ICPSR 4684

National Election Pool General Election Exit Polls, 2006

National Election Pool

Edison Media Research

Mitofsky International

Florida Data Codebook

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ICPSR PROCESSING NOTE FOR # 04684

National Election Pool General Election Exit Polls, 2006

- 1) Data format: The formats of the variables WGT and ZCODE2 were adjusted to fit the width of the values present in these variables.
- **2)** Sequential record identifier: The CASEID (Sequential Record Identifier) variable was created for use with online analysis.

Data Completeness Report

Notes: (1) Variables are individually listed only if they have greater than 5% missing data. These variables are listed under the appropriate percentage category in the order in which they appear in the data file. (2) The Data Completeness Report only captures information about system missing or other values that are declared missing. Codes that have a label implying that they are missing but that are not declared missing values are not reflected in this report. Data users should consult the codebook for more specific information about missing values. (3) Some variables that have 100% missing data may have been blanked by ICPSR to protect respondent confidentiality. Data users should consult the codebook for more specific information about blanked variables. (4) Data do not contain skip patterns or skip patterns are not reflected in the data as coded.

Table 1: Distribution of Variables by Percentage of Missing Values--Florida Data

	le Name and Label Cases = 2855)		Percent of Cas Missing	
31.0%	(18 of 58 variables)	have 0% Missing Values		
1.7%	(1 of 58 variables)	have 0% - 1% Missing Values		
22.4%	(13 of 58 variables)	have 1% - 3% Missing Values		
3.4%	(2 of 58 variables)	have 3% - 5% Missing Values		
5.2%	(3 of 58 variables)	have 5% - 10% Missing Values		
	PARTYID	No matter how you voted today, do you usually think	of yourself as:	5.0%
	PHIL3	On most political matters, do you consider yourself:		7.0%
	PARTY	Recoded from PARTYID		5.0%
22.4%	(13 of 58 variables)	have 10% - 20% Missing Values		
	INCOME05	2005 total family income:		15.3%
	RELIGN8	Religion		16.1%
	EDUC	What was the last grade in school you completed?		19.5%
	BUSH4	Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W handling his job as president?	. Bush is	13.6%
	COUNTACC	How confident are you that votes in your state will be accurately?	e counted	15.4%
	INC50K	Recoded from INCOME05-less than 50k		15.3%
	INC100K	Recoded from INCOME05-less than 100k		15.3%
	REL5	Religion, combine Protestant and other Christian		16.1%
	WHITEREL	Religion among Whites		15.3%
	COLLEDUC	Recoded from EDUC-college education		19.5%
	HSEDUC	Recoded from EDUC-high school education		19.5%
	BUSH	Recoded from BUSH4		13.6%
	COUNT2	Recoded from COUNTACC		15.4%
13.8%	(8 of 58 variables)	have 20% - 40% Missing Values		
	PRECINCT	Precinct Number		25.1%
	IMPIRAQS	In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the	war in Iraq?	31.2%

Table 1: Distribution of Variables by Percentage of Missing Values--Florida Data

Variable Name and Label (Total Cases = 2855)	Percent of Cas Missing	ses with Values
IMPTERRS	In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism?	31.2%
IMPECONS	In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy?	31.2%
IMPINSUR	In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of homeowner's insurance?	28.4%
DESCRIBS	Which of these best describes your vote today for U.S. Senate?	28.4%
JEBJOB4	Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as governor?	31.2%
JEBJOB2	Recoded from JEBJOB4	31.2%
0.0% (0 of 58 variables)	have 40% - 99% Missing Values	
0.0% (0 of 58 variables)	have 100% missing values	

Codebook for ICPSR 04684

National Election Pool General Election Exit Polls, 2006

Dataset0005: Florida Data

Variable Variable Description

Please Note: The "(M)" to the right of the value indicates the code has been designated as a missing value.

CASEID Sequential Record Identifier

Start: 1 End: 6 Width: 6

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

 Valid
 Min
 Max
 Mean
 Stdev

 2855
 1.00
 2855.00
 1428.00
 824.31

Start: 7 End: 13 Width: 7

ID

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Respondent ID number

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1106.00	50514.00	21932.44	16522.80

STANUM

Start: 14 End: 15 Width: 2

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

State Number

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Alabama	0	0.0 %	0.0%
2	Alaska	0	0.0 %	0.0%
3	Arizona	0	0.0 %	0.0%
4	Arkansas	0	0.0 %	0.0%
5	California	0	0.0 %	0.0%
6	Colorado	0	0.0 %	0.0%
7	Connecticut	0	0.0 %	0.0%
8	Delaware	0	0.0 %	0.0%
9	District of Columbia	0	0.0 %	0.0%
10	Florida	2855	100.0 %	100.0%
11	Georgia	0	0.0 %	0.0%
12	Hawaii	0	0.0 %	0.0%
13	Idaho	0	0.0 %	0.0%
14	Illinois	0	0.0 %	0.0%
15	Indiana	0	0.0 %	0.0%
16	Iowa	0	0.0 %	0.0%

Variable	Variable	Descri	ptio
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STANUM State Number (cont.)

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
17	Kansas	0	0.0 %	0.0%
18	Kentucky	0	0.0 %	0.0%
19	Louisiana	0	0.0 %	0.0%
20	Maine	0	0.0 %	0.0%
21	Maryland	0	0.0 %	0.0%
22	Massachusetts	0	0.0 %	0.0%
23	Michigan	0	0.0 %	0.0%
24	Minnesota	0	0.0 %	0.0%
25	Mississippi	0	0.0 %	0.0%
26	Missouri	0	0.0 %	0.0%
27	Montana	0	0.0 %	0.0%
28	Nebraska	0	0.0 %	0.0%
29	Nevada	0	0.0 %	0.0%
30	New Hampshire	0	0.0 %	0.0%
31	New Jersey	0	0.0 %	0.0%
32	New Mexico	0	0.0 %	0.0%
33	New York	0	0.0 %	0.0%
34	North Carolina	0	0.0 %	0.0%
35	North Dakota	0	0.0 %	0.0%
36	Ohio	0	0.0 %	0.0%
37	Oklahoma	0	0.0 %	0.0%
38	Oregon	0	0.0 %	0.0%
39	Pennsylvania	0	0.0 %	0.0%
40	Rhode Island	0	0.0 %	0.0%
41	South Carolina	0	0.0 %	0.0%
42	South Dakota	0	0.0 %	0.0%
43	Tennessee	0	0.0 %	0.0%
44	Texas	0	0.0 %	0.0%
45	Utah	0	0.0 %	0.0%
46	Vermont	0	0.0 %	0.0%
47	Virginia	0	0.0 %	0.0%
48	Washington	0	0.0 %	0.0%
49	West Virginia	0	0.0 %	0.0%

