1).
Part C.

4. complaints or evidence of diminished ability to think or concentrate, such as indecisiveness or vacillation.

D26p is Yes(1) OR D26r is Yes(1) OR D26s is Yes(1).

5. change in psychomotor activity, with agitation or retardation(either subjective or objective)

D26l is Yes(1) OR D26m is Yes(1) OR D26n is Yes(1) OR D26o is Yes(1).

6. sleep disturbance of any type.

D26g is Yes(1) OR D26h is Yes(1).

7. change in appetite (decrease or increase) with corresponding weight change.

(D26a is Yes(1) AND (D26f >= 10/lbs/5 kilos)) OR (D26b is Yes(1) AND (D26d >= 10 lbs/5 kilos))
NCS2
DSM-IV Minor Depressive Disorder

A. At least two (but less than five) of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2-week period and represent a change from previous functioning; at least one of the symptoms is either depressed mood or markedly diminished interest.


Part 1a. Symptoms have been present during the same 2 week period and at least one of the symptoms is either (1) depressed mood or (2) loss of interest or pleasure.

\[(D22b \geq 2 \text{ weeks } \lor D22d \geq 2 \text{ weeks}) \land\]
\[(D24a \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24b \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24c \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24d \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24e \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24f \text{ is Yes(1)})\]

Part 1b. At least two (but less than five) of the following symptoms have been present and represent a change from previous functioning.

Note: “change from previous functioning” is implicit in the item corresponding to each symptom (e.g. “more than usual”, “less than usual”).

1. depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels sad or empty) or observation made by others.

\[D24a \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24b \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24c \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24d \text{ is Yes(1)}\]

2. markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation made by others)

\[D24e \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D24f \text{ is Yes(1)}\]

3. significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month), or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day.

\[D26a \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor (D26f \geq 10 \text{ lbs/5 kilos}) \lor D26b \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor (D26d \geq 10 \text{ lbs/5 kilos})\]

4. insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day.

\[D26g \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D26h \text{ is Yes(1)}\]

5. psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down).

\[D26m \text{ is Yes(1)} \lor D26o \text{ is Yes(1)}\]

6. fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day.

\[D26j \text{ is Yes(1)}\]

7. feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick)

\[D26v \text{ is Yes(1)}\]
NCS2

DSM-IV Minor Depressive Disorder

A. Part 1b.

8. diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by subjective account or as observed by others)

   D26p is Yes(1) OR D26r is Yes(1) OR D26s is Yes(1)

9. recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide.

   D26aa is Yes(1) OR D26bb is Yes(1) OR D26cc is Yes(1) OR D26dd is Yes(1) OR D26ee is Yes(1)

A. Part 2. The symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

   D17 is (2,3,4) OR D18 is (1,2) OR D19 is (1,2,3) OR D24b is Yes(1) OR D28 is (3,4,5) OR D28a is (1,2,3)

A. Part 3. The symptoms are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition (e.g., hyperthyroidism)

   NOT(D29b is Yes(1))AND D29a is(1,5,8,9)

A. Part 4 (Part4a OR Part 4b OR Part 4c)

Part 4a. The symptoms are not better accounted for by Bereavement.

Note: D23a, D30 are deleted, Criteria Not Operationalized

Part 4b. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they persist for longer than two months

Note: Since Bereavement questions deleted, Criteria Not Operationalized

Part 4c. If the symptoms are associated with bereavement, they are characterized by (a) marked functional impairment, (b) morbid preoccupation with worthlessness, (c) suicidal ideation, (d) psychotic symptoms, or (e) psychomotor retardation. At least one of a-e must be present.

Note: Since Bereavement questions deleted, Criteria Not Operationalized

B. There has never been a Major Depressive Episode, and criteria are not met for Dysthymic Disorder.

   NOT (Major Depressive Episode) AND
   ((NOT(Dysthymic Disorder) OR (Minor Depressive Disorder recency < Dysthymic Disorder onset) OR (Minor Depressive Disorder onset > Dysthymic Disorder recency) OR (Minor Depressive Disorder persistence > Dysthymic Disorder persistence))
NCS2
DSM-IV Minor Depressive Disorder

C. There has never been a Manic Episode, a Mixed Episode, or a Hypomanic Episode, and Criteria are not met for Cyclothymic Disorder. Note: this exclusion does not apply if all of the manic-, mixed-, hypomanic- episodes are substance or treatment induced.

    Note: Mixed Episode and Cyclothymic Disorder are not operationalized.

    NOT (Mania OR Hypomania)

D. The mood disturbance does not occur exclusively during Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder Not Otherwise Specified.

    Not operationalized
NCS2
ICD Mild Depressive Episode


Part 1. (G1) The depressive episode should last at least 2 weeks.

(D9 is Yes(1) OR D12 is Yes(1) OR SC82 is Yes(1)) AND (D22b >= 2 weeks OR D22d >= 2 weeks)

Part 2. (G2) There have been no hypomanic or manic symptoms sufficient to meet the criteria for hypomanic or manic episode (F30.-) at any time in the individual’s life.

NOT(Mania OR Hypomania)

Part 3. (G3) The episode is not attributable to psychoactive substance use (F10-F19) or to any organic mental disorder (in the sense of F00-F09).

Note 1: Organic mental disorder not operationalized

Note 2: For the group of respondents who did not see a doctor (D29 NOT Yes), we can not separate physical illness/injury from substance use as the cause of the episode. Therefore, we may overexclude in this group of respondents.

NOT(D29b is Yes(1))AND D29a is(1,5,8,9)

B. At least two of the following three symptoms must be present

1. depressed mood to a degree that is definitely abnormal for the individual, present for most of the day and almost every day, largely uninfluenced by circumstances, and sustained for at least 2 weeks.

   D18 is (1,2) OR D24b is Yes(1)

   Note: Item D12 allows a second chance for those who said they had a period of “sad/discouraged/uninterested” lasting at least 2 weeks, but did not endorse any of (D9, D18, D24b, D24e, D24f). This symptom is only coded for those who do not meet (1) and (2). Since we do not have separate assessments of “sad” and “uninterested” in D12, a respondent is only given 1 point for this second chance item.

2. loss of interest or pleasure in activities that are normally pleasurable.

   D9 is Yes(1) OR D24e is Yes(1) OR D24f is Yes(1)

B(1) = No AND B(2) = No AND D12 = Yes(1)

1-2. B(1) = No AND B(2) = No AND D12 = Yes(1)

3. decreased energy or increased fatiguability.

   D26j is Yes(1)

C. An additional symptom or symptoms from the following list should be present, to give a total of at least four:

1. loss of confidence or self-esteem.

   D26t is Yes(1) or D26u is Yes(1)

2. unreasonable feelings of self-reproach or excessive and inappropriate guilt.

   D26v is Yes(1) OR D26w is Yes(1)

3. recurrent thoughts of death or suicide, or any suicidal behavior.

   At least 1 of D26aa, D26bb, D26cc, D26dd, D26ee is Yes(1)
C.

4. complaints or evidence of diminished ability to think or concentrate, such as indecisiveness or vacillation.

   D26p is Yes(1) OR D26r is Yes(1) OR D26s is Yes(1)

5. change in psychomotor activity, with agitation or retardation(either subjective or objective)

   D26l is Yes(1) OR D26m is Yes(1) OR D26n is Yes(1) OR D26o is Yes(1)

6. sleep disturbance of any type.