Variable **Variable Description** State Number (cont.) **STANUM** Frequency Value Label Valid % % 50 Wisconsin 0 0.0 % 0.0% 51 Wyoming 0.0 % 0.0% 0 Min Max Mean Valid Stdev 2855 0.00 10.00 10.00 10.00

PRECINCT

Start: 16 End: 18 Width: 3

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Precinct Number

Value	Frequency	%	Valid %
5	46	1.6 %	2.2%
10	50	1.8 %	2.3%
15	50	1.8 %	2.3%
16	51	1.8 %	2.4%
19	33	1.2 %	1.5%
27	28	1.0 %	1.3%
32	47	1.6 %	2.2%
33	39	1.4 %	1.8%
34	46	1.6 %	2.2%
35	51	1.8 %	2.4%
41	50	1.8 %	2.3%
42	42	1.5 %	2.0%
49	62	2.2 %	2.9%
50	56	2.0 %	2.6%
52	55	1.9 %	2.6%
53	53	1.9 %	2.5%
58	51	1.8 %	2.4%
66	46	1.6 %	2.2%
72	50	1.8 %	2.3%
74	51	1.8 %	2.4%
76	59	2.1 %	2.8%
77	80	2.8 %	3.7%
78	43	1.5 %	2.0%
83	85	3.0 %	4.0%
86	73	2.6 %	3.4%
87	30	1.1 %	1.4%

			- ICPSF	R 04684 -				
Variable	Variable	Desc	ription					
PRECINCT	Precinct	Numb	er <i>(cont.)</i>					
	Value				1	requency	%	Valid %
	90					93	3.3 %	4.3%
	106	106				61	2.1 %	2.9%
	120					70	2.5 %	3.3%
	124					79	2.8 %	3.7%
	128					40	1.4 %	1.9%
	132					55	1.9 %	2.6%
	136	136					1.7 %	2.3%
	146	146				52	1.8 %	2.4%
	148	148				69	2.4 %	3.2%
	149					32	1.1 %	1.5%
	161					74	2.6 %	3.5%
	165					33	1.2 %	1.5%
	166					52	1.8 %	2.4%
	172					53	1.9 %	2.5%
	. (M)					716	25.1 %	-
	Valid		Min	Max	Mea	า	Stdev	
	2139		5.00	172.00	83.3	<u> </u>	47.56	
QTYPE	Question	naire	type					
Start: 19 End: 19	Value	Labe	el			Frequenc	cy %	Valid %
Width: 1	1	State	e questionna	aire		204	5 71.6 %	71.6%
Type: numeric (ISO)	2	Natio	onal question	nnaire		81	0 28.4 %	28.4%

Width. I
Type: numeric (ISO)
Interval: discrete

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	2.00	1.28	0.45

VERSION Questionnaire Version Start: 20 End: 20 Value Label Frequency % W Ty

Width: 1	1	Version 1	2468	86.4 %	86.4%
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	Version 2	387	13.6 %	13.6%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	2.00	1.14	0.34

Valid %

			- 10131	J4004 -					
Variable	Variable	e Desc	ription						
CALL	Call nun	nber							
Start: 21	Value	Labe	el			Frequenc	cy %	Valid %	
End: 21 Width: 1	1	Call	1			78	3 27.6 %	27.6%	
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	Call	2			75	4 26.4 %	26.4%	
interval. discrete	3	Call	3			59	7 20.9 %	20.9%	
	9	Tele	phone Survey			71	6 25.1 %	25.1%	
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear	1	Stdev		
	2855		1.00	9.00	3.69		3.15		
BACKSIDE	Backsid	e comp	olete						
Start: 22	Value	Lab				Frequenc	cy %	Valid %	
End: 22 Width: 1	1					275	-	96.4%	
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	Complete Not complete			10		3.6%		
miervai. discrete	Valid		Min Max Mear)	Stdev			
	2855								
TELEPOLL	Telepho	Telephone survey							
Start: 23 End: 23	Value	Lab	el			Frequenc	cy %	Valid %	
Width: 1	1	Tele	phone survey			71	6 25.1 %	25.1%	
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	Elec	tion day exit p	oll		213	74.9 %	74.9%	
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear	7	Stdev		
	2855		1.00	2.00	1.75		0.43		
WGT	Respond	dent W	eight						
Start: 24	Valid		Min	Max	Mear)	Stdev		
End: 33 Width: 10.6	2855		0.156571	5.984838	1.000		0.587023		
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete									
SENFL06	In your v	ote too	day for U.S. se	nator, did you ju	st vote fo	or:			
Start: 34 End: 35 Width: 2	In your v	ote tod	ay for U.S. ser	nator, did you jus	st vote fo	r:			
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	Value	Labe	el			Frequenc	cy %	Valid %	
									

18

0.6 %

0.6%

Did not vote

0

Variable Variable Description SENFL06 In your vote today for U.S. senator, did you just vote for: (cont.) Value Label Frequency % Valid % 1 Bill Nelson (Dem) 1798 63.0 % 64.4% 2 Katherine Harris (Rep) 930 32.6 % 33.3% 9 Other 47 1.6 % 1.7% 2.2 % . (M) 62 Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 2793 0.00 1.46 1.10 9.00

GOVFL06

In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

Start: 36 End: 36 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
0	Did not vote	18	0.6 %	0.6%
1	Jim Davis (Dem)	1493	52.3 %	52.9%
2	Charlie Crist (Rep)	1236	43.3 %	43.8%
9	Other	76	2.7 %	2.7%
. (M)	-	32	1.1 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2823	0.00	9.00	1.65	1.32

SEX

Sex

Start: 37 End: 39 Width: 3

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete Are you:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Male	1309	45.8 %	46.0%
2	Female	1534	53.7 %	54.0%
. (M)	-	12	0.4 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2843	1.00	2.00	1.54	0.50

RACE

Race

Start: 40

Variable

Variable Description

RACE

Race (cont.)

End: 40 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Are you:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	White	1905	66.7 %	68.1%
2	Black	512	17.9 %	18.3%
3	Hispanic/Latino	309	10.8 %	11.0%
4	Asian	25	0.9 %	0.9%
5	Other	47	1.6 %	1.7%
. (M)	-	57	2.0 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2798	1.00	5.00	1.50	0.85

AGE9

To which age group do you belong?

Start: 41 End: 41 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

To which age group do you belong?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	18-24	116	4.1 %	4.1%
2	25-29	129	4.5 %	4.6%
3	30-39	392	13.7 %	13.9%
4	40-44	301	10.5 %	10.7%
5	45-49	316	11.1 %	11.2%
6	50-59	610	21.4 %	21.6%
7	60-64	250	8.8 %	8.9%
8	65-74	424	14.9 %	15.0%
9	75 or over	283	9.9 %	10.0%
. (M)	-	34	1.2 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2821	1.00	9.00	5.56	2.22

PARTYID

No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as:

Start: 42 End: 42 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as:

PARTYID

No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as: (cont.)

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Democratic	1150	40.3 %	42.4%
2	Republican	945	33.1 %	34.8%
3	Independent	524	18.4 %	19.3%
4	Something else	93	3.3 %	3.4%
. (M)	-	143	5.0 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2712	1.00	4.00	1.84	0.85

PHIL3

On most political matters, do you consider yourself:

Start: 43 End: 43 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete On most political matters, do you consider yourself:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Liberal	567	19.9 %	21.3%
2	Moderate	1252	43.9 %	47.1%
3	Conservative	837	29.3 %	31.5%
. (M)	-	199	7.0 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2656	1.00	3.00	2.10	0.72

INCOME05

2005 total family income:

Start: 44 End: 44 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete 2005 total family income:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Under \$15,000	185	6.5 %	7.7%
2	\$15,000-\$29,999	294	10.3 %	12.2%
3	\$30,000-\$49,999	513	18.0 %	21.2%
4	\$50,000-\$74,999	532	18.6 %	22.0%
5	\$75,000-\$99,999	346	12.1 %	14.3%
6	\$100,000-\$149,999	321	11.2 %	13.3%
7	\$150,000-\$199,999	98	3.4 %	4.1%
8	\$200,000 or more	128	4.5 %	5.3%
. (M)	-	438	15.3 %	-

Variable Variable Description INCOME05 2005 total family income: (cont.) Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 2417 1.00 8.00 4.06 1.81

RELIGN8 Religion

Start: 45 End: 46 Width: 2

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Are you:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Protestant	760	26.6 %	31.7%
2	Catholic	556	19.5 %	23.2%
3	Mormon/LDS	18	0.6 %	0.8%
4	Other Christian	574	20.1 %	24.0%
5	Jewish	105	3.7 %	4.4%
6	Muslim	5	0.2 %	0.2%
7	Something else	121	4.2 %	5.1%
8	None	256	9.0 %	10.7%
. (M)	-	460	16.1 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev	
2395	1.00	8.00	3.20	2.32	

EDUC

What was the last grade in school you completed?

Start: 47 End: 49 Width: 3

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete What was the last grade in school you completed?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Did not complete high school	111	3.9 %	4.8%
2	High school graduate	474	16.6 %	20.6%
3	Some college or associate degree	672	23.5 %	29.2%
4	College graduate	648	22.7 %	28.2%
5	Postgraduate study	393	13.8 %	17.1%
. (M)	-	557	19.5 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2298	1.00	5.00	3.32	1.12

CUBAN3

Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent?

Start: 50 End: 55 Width: 6

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Yes, Cuban	111	3.9 %	4.0%
2	Yes, other Hispanic	168	5.9 %	6.0%
3	No	2503	87.7 %	90.0%
. (M)	-	73	2.6 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2782	1.00	3.00	2.86	0.45

BUSH4

Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job as president?

Start: 56 End: 57 Width: 2

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job as president?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Strongly approve	583	20.4 %	23.6%
2	Somewhat approve	451	15.8 %	18.3%
3	Somewhat disapprove	292	10.2 %	11.8%
4	Strongly disapprove	1108	38.8 %	44.9%
9	No answer	32	1.1 %	1.3%
. (M)	-	389	13.6 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2466	1.00	9.00	2.87	1.42

COUNTACC

How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?

Start: 58 End: 59 Width: 2

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Very confident	1080	37.8 %	44.7%
2	Somewhat confident	918	32.2 %	38.0%
3	Not very confident	286	10.0 %	11.8%
4	Not at all confident	101	3.5 %	4.2%

COUNTACC

How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately? (cont.)

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
9	No answer	29	1.0 %	1.2%
. (M)	-	441	15.4 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2414	1.00	9.00	1.84	1.14

IRAQWAR

How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq?

Start: 60 End: 63 Width: 4

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Strongly approve	543	19.0 %	19.7%
2	Somewhat approve	573	20.1 %	20.8%
3	Somewhat disapprove	397	13.9 %	14.4%
4	Strongly disapprove	1187	41.6 %	43.2%
9	No answer	50	1.8 %	1.8%
. (M)	-	105	3.7 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2750	1.00	9.00	2.94	1.44

IMPIRAQS

In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the war in Iraq?

Start: 64 End: 64 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the war in Iraq?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Extremely important	953	33.4 %	48.5%
2	Somewhat important	582	20.4 %	29.6%
3	Somewhat important	255	8.9 %	13.0%
4	Not at all important	153	5.4 %	7.8%
9	No answer	22	0.8 %	1.1%
. (M)	-	890	31.2 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
1965	1.00	9.00	1.88	1.21

Variable

Variable Description

IMPTERRS

In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism?