   D26g is Yes(1) OR D26h is Yes(1) OR D26i is Yes(1)

7. change in appetite (decrease or increase) with corresponding weight change.

   (D26a is Yes(1) AND (D26f >= 10 lbs/5 kilos)) OR (D26b is Yes(1) AND (D26d >= 10 lbs/5 kilos))
NCS2
ICD Moderate Depressive Episode


Part 1. (G1) The depressive episode should last at least 2 weeks.

(D9 is Yes(1) OR D12 is Yes(1) OR SC82 is Yes(1)) AND (D22b >= 2 weeks OR D22d >= 2 weeks).

Part 2. (G2) There have been no hypomanic or manic symptoms sufficient to meet the criteria for hypomanic or manic episode (F30.-) at any time in the individual’s life.

NOT(Mania OR Hypomania).

Part 3. (G3) The episode is not attributable to psychoactive substance use (F10-F19) or to any organic mental disorder (in the sense of F00-F09).

Note 1: Organic mental disorder not operationalized
Note 2: For the group of respondents who did not see a doctor (D29 NOT Yes), we can not separate physical illness/injury from substance use as the cause of the episode. Therefore, we may overexclude in this group of respondents.

NOT(D29b is Yes(1)) AND D29a is(1,5,8,9).

B. At least two of the following three symptoms must be present

1. depressed mood to a degree that is definitely abnormal for the individual, present for most of the day and almost every day, largely uninfluenced by circumstances, and sustained for at least 2 weeks.

   Note: (D24a, D24c, D24d) are not included here since they are not required to be “largely uninfluenced by circumstances”.

   D18 is (1,2) OR D24b is Yes(1).

2. loss of interest or pleasure in activities that are normally pleasurable.

   D9 is Yes(1) OR D24e is Yes(1) OR D24f is Yes(1).

1-2. B(1) NOT Yes(1) AND B(2) NOT Yes(1) AND D12 = Yes(1)

   Note: Item D12 allows a second chance for those who said they had a period of “sad/discouraged/uninterested” lasting at least 2 weeks, but did not endorse any of (D9,D18, D24b, D24e, D24f). This symptom is only coded for those who do not meet (1) and (2). Since we do not have separate assessments of “sad” and “uninterested” in D12, a respondent is only given 1 point for this second chance item.

3. decreased energy or increased fatiguability.

   D26j is Yes(1).

C. additional symptoms from the following list should be present, to give a total of at least six:

1. loss of confidence or self-esteem.

   D26t is Yes(1) or D26u is Yes(1).

2. unreasonable feelings of self-reproach or excessive and inappropriate guilt.

   D26v is Yes(1) OR D26w is Yes(1).

3. recurrent thoughts of death or suicide, or any suicidal behavior.

   At least 1 of D26aa, D26bb, D26cc, D26dd, D26ee is Yes(1).
NCS2
ICD Moderate Depressive Episode

C.

4. complaints or evidence of diminished ability to think or concentrate, such as indecisiveness or vacillation.

\[ D26p \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ OR } D26r \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ OR } D26s \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1). \]

5. change in psychomotor activity, with agitation or retardation(either subjective or objective)

\[ D26l \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ OR } D26m \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ OR } D26n \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ OR } D26o \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1). \]

6. sleep disturbance of any type.

\[ D26g \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ OR } D26h \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1). \]

7. change in appetite (decrease or increase) with corresponding weight change.

\[ (D26a \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ AND } (D26f \geq 10/\text{lbs/5 kilos})) \text{ OR } (D26b \text{ is } \text{Yes}(1) \text{ AND } (D26d \geq 10 \text{ lbs/5 kilos})). \]
DSM-IV Oppositional Defiant Disorder

A. A pattern of negativistic, hostile, and defiant behavior lasting at least 6 months, during which four (or more) of the following are present:

1. often loses temper.
   OD1a is Yes(1).

2. often argues with adults.
   OD1b is Yes(1).

3. often actively defies or refuses to comply with adult’s requests or rules.
   OD1c is Yes(1) OR OD1d is Yes(1).

4. often deliberately annoys people.
   OD1g is Yes(1).

5. often blames others for his or her mistakes or misbehavior.
   OD1h is Yes(1).

6. is often touchy or easily annoyed by others.
   OD1j is Yes(1) OR OD1k is Yes(1).

7. is often angry and resentful.
   OD1e is Yes(1).

8. is often spiteful and vindictive.
   OD1i is Yes(1).

B. The disturbance in behavior causes clinically significant impairment in social, academic or occupational functioning.

   OD6 is (3,4,5) OR OD12 is Yes(1).

C. The behaviors do not occur exclusively during the course of a Psychotic or Mood Disorder.

   Note: Psychotic Disorder not operationalized

   (Major Depression = No(5) AND Minor Depression = No(5) AND Dysthymia = No(5) AND Mania = No(5)) OR
   ((Major Depression = Yes(1) OR Minor Depression = Yes(1) OR Dysthymia = Yes(1) OR Mania = Yes(1)) AND
   ((Oppositional Defiance onset < Mood onset) OR
   (Oppositional Defiance recency > Mood recency) OR
   (Oppositional Defiance persistence > Mood persistence)))

   Note: Mood onset = earliest onset of mood disorder
   Mood recency = most recent mood disorder
   Mood persistence = sum (persistence of mood disorders)
NCS2
DSM-IV Oppositional Defiant Disorder

D. Criteria are not met for Conduct Disorder, and if the individual is age 18 years or older, criteria are not met for Antisocial Personality Disorder.

Note: Antisocial Personality Disorder not operationalized

(Conduct Disorder = No(5)) OR
((Oppositional Defiance onset < Conduct Disorder onset) OR
 (Oppositional Defiance recency > Conduct Disorder recency) OR
 (Oppositional Defiance persistence > Conduct Disorder persistence))
NCS2
ICD Oppositional Defiant Disorder

A. There is a repetitive and persistent pattern of behavior, in which either the basic rights of others or major age-appropriate societal norms or rules are violated lasting at least 6 months.

At least 1 Yes(1) in OD1a-OD1k.

B. Four or more of the symptoms listed for F91 criterion G1 must be present, but with no more than two symptoms from items (9)-(23):

1. has unusually frequent or severe temper tantrums for his or her developmental level.
   OD1a is Yes(1).

2. often argues with adults.
   OD1b is Yes(1).

3. often actively refuses adults’ request or defies rules.
   OD1c is Yes(1) OR OD1d is Yes(1).

4. often, apparently deliberately, does things that annoy other people.
   OD1g is Yes(1).

5. often blames others for his or her own mistakes or misbehavior.
   OD1h is Yes(1).

6. is often “touchy” or easily annoyed by others.
   OD1j is Yes(1) OR OD1k is Yes(1).

7. is often angry or resentful.
   OD1e is Yes(1) OR OD1f is Yes(1).

8. is often spiteful or vindictive.
   OD1i is Yes(1).

9. often lies or breaks promises to obtain goods or favors or to avoid obligations
   CD1a is Yes(1) OR CD1b is Yes(1).

10. frequently initiates physical fights (this does not include fights with siblings).
    CD16b is Yes(1).

11. has used a weapon that can cause serious physical harm to others(e.g. bat, brick, broken bottle, knife, gun).
    CD16c is Yes(1).