Start: 65 End: 65 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Extremely important		33.5 %	48.7%
2	Somewhat important	600	21.0 %	30.5%
3	Somewhat important	292	10.2 %	14.9%
4	Not at all important	95	3.3 %	4.8%
9	No answer	21	0.7 %	1.1%
. (M)	-	890	31.2 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
1965	1.00	9.00	1.83	1.15

IMPECONS

In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy?

Start: 66 End: 66 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Extremely important	1017	35.6 %	51.8%
2	Somewhat important	717	25.1 %	36.5%
3	Somewhat important	177	6.2 %	9.0%
4	Not at all important	40	1.4 %	2.0%
9	No answer	14	0.5 %	0.7%
. (M)	-	890	31.2 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
1965	1.00	9.00	1.66	0.96

IMPINSUR

In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of homeowner's insurance?

Start: 67 End: 67 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of homeowner's insurance?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Extremely important	1034	36.2 %	50.6%
2	Very important	572	20.0 %	28.0%
3	Somewhat important	319	11.2 %	15.6%

IMPINSUR

In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of homeowner's insurance? *(cont.)*

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
4	Not at all important	91	3.2 %	4.4%
9	No Answer	29	1.0 %	1.4%
. (M)	-	810	28.4 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2045	1.00	9.00	1.84	1.23

DESCRIBS

Which of these best describes your vote today for U.S. Senate?

Start: 68 End: 68 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete Which of these best describes your vote today for U.S. Senate?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	I strongly favor my candidate	1120	39.2 %	54.8%
2	I like my candidate but with reservations	569	19.9 %	27.8%
3	I dislike the other candidate	289	10.1 %	14.1%
9	No Answer	67	2.3 %	3.3%
. (M)	-	810	28.4 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2045	1.00	9.00	1.82	1.50

JEBJOB4

Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as governor?

Start: 69 End: 69 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as governor?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Strongly Approve	694	24.3 %	35.3%
2	Somewhat approve	546	19.1 %	27.8%
3	Somewhat disapprove	296	10.4 %	15.1%
4	Strongly disapprove	399	14.0 %	20.3%
9	No Answer	30	1.1 %	1.5%
. (M)	-	890	31.2 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
1965	1.00	9.00	2.31	1.40

Variable Variable Description JEBJOB2 Recoded from JEBJOB4 Start: 70 End: 70 Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as governor? Width: 1 Type: numeric (ISO) Value Label Frequency % Valid % Interval: discrete 1 **Approve** 1240 43.4 % 63.1% 2 Disapprove 695 24.3 % 35.4% 9 No Answer 30 1.1 % 1.5% . (M) 890 31.2 % Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 1965 1.00 9.00 1.48 1.05 **SEXRACE** Sex by race Start: 71 Value Label Frequency % Valid % End: 82 1 White male 32.0% 892 31.2 % Width: 12 Type: numeric (ISO) 2 White female 1009 35.3 % 36.2% Interval: discrete 3 Non-White male 388 13.6 % 13.9% 4 Non-White female 498 17.4 % 17.9% 68 2.4 % . (M) Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 2787 1.00 4.00 2.18 1.07 **SEXWHITE** White Start: 83 Value Label Frequency % Valid % End: 83 1 White male 892 31.2 % 31.9% Width: 1 Type: numeric (ISO) 2 White female 1009 35.3 % 36.1% Interval: discrete 3 Non-White 897 31.4 % 32.1% . (M) 57 2.0 % Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 2798 1.00 3.00 2.00 0.80 AGE60 Age (60 and over) Start: 84 Value Label Frequency % Valid %

245

8.6 %

8.7%

1

18-29

End: 84

Width: 1

			- ICPSI	₹ 04684 -				
Variable	Variable	e Desc	ription					
AGE60	Age (60	and ov	er) <i>(cont.)</i>					
Type: numeric (ISO)	Value	Labe	Label			Frequenc	y %	Valid %
Interval: discrete	2	30-4	4			693	24.3 %	24.6%
	3	45-5	9			926	32.4 %	32.8%
	4	60 o	r over			957	33.5 %	33.9%
	. (M)	-				34	1.2 %	-
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear)	Stdev	
	2821		1.00	4.00	2.92		0.96	
AGE65	Age-65							
Start: 85 End: 85	Value	Labe	e <i>l</i>			Frequenc	y %	Valid %
Width: 1	1	18-2	4			116	4.1 %	4.1%
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	25-2	25-29				4.5 %	4.6%
	3	30-3	30-39				13.7 %	13.9%
	4	40-4	40-49				21.6 %	21.9%
	5	50-6	50-64				30.1 %	30.5%
	6	65 or over				707	24.8 %	25.1%
	. (M)	-				34	1.2 %	-
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear)	Stdev	
	2821		1.00	6.00	4.45	5 1.34		
OVER65	Age 65	and ove	er					
Start: 86 End: 86	Value	Labe	əl			Frequenc	y %	Valid %
Width: 1	1	18-6	4			2114	74.0 %	74.9%
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	65 o	r over			707	24.8 %	25.1%
	. (M)	-				34	1.2 %	-
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear)	Stdev	
	2821		1.00	2.00	1.25		0.43	
AGE3	Age, thr	ee cate	gories					
Start: 87	Value	Labe				Frequenc	y %	Valid %
End: 87 Width: 1	1	18-2				245		8.7%
Type: numeric (ISO)	2	30-5	9			1619		57.4%
Interval: discrete	3	60.0	60 or over				33.5 %	33.9%

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60 or over

957

33.5 %

33.9%

3

AGE3

Age, three categories (cont.)

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
. (M)	-	34	1.2 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2821	1.00	3.00	2.25	0.60

PARTY

Recoded from PARTYID

Start: 88 End: 88 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Democratic	1150	40.3 %	42.4%
2	Republican	945	33.1 %	34.8%
3	Independent/Something else	617	21.6 %	22.8%
. (M)	-	143	5.0 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2712	1.00	3.00	1.80	0.78

INC50K

Recoded from INCOME05-less than 50k

Start: 89 End: 89 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

2005 total family income:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Less than \$50k	992	34.7 %	41.0%
2	\$50k or more	1425	49.9 %	59.0%
. (M)	-	438	15.3 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2417	1.00	2.00	1.59	0.49

INC100K

Recoded from INCOME05-less than 100k

Start: 90 End: 90 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

2005 total family income:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Less than \$100k	1870	65.5 %	77.4%
2	\$100k or more	547	19.2 %	22.6%

Variable Variable Description INC100K Recoded from INCOME05-less than 100k (cont.) Value Label Frequency % Valid % . (M) 438 15.3 % Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 2417 1.00 2.00 1.23 0.42

REL5

Start: 91 End: 91 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Religion, combine Protestant and other Christian

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Protestant/Other Christian	1352	47.4 %	56.5%
2	Catholic	556	19.5 %	23.2%
3	Jewish	105	3.7 %	4.4%
4	Something else	126	4.4 %	5.3%
5	None	256	9.0 %	10.7%
. (M)	-	460	16.1 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2395	1.00	5.00	1.91	1.33

WHITEREL

Start: 92 End: 92 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Religion among Whites

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	White Protestant/Other Christian	900	31.5 %	37.2%
2	White Catholic	375	13.1 %	15.5%
3	White Jewish	94	3.3 %	3.9%
4	White Something else	73	2.6 %	3.0%
5	White None	182	6.4 %	7.5%
6	Non-White	794	27.8 %	32.8%
. (M)	-	437	15.3 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2418	1.00	6.00	3.27	2.20

COLLEDUC

Recoded from EDUC-college education

Start: 93 End: 97 Width: 5

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete What was the last grade in school you completed?

COLLEDUC

Recoded from EDUC-college education (cont.)

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Did not graduate from college	1257	44.0 %	54.7%
2	College graduate	1041	36.5 %	45.3%
. (M)	-	557	19.5 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2298	1.00	2.00	1.45	0.50

HSEDUC

Recoded from EDUC-high school education

Start: 98 End: 98 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

What was the last grade in school you completed?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	High school graduate or less	585	20.5 %	25.5%
2	At least some college	1713	60.0 %	74.5%
. (M)	-	557	19.5 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2298	1.00	2.00	1.75	0.44

BUSH

Recoded from BUSH4

Start: 99 End: 99 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job as president?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Approve	1034	36.2 %	41.9%
2	Disapprove	1400	49.0 %	56.8%
9	No answer	32	1.1 %	1.3%
. (M)	-	389	13.6 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2466	1.00	9.00	1.67	0.97

IRAQWAR2

Recoded from IRAQWAR

Start: 100 End: 103 Width: 4

How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq?

IRAQWAR2

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Recoded from IRAQWAR (cont.)

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Approve	1116	39.1 %	40.6%
2	Disapprove	1584	55.5 %	57.6%
9	No answer	50	1.8 %	1.8%
. (M)	-	105	3.7 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2750	1.00	9.00	1.72	1.10

COUNT2

Recoded from COUNTACC

Start: 104 End: 107 Width: 4

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Very/Somewhat confident	1998	70.0 %	82.8%
2	Not very/Not at all confident	387	13.6 %	16.0%
9	No answer	29	1.0 %	1.2%
. (M)	-	441	15.4 %	-

Vali	d	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
241	4	1.00	9.00	1.26	0.93

QRACEAI

Question B (except Hawaii/Alaska)

Start: 108 End: 120 Width: 13

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete Are you:

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	White	1960	68.7 %	70.4%
2	Black	538	18.8 %	19.3%
3	Hispanic/Latino	209	7.3 %	7.5%
4	Asian	27	0.9 %	1.0%
5	American Indian	18	0.6 %	0.6%
6	Other	34	1.2 %	1.2%
. (M)	-	69	2.4 %	-

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2786	1.00	6.00	1.46	0.88

- ICPSR 04684 -Variable Variable Description **SPANISHQ** Language of questionnaire Start: 121 Value Label Frequency % Valid % End: 122 1 Spanish 27 0.9 % Width: 2 Type: numeric (ISO) 2 **English** 2755 96.5 % Interval: discrete . (M) 73 2.6 % Valid Min Max Mean Stdev 2782 1.00 2.00 1.99 0.10 **SIZEPLAC** Population of area, five categories Start: 123 End: 124 Width: 2 Type: numeric (ISO)

Interval: discrete

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Cities over 500,000	251	8.8 %	8.8%
2	Cities 50,000-499,999	664	23.3 %	23.3%
3	Suburbs	1576	55.2 %	55.2%
4	Cities 10,000-49,999	131	4.6 %	4.6%
5	Rural	233	8.2 %	8.2%

1.0%

99.0%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	5.00	2.80	0.96

SIZEPLC3 Population of area, three categories

Start: 125 End: 125 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Cities over 50,000	915	32.0 %	32.0%
2	Suburbs	1576	55.2 %	55.2%
3	Small Cities/Rural	364	12.7 %	12.7%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	3.00	1.81	0.64

CDNUM Congressional District Number

Start: 126 End: 127 Width: 2

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Value	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	143	5.0 %	5.0%
2	170	6.0 %	6.0%
3	67	2.3 %	2.3%
4	255	8.9 %	8.9%
5	118	4.1 %	4.1%
6	46	1.6 %	1.6%

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Variable	Variable Description

CDNUM Congressional District Number (cont.)