12. often stays out after dark despite parental prohibitions (beginning before 13 years of age).
    CD1h is Yes(1).

13. exhibits physical cruelty to other people (e.g. tie up, cuts, or burns a victim).
    CD16e is Yes(1).
NCS2
ICD Oppositional Defiant Disorder

B. (continued)

14. exhibits physical cruelty to animals.
   CD16d is Yes(1).

15. deliberately destroys the property of others (other than by fire-setting).
   CD1g is Yes(1).

16. deliberately sets fires with a risk or intention of causing serious damage.
   CD1f is Yes(1).

17. steals objects of non-trivial value without confronting the victim, either within the home or outside (e.g. shoplifting, burglary, or forgery).
   CD1c is Yes(1) OR CD1d is Yes(1).

18. is frequently truant from school, beginning before 13 years of age.
   CD1i is Yes(1).

19. has run away from parental or parental surrogate home at least twice or has run away once for more than a single night (this does not include leaving to avoid physical or sexual abuse).
   CD1j is Yes(1) OR CD1k is Yes(1).

20. commits a crime involving confrontation with the victim (including purse-snatching, extortion, mugging)
   CD16f is Yes(1) OR CD16g is Yes(1).

21. forces another person into sexual activity.
   CD16h is Yes(1).

22. frequently bullies others (e.g. deliberate infliction of pain or hurt, including persistent intimidation, tormenting, or molestation.
   CD16 is Yes(1) OR CD16a is Yes(1).

23. breaks into someone else’s house, building or car.
   CD1e is Yes(1).

C. The symptoms in criterion B must be maladaptive and inconsistent with the developmental level.
   Not operationalized

D. At least four of the symptoms must have been present for at least 6 months.
   Not operationalized
NCS2

Panic Attack DSM-IV Criteria

A. A discrete period of intense fear or discomfort.
   SC67 is Yes(1) OR SC67a is Yes(1) OR SC80 is Yes(1).

B. Four or more of the following symptoms occur OR (3 symptoms and PD1g is Yes(1)):
   1. palpitations, pounding heart, or accelerated heart rate.
      PD1a is Yes(1).
   2. sweating.
      PD1e is Yes(1).
   3. trembling or shaking.
      PD1f is Yes(1).
   4. sensation of shortness of breath or smothering.
      PD1b is Yes(1).
   5. feeling of choking.
      PD1h is Yes(1).
   6. chest pain or discomfort.
      PD1i is Yes(1).
   7. nausea or abdominal distress.
      PD1c is Yes(1).
   8. feeling dizzy, unsteady, lightheaded, or faint.
      PD1d is Yes(1) OR PD1m is Yes(1).
   9. derealization (feelings of unreality) or depersonalization (being detached from oneself).
      PD1k is Yes(1) OR PD1l is Yes(1).
   10. fear of losing control or going crazy.
       PD1j is Yes(1).
   11. fear of dying.
       PD1n is Yes(1).
   12. paresthesias (numbing or tingling sensations).
       PD1p is Yes(1).
   13. chills or hot flushes.
       PD1o is Yes(1).

C. The symptoms developed abruptly and reached a peak within 10 minutes.
   PD3 is (1,3).
NCS2
Panic Attack ICD Criteria

A. A discrete period of intense fear or discomfort.
   SC67 is Yes(1) OR SC67a is Yes(1) OR SC80 is Yes(1).

B. At least 1 of the following symptoms must be present
   1. palpitations or pounding heart, or accelerated heart rate
      PD1a is Yes(1).
   2. sweating
      PD1e is Yes(1).
   3. trembling or shaking
      PD1f is Yes(1).
   4. dry mouth (not due to medication to dehydration)
      PD1g is Yes(1).

C. At least 4 of the following symptoms must be present.
   1. palpitations or pounding heart, or accelerated heart rate
      PD1a is Yes(1).
   2. sweating
      PD1e is Yes(1).
   3. trembling or shaking
      PD1f is Yes(1).
   4. dry mouth (not due to medication to dehydration)
      PD1g is Yes(1).
   5. difficulty in breathing
      PD1b is Yes(1).
   6. feeling of choking
      PD1h is Yes(1).
   7. chest pain or discomfort
      PD1i is Yes(1).
   8. nausea or abdominal distress (e.g. churning in stomach)
      PD1c is Yes(1).
   9. feeling dizzy, unsteady, faint, or light-headed
      PD1d is Yes(1).
NCS2
Panic Attack ICD Criteria

Criteria C (continued)

10. feelings that objects are unreal (derealization), or that the self is distant or “not really here” (depersonalization)
   PD1k is Yes(1) OR PD1l is Yes(1).

11. fear of losing control, “going crazy”, or passing out
   PD1j is Yes(1) OR PD1m is Yes(1).

12. fear of dying
   PD1n is Yes(1).

13. hot flushes or cold chills
   PD1o is Yes(1).

14. numbness or tingling situations
   PD1p is Yes(1).

D. The panic attack (1) is a discrete episode of intense fear or discomfort and (2) starts abruptly and (3) reaches a maximum within a few minutes and lasts at least some minutes.

   PD3 is (1,3).

   Note: The use of item PD3 may overinclude individuals since it allows problems to “get worse within the first 10 minutes after the attack started” rather than reach a maximum within a few minutes”.

NCS2
Panic Disorder DSM-IV Criteria


(Panic Attack is Yes(1)) AND (1 < PD4 < 998) AND (4 <= PD17a < 998)

Part 2. At least one of the attacks has been followed by 1 month (or more) of one (or more) of the following:

1. persistent concern about having additional attacks.
   PD13a is Yes(1)

2. worry about the implications of the attack or its consequences (e.g., losing control, having a heart attack, “going crazy”) 
   PD13b is Yes(1)

3. a significant change in behavior related to the attacks.
   PD13c is Yes(1) OR PD13d is Yes(1)

B. The presence of or the absence of Agoraphobia

Not Operationalized

C. The Panic Attacks are not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition (e.g., hyperthyroidism).

NOT(PD25b is Yes(1)) AND PD25a is(1,5,8,9)

D. The Panic Attacks are not better accounted for by another mental disorder, such as Social Phobia (e.g., occurring on exposure to feared social situations), Specific Phobia (e.g., on exposure to a specific phobic situation), Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (e.g., on exposure to dirt in someone with an obsession about contamination), Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (e.g., in response to stimuli associated with a severe stressor), or Separation Anxiety Disorder (e.g., in response to being away from home or close relatives).

Note: This criterion is operationalized by focusing in criterion A on “out of the blue” attacks. By excluding all panic attacks triggered by fear or real danger we have thereby excluded all attacks associated with Social Phobia, Specific Phobia, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, Posttraumatic Stress Disorder, Separation Anxiety Disorder.
NCS2
Panic Disorder ICD Criteria

A. The individual experiences recurrent panic attacks that are not consistently associated with a specific situation or object and that often occur spontaneously (i.e. the episodes are unpredictable). The panic attacks are not associated with marked exertion or with exposure to dangerous or life threatening situations.