Value	Frequency	%	Valid %
7	142	5.0 %	5.0%
8	27	0.9 %	0.9%
9	139	4.9 %	4.9%
10	34	1.2 %	1.2%
11	112	3.9 %	3.9%
12	196	6.9 %	6.9%
13	40	1.4 %	1.4%
14	251	8.8 %	8.8%
15	208	7.3 %	7.3%
16	113	4.0 %	4.0%
17	147	5.1 %	5.1%
18	62	2.2 %	2.2%
19	160	5.6 %	5.6%
20	66	2.3 %	2.3%
21	52	1.8 %	1.8%
22	125	4.4 %	4.4%
23	87	3.0 %	3.0%
24	76	2.7 %	2.7%
25	19	0.7 %	0.7%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	25.00	11.92	6.83

CDSTRATU

Start: 128 End: 128 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO)
Interval: discrete

CDSTRATUM

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Unopposed Democratic	697	24.4 %	24.4%
2	Strong Democratic	112	3.9 %	3.9%
3	Competitive	417	14.6 %	14.6%
4	Strong Republican	1433	50.2 %	50.2%
5	Unopposed Republican	196	6.9 %	6.9%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	5.00	3.11	1.33

Variable	Variable	Variable Description							
GEOCODE Geo Stratum Code									
Start: 129 End: 130	Value Label					Frequenc	cy %	Valid %	
Width: 2	1	Miami/Gold Coast				78	4 27.5 %	27.5%	
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	South				33	8 11.8 %	11.8%	
miorvan diooroto	3	Tampa Bay Area				44	0 15.4 %	15.4%	
	4	Central				59	8 20.9 %	20.9%	
	5	Nortl	h			69	5 24.3 %	24.3%	
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear)	Stdev		
	2855		1.00	5.00	3.03		1.55		

ZCODE1

Start: 131 End: 131 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO)
Interval: discrete

Urban/Suburban/Rural by Density

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Extremely High Density Urban	159	5.6 %	5.6%
2	High Density Urban	603	21.1 %	21.1%
3	Suburb	1736	60.8 %	60.8%
4	Town	109	3.8 %	3.8%
5	Low Density Rural	134	4.7 %	4.7%
6	Extremely Low Density Rural	114	4.0 %	4.0%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	6.00	2.93	1.01

ZCODE2

Start: 132 End: 132 Width: 1

Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Suburbs divided by data on age of housing stock in U.S. Census

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Urban	915	32.0 %	32.0%
2	'60s Suburbs	297	10.4 %	10.4%
3	'70s Suburbs	280	9.8 %	9.8%
4	'80s Suburbs	940	32.9 %	32.9%
5	Rural	364	12.7 %	12.7%
9	No Answer	59	2.1 %	2.1%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev	
2855	1.00	9.00	2.96	1.72	

Variable	Variable	Variable Description							
ZCODE3	Suburb b	y prox	imity to prin	cipal city and po	pulation gro	owth			
Start: 133 End: 133	Value	Labe	e/			Frequenc	y %	Valid %	
Width: 1	1	Urban Core				915	32.0 %	32.0%	
Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete	2	Urban Perimeter				490	17.2 %	17.2%	
miorvai. alcoroto	3	Low-	Low-Growth Suburban Perimeter				14.2 %	14.2%	
	4	High	-Growth Su	burban Perimeto	681	23.9 %	23.9%		
	5	Rura	Rural				12.7 %	12.7%	
	Valid		Min	Max	Mear	1	Stdev		
	2855		1.00	5.00	2.68		1.45		

ZCODE4

Start: 134 End: 134 Width: 1 Type: numeric (ISO) Interval: discrete

Socioeconomic status of zip code

Value	Label	Frequency	%	Valid %
1	Very upscale	1005	35.2 %	35.2%
2	Upscale	440	15.4 %	15.4%
3	Downscale	701	24.6 %	24.6%
4	Very downscale	709	24.8 %	24.8%

Valid	Min	Max	Mean	Stdev
2855	1.00	4.00	2.39	1.20

National Election Pool Exit Poll Conducted by Edison Media Research/Mitofsky International Florida Exit Poll (N=2855) November 7, 2006

COLUMN	DESCRIPTION	CODES
LOCATIONS		
1-7	Respondent ID number	
8-9	State ID Number	10 = Florida
10-12	Precinct number	
13	QTYPE	1 = State questionnaire
	Questionnaire type.	2 = National questionnaire
14	VERSION	1 = Questionnaire Version 1
		2 = Questionnaire Version 2
15	CALL	1 = Call 1
	See Section IIIe in general	2 = Call 2
	documentation for description.	3 = Call 3
		9 = Absentee/Early Voter Telephone Survey
16	BACKSIDE	1 = Backside completed
	See Section IIIb in general	2 = Backside not completed
	documentation for description.	
17	TELEPOLL	1 = Absentee phone poll respondent
	See Section IVd in general	2 = Election day exit poll respondent
	documentation for description.	
	Florida absentee phone poll fielded	
	10/27/2006–11/5/2006.	
18-23	WGT	Respondent weight. Please note that there are 3
		decimal places.
25	SENFL06	1 = Bill Nelson (Dem)
	Question C	2 = Katherine Harris (Rep)
		9 = Other
		0 = Did not vote
26	GOVFL06	1 = Jim Davis (Dem)
	Question E	2 = Charlie Crist (Rep)
		9 = Other
20	GEV	0 = Did not vote
29	SEX	1 = Male
20	Question A	2 = Female
30	RACE	1 = White
	Recoded from Question B and	2 = Black
	Question K	3 = Hispanic/Latino
	See Section IIIg in general	4 = Asian
21	documentation for description.	5 = Other
31	AGE9 Question G	1 = 18-24 2 = 25-29
	Question G	2 = 25-29 3 = 30-39
		3 = 30-39 4 = 40-44
		5 = 45-49
		5 = 43-49 6 = 50-59
		7 = 60-64
		8 = 65-74
		9 = 75 or over
		7 - 13 OI UVCI

	D + DET IID	14. 5
32	PARTYID	1 = Democrat
	Question Q	2 = Republican
		3 = Independent
22	DAMA O	4 = Something else
33	PHIL3	1 = Liberal
	Question R	2 = Moderate
	717017707	3 = Conservative
34	INCOME05	1 = Under \$15,000
	Question T	2 = \$15,000 - \$29,999
		3 = \$30,000 - \$49,999
		4 = \$50,000 - \$74,999
		5 = \$75,000 - \$99,999
		6 = \$100,000 - \$149,999
		7 = \$150,000 - \$199,999
26	DELICNO	8 = \$200,000 or more
36	RELIGN8	1 = Protestant 2 = Catholic
	Question J	
		3 = Mormon/LDS 4 = Other Christian
		5 = Jewish
		6 = Muslim
		7 = Something else
		8 = None
39	EDUC	1 = Did not complete high school
39	Question S	2 = High school graduate
	Question 5	3 = Some college or associate degree
		4 = College graduate
		5 = Postgraduate study
45	CUBAN3	1 = Yes, Cuban
43	Question K	2 = Yes, other Hispanic
	"Are you of Cuban or Hispanic	3 = No
	descent?" Asked in place of	3 = 140
	LATINO in FL.	
47	BUSH4	1 = Strongly approve
.,	Question H	2 = Somewhat approve
		3 = Somewhat disapprove
		4 = Strongly disapprove
		9 = No Answer
49	COUNTACC	1 = Very confident
	Question I	2 = Somewhat confident
		3 = Not very confident
		4 = Not at all confident
		9 = No Answer
53	IRAQWAR	1 = Strongly approve
	Question O	2 = Somewhat approve
		3 = Somewhat disapprove
		4 = Strongly disapprove
		9 = No Answer
54	IMPIRAQS	1 = Extremely important
	Question L	2 = Very important
		3 = Somewhat important
		4 = Not at all important
		9 = No Answer