   Panic Attack AND (1 < PD4 < 998) AND (4 <= PD17a < 998)

B. Panic Attack

   Panic Attack is Yes

C. Panic Attacks are not due to a physical disorder, organic mental disorder (F00-F09), or other mental disorders such as schizophrenia and related disorders (F20-F29), mood [affective] disorders (F30-F39), or somatoform disorders (F45.-)

   Note: organic mental disorders, schizophrenia, mood disorders and somatoform disorders not operationalized

   Note 2: For the group of respondents who did not see a doctor (PD25 NOT Yes), we can not separate physical illness/injury from substance use as the cause of the episode. Therefore, we may overexclude in this group of respondents.

   NOT(PD25b is Yes(1) AND PD25a is(1,5,8,9)
NCS2
DSM-IV Personality Cluster A Disorder

The number of Yes responses to PEC79, PEC80, PEC81, PEC82, PEC83.

**Scoring:** 4 or more symptoms = probable case, 1-3 = possible case, 0 = non-case.

DSM-IV Personality Cluster C Disorder

The number of Yes responses to PEC73, PEC74, PEC75, PEC76, PEC77, PEC78.

**Scoring:** 5 or more symptoms = probable case, 1-4 = possible case, 0 = non-case.
NCS2
DSM-IV Premenstrual Dysphoric Disorder

A. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. In most menstrual cycles during the past year, five (or more) of the following symptoms were present for most of the time during the last week of the luteal phase, began to remit within a few days after the onset of the follicular phase, and were absent in the week postmenses. Note: individual symptoms are not operationalized

PR13 is Yes(1) AND PR14 >= 7 AND PR16 is (1,2).

Part 2. At least one of the following symptoms was present:

PR13 is Yes(1) AND PR14 >= 7 AND PR16 is (1,2).

B. The disturbance markedly interferes with work or school or with usual social activities and relationship with others (e.g., avoidance of social activities, decreased productivity and efficiency at work or school).

PR19 is (4,5) OR PR19a is (1,2).

C. The disturbance is not merely an exacerbation of the symptoms of another disorder, such as Major Depressive Disorder, Panic Disorder, or a Personality Disorder (although it may be superimposed on any of these disorders).

Not operationalized

D: Criteria A, B, and C must be confirmed by prospective daily ratings during at least two consecutive symptomatic cycles. (The diagnosis may be made provisionally prior to this confirmation.)

Not operationalized
A. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. The person has been exposed to a traumatic event in which the person experienced, witnessed, or was confronted with an event or events that involved actual or threatened death or serious injury, or a threat to the physical integrity of self or others.

Combat Experience/Relief Worker in War Zone/Civilian in War Zone/Civilian in region of Terror/Refugee:

PT29 is Yes(1) OR PT30 is Yes(1) OR PT31 is Yes(1) OR PT32 is Yes(1).

Kidnapped:

PT34 is Yes(1).

Toxic Exposure:

PT35 is Yes(1).

Automobile Accident:

PT36 is Yes(1).

Other Life Threatening Accident:

PT37 is Yes(1).

Natural Disaster:

PT38 is Yes(1).

Man-made Disaster:

PT39 is Yes(1).

Life Threatening Illness:

PT40 is Yes(1).

Beaten up as Child by Caregiver:

Not operationalized.

Beaten by Spouse or Romantic Partner:

PT42 is Yes(1).

Beaten by Other:

PT43 is Yes(1).

Raped:

PT45 is Yes(1).

Sexually Assaulted:

PT46 is Yes(1).

Mugged or Threatened with a Weapon:

PT44 is Yes(1).
NCS2
DSM-IV Posttraumatic Stress Disorder

A. Part 1. (continued)

Stalked:

PT47 is Yes(1).

Unexpected Death of a Loved One:

PT48 is Yes(1).

Child with Serious Illness:

PT49 is Yes(1).

Traumatic Event to Loved One:

PT50 is Yes(1).

Witnessed Death or Dead Body, or Saw Someone Seriously Hurt:

PT51 is Yes(1).

Accidentally Caused Serious Injury or Death

PT52 is Yes(1).

Purposely Injured, Tortured, or Killed Someone.

PT53 is Yes(1).

Saw Atrocities:

PT54 is Yes(1).

Some Other Event:

PT55 is Yes(1) OR PT56 is Yes(1).

Private Event:

PT57 is Yes(1).

Part 2. The person has been exposed to a traumatic event in which the person’s response involved intense fear, helplessness, or horror.

Worst Event: PT61_1 is Yes(1).

B. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. The traumatic event is experienced in one (or more) of the following ways:

1. recurrent and intrusive distressing recollections of the event, including images, thoughts, or perceptions.

   Worst Event: PT86 is Yes(1).

2. recurrent distressing dreams of the event.

   Worst Event: PT87 is Yes(1).
DSM-IV Posttraumatic Stress Disorder

B. Part 1. (continued)

3. acting or feeling as if the traumatic event were recurring (includes a sense of reliving the experience, illusions, hallucinations, and dissociative flashback episodes, including those that occur on awakening or when intoxicated).

   Worst Event: PT88 is Yes(1).

4. intense psychological distress at exposure to internal or external cues that symbolize or resemble an aspect of the traumatic event.

   Worst Event: PT89 is Yes(1).

5. physiological reactivity on exposure to internal or external cues that symbolize or resemble an aspect of the traumatic event.

   Worst Event: PT90 is Yes(1).

Part 2. The traumatic event is persistently reexperienced.

Worst Event: PT113 is (2,3,4,5).


Part 1. Avoidance of stimuli associated with the trauma and numbing of general responsiveness (not present before the trauma), as indicated by three(or more) of the following:

1. efforts to avoid thoughts, feelings, or conversations associated with the trauma

   Worst Event: PT68 is Yes(1).

2. efforts to avoid activities, places, or people that arouse recollections of the trauma

   Worst Event: PT69 is Yes(1).

3. inability to recall an important aspect of the trauma

   Worst Event: PT70 is Yes(1).

4. markedly diminished interest or participation in significant activities

   Worst Event: PT71 is Yes(1).

5. feeling of detachment or estrangement from others

   Worst Event: PT72 is Yes(1).

6. restricted range of affect (e.g., unable to have loving feelings)

   Worst Event: PT73 is Yes(1).

7. sense of a foreshortened future (e.g., does not expect to have a career, marriage, children, or a normal life span)

   Worst Event: PT74 is Yes(1).

Part 2. Persistence avoidance of stimuli associated with the trauma and numbing of general responsiveness (not present before the trauma).

Worst Event: PT113 is (2,3,4,5).
DSM-IV Posttraumatic Stress Disorder


Part 1. Symptoms of increased arousal (not present before the trauma), as indicated by two (or more) of the following:

1. difficulty falling or staying asleep.
   Worst Event: PT102 is Yes(1).

2. irritability or outbursts of anger.
   Worst Event: PT103 is Yes(1).

3. difficulty concentrating.
   Worst Event: PT104 is Yes(1).

4. hypervigilance.
   Worst Event: PT105 is Yes(1).

5. exaggerated startle response.
   Worst Event: PT106 is Yes(1).

Part 2. Persistent symptoms of increased arousal (not present before the trauma).

Worst Event: PT113 is (2,3,4,5).

E. Duration of the disturbance (symptoms in Criteria B, C, and D) is more than 1 month.

Worst Event: PT110 > 1 month.

F. The disturbance causes clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

Worst Event Group: PT114 is (3,4,5) OR PT115 is (3,4,5).
A. The patient must have been exposed to a stressful event or situation (either short- or long-lasting) of exceptionally threatening or catastrophic nurture, which would be likely to cause pervasive distress in almost everyone.

Combat Experience/Relief Worker in War Zone/Civilian in War Zone/Civilian in region of Terror/Refugee:

PT29 is Yes(1) OR PT30 is Yes(1) OR PT31 is Yes(1) OR PT32 is Yes(1).

Kidnapped:

PT34 is Yes(1).

Toxic Exposure:

PT35 is Yes(1).

Automobile Accident:

PT36 is Yes(1).

Other Life Threatening Accident:

PT37 is Yes(1).

Natural Disaster:

PT38 is Yes(1).

Man-made Disaster:

PT39 is Yes(1).

Life Threatening Illness:

PT40 is Yes(1).

Beaten up as Child by Caregiver:

Not operationalized.

Beaten by Spouse or Romantic Partner:

PT42 is Yes(1)

Beaten by Other:

PT43 is Yes(1)

Raped:

PT45 is Yes(1)

Sexually Assaulted:

PT46 is Yes(1)

Mugged or Threatened with a Weapon:

PT44 is Yes(1)
A. (continued)

Stalked:

PT47 is Yes(1)

Unexpected Death of a Loved One:

PT48 is Yes(1)

Child with Serious Illness:

PT49 is Yes(1)

Traumatic Event to Loved One:

PT50 is Yes(1).

Witnessed Death or Dead Body, or Saw Someone Seriously Hurt:

PT51 is Yes(1).

Accidentally Caused Serious Injury or Death

PT52 is Yes(1).

Purposely Injured, Tortured, or Killed Someone.

PT53 is Yes(1).

Saw Atrocities:

PT54 is Yes(1).

Some Other Event:

PT55 is Yes(1) OR PT56 is Yes(1).

Private Event

PT57 is Yes(1).

B. Part 1 OR Part 2.

Part 1. There must be persistent remembering or “reliving” of the stressor in intrusive “flashbacks”, vivid memories, or recurring dreams.

Worst Event: PT86 is Yes(1) OR PT87 is Yes(1) OR PT88 is Yes(1).

Part 2. There must be distress experienced when exposed to circumstances resembling or associated with the stressor.

Worst Event: PT89 is Yes(1) OR PT90 is Yes(1) OR PT114 is (3,4,5) OR PT115 is (3,4,5).

C. The patient must exhibit an actual or preferred avoidance of circumstances resembling or associated with the stressor, which was not present before exposure to the stressor.

Worst Event: PT68 is Yes(1) OR PT69 is Yes(1).
ICD Posttraumatic Stress Disorder

D. Part 1 OR Part 2:

Part 1. inability to recall, either partially or completely, some important aspects of the period of exposure to the stressor.

Worst Event: PT70 is Yes(1).

Part 2. Persistent symptoms of increased psychological sensitivity and arousal (not present before exposure to the stressor), shown by any two of the following:

(a) difficulty in falling or staying asleep

Worst Event: PT102 is Yes(1).

(b) irritability or outbursts of anger

Worst Event: PT103 is Yes(1).

(c) difficulty in concentrating

Worst Event: PT104 is Yes(1).

(d) hypervigilance

Worst Event: PT105 is Yes(1).

(e) exaggerated startle response

Worst Event: PT106 is Yes(1).

E. Criteria B, C, And D must all be met within 6 months of the stressful event or the end of a period of stress. (For some purposes, onset delayed more than 6 months may be included, but this should be clearly specified).

Criteria Not Operationalized.

1. Criteria B
2. Criteria C
3. Criteria D
NCS2
DSM-IV Separation Anxiety Disorder

A. Developmentally inappropriate and excessive anxiety concerning separation from home or from those to whom the individual is attached, as evidenced by three (or more) of the following:

1. recurrent excessive distress when separation from home or major attachment figures occurs or is anticipated.
   SA1a is Yes(1).

2. persistent and excessive worry about losing, or about possible harm befalling, major attachment figures.
   SA1b is Yes(1).

3. persistent and excessive worry that an untoward event will lead to separation from a major attachment figure (e.g., getting lost or being kidnapped).
   SA1c is Yes(1) OR SA1d is Yes(1).

4. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to school or elsewhere because fear of separation.
   SA1e is Yes(1) OR SA1f is Yes(1).

5. persistent and excessively fearful or reluctant to be alone or without major attachment figures at home or without significant adults in other settings.
   SA1g is Yes(1).

6. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to sleep without being near a major attachment figure or to sleep away from home.
   SA1i is Yes(1) OR SA1j is Yes(1).

7. repeated nightmares involving the theme of separation.
   SA1k is Yes(1).

8. repeated complaints of physical symptoms (such as headaches, stomach aches, nausea, or vomiting) when separation from major attachment figures occurs or is anticipated.
   SA1h is Yes(1).

B. The duration of the disturbance is at least 4 weeks.

1 <= SA9 < 998.

C. The onset is before age 18 years.

0 <= SA8a < 18 OR 0 <= SA8b < 18.

D. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. The disturbance causes clinically significant distress.

SA5 is (2,3,4) OR SA6 is (1,2).

Part 2. The disturbance causes clinically significant impairment in social, academic (occupational), or other important areas of functioning.

SA7 is (3,4,5) OR SA7a is (1,2,3).
DSM-IV Separation Anxiety Disorder

E. The disturbance does not occur exclusively during the course of a Pervasive Developmental Disorder, Schizophrenia, or other Psychotic Disorder and, in adolescents and adults, is not better accounted for by Panic Disorder with Agoraphobia.

Not operationalized
NCS2  
ICD Separation Anxiety Disorder

A. At least three of the following must be present:

1. unrealistic and persistent worry about possible harm befalling major attachment figures or about the loss of such figures (e.g. fear that they will leave and not return or that the child will not see them again), or persistent concerns about the death of attachment figures.

   SA1b is Yes(1).

2. unrealistic and persistent worry that some untoward event will separate the child from a major attachment figure (e.g. the child getting lost, being kidnapped, admitted to hospital, or killed).

   SA1c is Yes(1) OR SA1d is Yes(1).

3. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to school because of fear over separation from a major attachment figure or in order to stay at home (rather than for other reasons such as fear over events at school).

   SA1e is Yes(1).

4. difficulty in separating at night, as manifested by any of the following:
   a. persistent reluctance or refusal to go to sleep without being near an attachment figure.

      SA1i is Yes(1).

   b. getting up frequently during the night to check on, or to sleep near, an attachment figure.

      Not operationalized

   c. persistent reluctance or refusal to sleep away from home.

      SA1j is Yes(1).

5. persistent inappropriate fear of being alone, or otherwise without the major attachment figure, at home during the day.

   SA1e is Yes(1) OR SA1f is Yes(1).

6. repeated nightmares involving themes of separation.

   SA1k is Yes(1).

7. repeated occurrence of physical symptoms (such as nausea, stomach ache, headache, or vomiting) on occasions that involve separation from a major attachment figure, such as leaving home to go to school or on other occasions involving separation (holidays, camps, etc.).

   SA1h is Yes(1).

8. excessive, recurrent distress in anticipation of, during, or immediately following separation from a major attachment figure (as shown by: anxiety, crying, tantrums; persistent reluctance to go away from home; excessive need to talk with parents or desire to return home; misery, apathy, or social withdrawal).