	IMPTED D.C.	1 - F - (1 - 1
55	IMPTERRS	1 = Extremely important
	Question M	2 = Very important
		3 = Somewhat important
		4 = Not at all important
	7.077.077.0	9 = No Answer
56	IMPECONS	1 = Extremely important
	Question N	2 = Very important
		3 = Somewhat important
		4 = Not at all important
		9 = No Answer
57	IMPINSURG	1 = Extremely important
	Question F	2 = Very important
		3 = Somewhat important
		4 = Not at all important
		9 = No Answer
58	DESCRIBS	1 = I strongly favor my candidate
	Question D	2 = I like my candidate but with reservations
		3 = I dislike the other candidate
		9 = No Answer
59	JEBJOB4	1 = Strongly approve
	Question P	2 = Somewhat approve
		3 = Somewhat disapprove
		4 = Strongly disapprove
		9 = No Answer
60	JEBJOB2	1 = Strongly/Somewhat approve
	(Recoded from JEBJOB4)	2 = Strongly/Somewhat disapprove
	,	9 = No answer
72	SEXRACE	1 = White male
	(Recoded from SEX and RACE)	2 = White female
		3 = Non-white male
		4 = Non-white female
73	SEXWHITE	1 = White male
	(Recoded from SEX and RACE)	2 = White female
	(3 = Non-white
74	AGE60	1 = 18-29
' '	(Recoded from AGE9)	2 = 30-44
	(Recoded from Field)	3 = 45-59
		4 = 60 or over
75	AGE65	1 = 18-24
73	(Recoded from AGE9)	2 = 25-29
	(Recoded Holli / RGE)	3 = 30-39
		4 = 40-49
		5 = 50-64
		6 = 65 or over
76	OVER65	1 = 18-64
/0	(Recoded from AGE9)	2 = 65 or over
77	AGE3	1 = 18-29
' '	(Recoded from AGE9)	1 = 18-29 2 = 30-59
	(Recoded Holli AGE9)	
70	DADTV	3 = 60 or over
78	PARTY (Page ded from PARTYID)	1 = Democrat
	(Recoded from PARTYID)	2 = Republican
70	DICCOL	3 = Independent
79	INC50K	1 = Less than \$50,000
	(Recoded from INCOME05)	2 = \$50,000 or more

90	INC100V	1 - Loss than \$100,000
80	INC100K (Recoded from INCOME05)	1 = Less than \$100,000 2 = \$100,000 or more
81	REL5	1 = Protestant/Other Christian
81		2 = Catholic
	(Recoded from RELIGN8)	
		3 = Jewish
		4 = Something else
02	WWW	5 = None
82	WHITEREL	1 = White Protestant/Other Christian
	(Recoded from RACE and	2 = White Catholic
	RELIGN8)	3 = White Jewish
		4 = White something else
		5 = White none
0.5	COLLEDIA	6 = Non-white
87	COLLEDUC	1 = No college degree
	(Recoded from EDUC)	2 = College degree
88	HSEDUC	1 = High school degree or less
	(Recoded from EDUC)	2 = At least some college
89	BUSH	1 = Strongly/Somewhat approve
	(Recoded from BUSH4)	2 = Strongly/Somewhat disapprove
		9 = No Answer
93	IRAQWAR2	1 = Strongly/Somewhat approve
	(Recoded from IRAQWAR)	2 = Strongly/Somewhat disapprove
		9 = No Answer
97	COUNT2	1 = Very/Somewhat confident
	(Recoded from COUNTACC)	2 = Not very/Not at all confident
		9 = No Answer
110	QRACEAI	1 = White
		2 = Black
	Question B	3 = Hispanic/Latino
		4 = Asian
	See Section IIIg in general	5 = American Indian
	documentation for description	6 = Other
112	SPANISHQ	1 = Spanish questionnaire used
		2 = English questionnaire used
	See Section IIId in general	
	documentation for description	
114	SIZEPLAC	1 = City over 500,000
		2 = City 50,000 - 499,999
		3 = Suburbs
		4 = City 10,000 - 49,999
		5 = Rural
115	SIZEPLC3	1 = City over 50,000
		2 = Suburbs
		3 = Small city or Rural
116-117	CDNUM	Congressional district number
118	CDSTRATUM	1 = Unopposed Democratic
		2 = Strong Democratic
		3 = Competitive
		4 = Strong Republican
		5 = Unopposed Republican

120	GEOGODE	1 16 16 16
120	GEOCODE	1 = Miami/Gold Coast
		2 = South
		3 = Tampa Bay Area
		4 = Central
		5 = North
121	ZCODE1	1 = Extremely High Density Urban
		2 = High Density Urban
	See Section IIIf in general	3 = Suburb
	documentation for description	4 = Town
		5 = Low Density Rural
		6 = Extremely Low Density Rural
122	ZCODE2	1 = Urban
		2 = 60s Suburbs
	See Section IIIf in general	3 = 70s Suburbs
	documentation for description	4 = 80s Suburbs
		5 = Rural
123	ZCODE3	1 = Urban Core
		2 = Urban Perimeter
	See Section IIIf in general	3 = Low-Growth Suburban Perimeter
	documentation for description	4 = High-Growth Suburban Perimeter
	1	5 = Rural
124	ZCODE4	1 = Very upscale
		2 = Upscale
	See Section IIIf in general	3 = Downscale
	documentation for description	4 = Very downscale



National Election Pool Exit Polls Conducted by Edison Media Research/Mitofsky International

<u>Documentation for the</u> 2006 General Election Exit Polls

I. Introduction

The National Election Poll (ABC News, Associated Press, CBS News, CNN, Fox News and NBC News) sponsored exit polls for the 2006 General Elections. The questionnaires were solely the work of the NEP. Edison/Mitofsky designed and conducted the exit polls for NEP. This document describes the exit poll datasets, explains how to access the data and how to interpret the column location documentation. It also includes information regarding the analysis of these data.