   SA1a is Yes(1) OR SA1g is Yes(1).

B. The criteria for generalized anxiety disorder of childhood (F93.80) are not met.

   NOT(General Anxiety Disorder AND (Onset GAD < 18)).

C. Onset is before the age of 6 years.

   (0 <= SA8a < 6 OR 0 <= SA8b < 6) .
NCS2
ICD Separation Anxiety Disorder

D. The disorder does not occur as part of a broader disturbance of emotions, conduct, or personality, or of a pervasive developmental disorder, psychotic disorder, or psychoactive substance use disorder.

  Not operationalized

E. Duration of the disorder is at least 4 weeks.

  1 <= SA9 <= 998.
NCS2
DSM Social Phobia

A. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. A marked and persistent fear of one or more social or performance situations in which the person is exposed to unfamiliar people or to possible scrutiny by others:

At least 1 Yes(1) in SO1a – SO1n.

Part 2. The individual fears that he or she will act in a way (or show anxiety symptoms) that will be humiliating or embarrassing

At least 1 Yes(1) in SO12, SO12a, SO13, SO14.

B. Exposure to the feared social situation almost invariably provokes anxiety, which may take the form of a situationally bound or situationally predisposed Panic Attack.

Note: Panic Symptoms from the SO9 series are not included since they are assessed with a frequency of “ever” and the criterion requires a frequency of “almost invariably”

SO5 is Yes(1).

C. The person recognizes that this fear is excessive or unreasonable.

SO4 is Yes(1).

D. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. The feared social or performance situations are avoided.

SO6 is Yes(1).

Part 2. The feared social or performance situations are endured with intense anxiety or distress

SO5 is Yes(1) OR (at least 2 Yes(1) in SO9a-SO9o) OR SO9 is Yes(1) OR SO19 in (4,5) OR SO10 is Yes(1).

E. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. The avoidance, anxious anticipation, or distress in the feared social or performance situation(s) interferes significantly with the person’s normal routine, occupational (academic) functioning, or social activities or relationships.

SO16 is (3,4,5).

Part 2. There is marked distress about having the phobia.

SO17 is Yes(1).

Criteria E Part 2 Not Operationalized
NCS2
DSM Social Phobia

F. In individuals under age 18 years, the duration is at least 6 months (Part 1 OR Part 2).

Note: This was operationalized in 2 parts. (1) Respondents whose recency age is >= 18 automatically meet criterion F. (2) For all others, the symptoms must persist at least 6 months.

Part 1. Recency age is at least 18 years

\[(18 \leq SO18a < 998) \text{ OR } (SO18 \text{ is } (1,2,3) \text{ and } AGE \geq 18)\]

Part 2. The duration is greater than 1 year.

Note: We have many different dates (onset, recency, service utilization) relating to this diagnosis. Any two dates having a difference \(\geq 1\) year is taken as evidence that the diagnosis persisted more than 6 months. This is operationalized as follows:

\[
\text{MAX(SO3a, SO3b, SO6a, SO18a)} - \\
\text{MIN(SO3a, SO3b, SO6a, SO18a)} \geq 1
\]

G.

Part 1. The fear or avoidance is not due to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, or medication) or a general medical condition

Not operationalized

Part 2. The fear or avoidance is not better accounted for by another mental disorder (e.g., Panic Disorder with or without Agoraphobia, Separation Anxiety Disorder, Body Dysmorphic Disorder, a Pervasive Developmental Disorder, or Schizoid Personality Disorder).

Will be used later

H. If a general medical condition or another mental disorder is present the fear in Criterion A is unrelated to it, e.g., the fear is not of Stuttering, trembling in Parkinson’s disease, or exhibiting abnormal eating behavior in Anorexia Nervosa or Bulimia Nervosa. (Don’t use in diagnosis for now)

SO15 is NO(5)
NCS2
ICD Social Phobia(F40.1)

A. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. Marked fear of being the focus of attention, or fear of behaving in a way that will be embarrassing or humiliating

   At least 1 Yes(1) in SO1a – SO1n  AND
   At least 1 Yes(1) in SO12, SO12a, SO13, SO14.

Part 2. Marked avoidance of being the focus of attention, or of situations in which there is fear of behaving in an embarrassing or humiliating way.

   SO6 is Yes(1) AND (At least 1 Yes(1) in SO12, SO12a, SO13, SO14).


Part 1. At least two symptoms of anxiety in the feared situation as defined in F40.0, criterion B, must have been manifest at some time since the onset of the disorder.

   At least 2 Yes(1) from SO9a-SO9o OR SO9 is Yes(1).

Part 2. At least one of the following symptoms must have been manifest at some time (1. blushing or shaking, 2. fear of vomiting, 3. Urgency or fear of micturition or defecation).

   At least 1 Yes(1) from SO8a,SO8b,SO8c


Part 1. Significant emotional distress is caused by the symptoms or by the avoidance.

   SO5 is Yes(1) OR (at least 2 Yes(1) in SO9a-SO9o) OR SO9 is Yes(1) OR SO19 is (4,5) OR SO10 is Yes(1)

Part 2. The individual recognizes that significant emotional distress caused by the symptoms or by the avoidance is excessive and unreasonable.

   SO4 is Yes(1)

D. Symptoms are restricted to, or predominate in, the feared situation, or contemplation of the feared situations.

   Not used

E. The symptoms listed in criteria A and B are not the result of delusions, hallucinations, or other disorders such as organic mental disorders (F00-F09), schizophrenia and related disorders (F20-F29), mood [affective] disorders (F30-F39), or obsessive-compulsive disorder(F42.-), and are not secondary to cultural beliefs.

   Not Operationalized
NCS2
DSM-IV Specific Phobia (300.29)

A. Marked and persistent fear that is excessive or unreasonable, cued by the presence or anticipation of a specific object or
situation (e.g., flying, heights, animals, receiving an injection, see blood).

  Group 1: SC77a is Yes(1)
  Group 2: SC77b is Yes(1)
  Group 3: SC77c is Yes(1)
  Group 4: SC77d is Yes(1)
  Group 5: SC77e is Yes(1)
  Group 6: SC77f is Yes(1)

B. Exposure to the feared social situation almost invariably provokes anxiety, which may take the form of a situationally bound or
situationally predisposed Panic Attack.

  Note: Panic Symptoms from the SP18 series are not included since they are assessed with a frequency of “ever” and the criterion
requires a frequency of “almost invariably”

  For given group, (a Yes(1) response from SP3a, SP5a, SP7a, SP7f = (1 = all of the time, 2=most of the time), SP9a, SP11a, SP13a).

  Group 1: SP3a is Yes(1).
  Group 2: SP5a is Yes(1).
  Group 3: SP7a is Yes(1) OR SP7f is(1,2).
  Group 4: SP9a is Yes(1).
  Group 5: SP11a is Yes(1).
  Group 6: SP13a is Yes(1).

C. The person recognizes that this fear is excessive or unreasonable.

  Group 1: SP3e is Yes(1).
  Group 2: SP5e is Yes(1).
  Group 3: SP7e is Yes(1).
  Group 4: SP9d is Yes(1).
  Group 5: SP11e is Yes(1).
  Group 6: SP13e is Yes(1).

D. Part 1 OR Part 2.

  Part 1. The phobic situation(s) is avoided.

    (For given group a Yes response from either SP3b, SP5b, SP7b, SP9b, SP11b SP13b which matches group type for specific phobia).

    Group 1: SP3b is Yes(1).
    Group 2: SP5b is Yes(1).
    Group 3: SP7b is Yes(1).
    Group 4: SP9b is Yes(1).
    Group 5: SP11b is Yes(1).
    Group 6: SP13b is Yes(1).
NCS2
DSM-IV Specific Phobia (300.29)

Part 2. The phobic situation(s) is endured with intense anxiety or distress.

(For given group a Yes(1) response from either SP3a, SP5a, SP7a, SP7f(1 = all the time, 2 = most of the time), SP9a, SP9g, SP11a, SP11h, SP13a, SP13h which matches group type for specific phobia) OR
(only 1 Yes response in SC27a-f AND SC27_2 = 1) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes OR SP21 is (4,5).

Group 1: SP3a is Yes(1) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
Group 2: SP5a is Yes(1) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5)
Group 3: SP7a is Yes(1) OR SP7f is (1,2) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
Group 4: SP9a is Yes(1) OR SP9g is Yes(1) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
Group 5: SP11a is Yes(1) OR SP11h is Yes(1) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
Group 6: SP13a is Yes(1) OR SP13h is Yes(1) OR (2 Yes responses from SP18a-SP18o) OR SP18 is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5)

E. Part 1 OR Part 2.

Part 1. The avoidance, anxious anticipation, or distress in the feared social or performance situation(s) interferes significantly with the person’s normal routine, occupational (academic) functioning, or social activities or relationships.

(SP16 is (3,4,5)).

Part 2. There is marked distress about having the phobia.

SP17 is Yes(1).
NCS2

DSM-IV Specific Phobia (300.29)

F. In individuals under age 18 years, the duration is at least 6 months (Part 1 OR Part 2).

Note: This was operationalized in 2 parts. (1) Respondents whose recency age is >= 18 automatically meet criterion F. (2) For all others, the symptoms must persist at least 6 months.

Part 1. Recency age is at least 18 years old.

Group 1: 18 <= SP3g < 998 OR (SP3f IN(1,2,3) AND AGE >= 18)
Group 2: 18 <= SP5g < 998 OR (SP5f IN(1,2,3) AND AGE >= 18)
Group 3: 18 <= SP7h < 998 OR (SP7g IN(1,2,3) AND AGE >= 18)
Group 4: 18 <= SP9m < 998 OR (SP9l IN(1,2,3) AND AGE >= 18)
Group 5: 18 <= SP11m < 998 OR (SP11l IN(1,2,3) AND AGE >= 18)
Group 6: 18 <= SP13n < 998 OR (SP13m IN(1,2,3) AND AGE >= 18)

Part 2. The duration is greater than 1 year.

Note: We have many different dates (onset, recency, service utilization) relating to this diagnosis. Any two dates having a difference >= 1 year is taken as evidence that the diagnosis persisted more than 6 months. This is operationalized as follows:

Group 1: MAX(SP3c, SP3g) –MIN(SP3c, SP3g) >= 1
Group 2: MAX(SP5c, SP5g) –MIN(SP5c, SP5g) >= 1
Group 3: MAX(SP7c, SP7h) –MIN(SP7c, SP7h) >= 1
Group 4: MAX(SP9c, SP9m) –MIN(SP9c, SP9m) >= 1
Group 5: MAX(SP11c, SP11m) –MIN(SP11c, SP11m) >= 1
Group 6: MAX(SP13c, SP13n) –MIN(SP13c, SP13n) >= 1

G. The anxiety, Panic Attacks, or phobic avoidance associated with the specific object or situation are not better accounted for by another mental disorder, such as OCD, PTSD, Sep. Anxiety, Social Phobia, Panic Disorder, Agoraphobia. Not operationalized.

DSM-IV Specific Phobia

Group 1 Specific Phobia: Group 1 Criteria A AND Group 1 Criteria B AND Criteria C AND Group 1 Criteria D AND Criteria E AND Criteria F
Group 2 Specific Phobia: Group 2 Criteria A AND Group 2 Criteria B AND Criteria C AND Group 2 Criteria D AND Criteria E AND Criteria F
Group 3 Specific Phobia: Group 3 Criteria A AND Group 3 Criteria B AND Criteria C AND Group 3 Criteria D AND Criteria E AND Criteria F
Group 4 Specific Phobia: Group 4 Criteria A AND Group 4 Criteria B AND Criteria C AND Group 4 Criteria D AND Criteria E AND Criteria F
Group 5 Specific Phobia: Group 5 Criteria A AND Group 5 Criteria B AND Criteria C AND Group 5 Criteria D AND Criteria E AND Criteria F

DSM-IV Specific Phobia: Group 1 Specific Phobia OR Group 2 Specific Phobia OR Group 3 Specific Phobia OR Group 4 Specific Phobia OR Group 5 Specific Phobia OR Group 6 Specific Phobia.
NCS2
ICD Specific Phobia (F40.2)

A. Part 1 OR Part 2

Part 1. Marked fear of a specific object or situation not included in agoraphobia (F40.0) or social phobia (F40.1)

- Group 1: SC77a is Yes(1)
- Group 2: SC77b is Yes(1)
- Group 3: SC77c is Yes(1)
- Group 4: SC77d is Yes(1)
- Group 5: SC77e is Yes(1)
- Group 6: SC77f is Yes(1)

Part 2. Marked avoidance of a specific object or situation not included in agoraphobia (F40.0) or social phobia (F40.1)

(For given group a Yes response from either SP3b, SP5b, SP7b, SP9b, SP11b SP13b which matches group type for specific phobia).

- Group 1: SP3b is Yes(1).
- Group 2: SP5b is Yes(1).
- Group 3: SP7b is Yes(1).
- Group 4: SP9b is Yes(1).
- Group 5: SP11b is Yes(1).
- Group 6: SP13b is Yes(1).

Group 1 Criteria A: Group 1 Criteria A Part 1 OR Group 1 Criteria A Part 2
Group 2 Criteria A: Group 2 Criteria A Part 1 OR Group 2 Criteria A Part 2
Group 3 Criteria A: Group 3 Criteria A Part 1 OR Group 3 Criteria A Part 2
Group 4 Criteria A: Group 4 Criteria A Part 1 OR Group 4 Criteria A Part 2
Group 5 Criteria A: Group 5 Criteria A Part 1 OR Group 5 Criteria A Part 2
Group 6 Criteria A: Group 6 Criteria A Part 1 OR Group 6 Criteria A Part 2

B. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. At least two symptoms of anxiety in the feared situation from criterion F40.0B must have been present.

(At least 2 Yes(1) from SP18a-SP18o) OR (SP18 is Yes(1)).

Part 2. At least one of the symptoms must have been from items (1) to (4) from criterion F40.0B

Not Operationalized

C. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. Significant emotional distress is caused by the symptoms or by the avoidance

(For given group a Yes(1) response from either SP3a, SP5a, SP7a, SP7f(1 = all the time, 2 = most of the time),SP9a, SP9g, SP11a, SP11h,SP13a, SP13h which matches group type for specific phobia) OR (SP21 is (4,5)).

- Group 1: SP3a is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
- Group 2: SP5a is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
- Group 3: SP7a is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
- Group 4: SP9a is Yes(1) OR SP9g is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
- Group 5: SP11a is Yes(1) OR SP11h is Yes(1) SP21 is (4,5).
- Group 6: SP13a is Yes(1) OR SP13h is Yes(1) OR SP21 is (4,5).
NCS2
ICD Specific Phobia (F40.2)

C. (continued)

Part 2. The individual recognizes that significant emotional distress caused by the symptoms or by the avoidance is excessive and unreasonable.

Group 1: SP3e is Yes(1).
Group 2: SP5e is Yes(1).
Group 3: SP7e is Yes(1).
Group 4: SP9d is Yes(1).
Group 5: SP11e is Yes(1).
Group 6: SP13e is Yes(1).

Group 1 Criteria C: Group 1 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 1 Criteria C Part 1 AND Criteria C Part 2
Group 2 Criteria C: Group 2 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 2 Criteria C Part 1 AND Criteria C Part 2
Group 3 Criteria C: Group 3 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 3 Criteria C Part 1 AND Criteria C Part 2
Group 4 Criteria C: Group 4 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 4 Criteria C Part 1 AND Criteria C Part 2
Group 5 Criteria C: Group 5 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 5 Criteria C Part 1 AND Criteria C Part 2
Group 6 Criteria C: Group 6 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 6 Criteria C Part 1 AND Criteria C Part 2

D. Symptoms are restricted to, or predominate in, the feared situations or contemplation of the feared situations.

Not Operationalized

E. The anxiety, Panic Attacks, or phobic avoidance associated with the specific object or situation are not better accounted for by another mental disorder, such as OCD, Schizophrenia, Mood Disorder.

Not Operationalized

ICD Specific Phobia

Group 1 Specific Phobia: Group 1 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 1 Criteria C
Group 2 Specific Phobia: Group 2 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 2 Criteria C
Group 3 Specific Phobia: Group 3 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 3 Criteria C
Group 4 Specific Phobia: Group 4 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 4 Criteria C
Group 5 Specific Phobia: Group 5 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 5 Criteria C
Group 6 Specific Phobia: Group 6 Criteria A AND Criteria B AND Group 6 Criteria C

ICD Specific Phobia: Group 1 Specific Phobia OR Group 2 Specific Phobia OR Group 3 Specific Phobia OR Group 4 Specific Phobia OR Group 5 Specific Phobia OR Group 6 Specific Phobia.
NCS2
DSM-IV Nicotine Dependence

A. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. A maladaptive pattern of nicotine use, leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by three (or more) of the following:

1. Tolerance, as defined by either of the following:
   a. absence of nausea, dizziness, and other characteristic symptoms despite using substantial amounts of nicotine.
      TB15a is Yes(1).
   b. diminished effect observed with continued use of the same amount of nicotine-containing products.
      TB15a is Yes(1).

2. Withdrawal, as manifested by either of the following:
   a. the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for nicotine (refer to Criteria A and B of the criteria sets for Withdrawal from the specific substances)
      TB15b is Yes(1) OR TB15c is Yes(1).
   b. nicotine (or a closely related) substance is taken to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms.
      TB15d is Yes(1).

3. Nicotine is often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than was intended.
   TB15e is Yes(1) OR TB15f is Yes(1).

4. There is a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control nicotine use
   Note: “persistent desire” not operationalized
   TB15g is Yes(1) OR 3 <= TB36 < 998.

5. A great deal of time is spent in activities necessary to obtain nicotine (e.g., visiting multiple doctors or driving long distances), use nicotine (e.g., chain-smoking), or recover from its effects
   TB15h is Yes(1).

6. Important social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced because of nicotine.
   TB15i is Yes(1).

7. Nicotine use is continued despite knowledge of having a persistent or recurrent physical or psychological problem that is likely to have been caused or exacerbated by nicotine.
   (TB15j is Yes(1) AND TB15k is Yes(1)) OR (TB15l is Yes(1) AND TB15m is Yes(1)).

Part 2. A maladaptive pattern of nicotine use occurring as manifested by three (or more) symptoms at any time in the same 12-month period.

TB25 is Yes(1).
NCS2
ICD Nicotine Dependence

A. Part 1 AND Part 2

Part 1. Three or more of the following manifestations should have occurred.

(1) a strong desire or sense of compulsion to take nicotine

TB15 is Yes(1).

(2) impaired capacity to control nicotine-taking behavior in terms of its onset, termination, or levels of use, as evidenced by; nicotine being often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than intended; or by a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to reduce or control nicotine use.

TB15e is Yes(1) OR TB15f is Yes(1) OR TB15g is Yes(1) OR TB15h is Yes(1) OR 3 <= TB36 < 998.

(3) a physiological withdrawal state (see F1x.3 and F1x.4) when nicotine use is reduced or ceased, as evidenced by the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for nicotine, or by use of the same (or closely related) substance with the intention of relieving or avoiding withdrawal symptoms.

TB15b is Yes(1) OR TB15c is Yes(1) OR TB15d is Yes(1).

(4) evidence of tolerance to the effects of nicotine, such that there is a need for significantly increased amounts of nicotine to achieve intoxication or the desired effect, or a markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of nicotine.

TB15a is Yes(1).

(5) preoccupation with nicotine use, as manifested by alternative pleasures or interests being given up or reduced because of nicotine use, or a great deal of time being spent in activities necessary to obtain, take, or recover from the effects of nicotine.

TB15h is Yes(1) OR TB15i is Yes(1).

(6) persistent nicotine use despite clear evidence of harmful consequences (see F1x.1), as evidenced by continued use when the individual is actually aware, or may be expected to be aware, of the nature and extent of the harm.

(TB15j is Yes(1) AND TB15k is Yes(1)) OR (TB15l is Yes(1) AND TB15m is Yes(1)).

Part 2. Three or more of the following manifestations should have occurred together for at least 1 month, or if persisting for periods of less than 1 month, should have occurred together repeatedly within a 12-month period.

Note: “occurred together for at least 1 month” not operationalized

TB25 is Yes(1).
ICD Neurasthenia

A. Persistent and distressing complaints of feelings of exhaustion after minor mental effort (such as performing or attempting to perform everyday tasks that do not require unusual mental effort) or persistent and distressing complaints of feelings of fatigue and bodily weakness after minor physical effort.

N1 is Yes(1)

B. At least one of the following symptoms must be present:

1. feelings of muscular aches and pains.

N5c is Yes(1)

2. dizziness.

N5d is Yes(1)

3. tension headaches.

N5a is Yes(1)

4. sleep disturbance.

N5b is Yes(1)

5. inability to relax.

N5e is Yes(1)

6. irritability.

N5f is Yes(1)

C. The patient is unable to recover from the symptoms in criterion A (1) or (2) by means of rest, relaxation, or entertainment.

N2 is (2)

D. The duration of the disorder is at least 3 months.

N18 >= 1 OR N20 >= 3 months OR N21 >= 3 months

E. The disorder does not occur in the presence of organic emotionally labile disorder (F06.6), postencephalic syndrome (F07.1), postconcussional syndrome (F07.2), mood [affective disorders] (F30-F39), panic disorder (F41.0), or generalized anxiety disorder (F41.1).

NOT(Major Depression OR Moderate Depression OR Minor Depression OR Mania OR Hypomania OR Dysthymia OR Panic Disorder OR Generalized Anxiety Disorder)