Attached are the following: a description of the "National Election Pool Exit Poll Methodology," a list of state numbers and region codes, detailed column location information for each dataset, a map of the geostrata used in each state and the exit poll questionnaires in .PDF format.

II. Data Files

Thirty-three data files are available – the national survey dataset, and one dataset for each of the thirty-two states for which state surveys were conducted. Note that in 2006, as in previous midterm elections, statewide exit polls were not conducted in every state. The states with exit poll coverage in 2006 are:

Arizona, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

State surveys were not conducted in the District or Columbia and 18 states: Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, and South Dakota.

The data are made available as ascii files and in SPSS format. Within each state's directory, you will find:

- a) a folder containing the ascii file (ending in .DAT)
- b) column definitions (a text document) for that state
- c) an SPSS folder containing datafiles (ending in .SAV) and portable files (ending in .POR)
- d) a folder containing the questionnaire and geostrata map for that state in .PDF format.

Because no statewide exit polls were conducted in 18 states as well as the District of Columbia in 2006, it is not possible to create a "combined data file" representing the results from all fifty states and the District of Columbia similar to the one generated in 2004 by combining the results from all of the state surveys. A combined data file that adequately represents the entire country can only be generated if statewide exit polls are conducted in all 50 states. The only national survey data available will be from the national survey which was conducted in a sample of 250 polling locations representing all fifty states.

III. All Surveys

The information in this section applies to the national and all of the state surveys.

a. Weights

Respondent weights are included with each data file. They can be found in columns 18 through 23 of each file. These weights should be applied in all analyses. <u>Unweighted tabulations will be seriously misleading and should not be used.</u> In the SPSS data file, these values can be found under the variable label WGT.

For additional information on weighting, see the methodology statement at the end of this file.

b. Backside Variable

One key variable, known as the "backside" variable, exists on all surveys that used a two-sided questionnaire. It can be found in column 16 in all applicable states. [Please note that some state surveys used a one-sided questionnaire and thus do not include the "backside" variable.] When BACKSIDE = 1, there was at least one response on the reverse side of the questionnaire, indicating that the respondent turned the questionnaire over. This allows the researcher who is analyzing a question that appears on the backside to omit respondents who did not turn the questionnaire over. For all respondents where BACKSIDE = 2, responses to any question that appeared on page 2 of the questionnaire are coded as system missing in the SPSS file and are blank in the ascii file.

c. Blanks/Omits

A blank represents an omit, or a non-response, to an item. However, a blank can also represent that the respondent was not asked the question.

To make sure that your results match those published by the National Election Pool, the attached files apply the following policies for coding omits:

1. On most demographic variables (such as age), all blanks have been set to a missing code in the SPSS files and appear as blanks in the ascii data.

- 2. On opinion variables (such as approval ratings), blanks are treated as "Don't Know" responses and are considered to be valid responses. They have been recoded as the numeral nine ("9") in the SPSS files and in the ascii data.
- 3. Some questions asked on the exit poll do not apply to or cannot be asked of absentee or early vote respondents. For these questions, absentee respondents have been set to a missing code in the SPSS files and appear as blanks in the ascii data. Affected questions are noted in each datafile's documentation.

Note, however, that different rules apply if the variable called BACKSIDE has a value of "2". If no questions were answered on the backside, all backside questions have been set to a missing code in the SPSS files and appear as blanks in the ascii data.

d. Language

In eight states, questionnaires in Spanish as well as in English were available in every precinct in which Hispanics represented 20% or more of the total population. Spanish language questionnaires were available in some precincts in Arizona, California, Florida, Illinois, Nevada, New Mexico, New York and Texas. In the data sets for these eight states and in the national data set, the variable SPANISHQ (column 112) indicates the language of the questionnaire the respondent completed.

e. Additional Items

These items, not on the questionnaire, were added to all data files:

Short Label Description

BACKSIDE Completed Backside of Exit Poll: (all states using a two-sided questionnaire)

1=Yes

2 = No

CALL Call Number: (Interviewers called in results three times during election day, this

variable indicates the call on which a questionnaire was entered.)

1= First call

2= Second call

3= Third call

9= Absentee telephone survey

STANUM State Number (See attached state list)

PRECINCT EMR/MI Internal Precinct Number; this number does not match the official precinct

name or number.

ID Respondent ID number

WGT Respondent weight

QTYPE Questionnaire type: (Each state's datafile contains respondents from both the national

and state questionnaires; The national datafile contains only national questionnaires.)

1 = State questionnaire

2 = National questionnaire

VERSION Questionnaire version number (All state questionnaires are version 1; National

questionnaires include versions 1 through 2)

SPANISHQ Language of questionnaire

1= Spanish 2= English

CDNUM Congressional district number

f. Urbanity Codes

As in previous years, precincts are assigned to urban, suburban, or rural classifications based on Census Bureau definitions of Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and principal cities.

SIZEPLAC Size of Area (5 Categories)

1 - Principal Cities over 500,000 4 - Principal Cities 10,000 - 50,000

2 - Principal Cities 50,000 - 500,000 5 - Rural

3 – Suburbs (precinct is in an MSA but not in a principal city)

SIZEPLC3 Size of Area (3 Categories -- a regrouping of the five-categories in SIZEPLAC)

1 – Principal Cities over 50,000

2 – Suburbs (precinct is in an MSA but not in the central city)

3 – Small Cities/Rural

The two variables – SIZEPLAC, and SIZEPLC3 – retain the same coding structure that Voter News Service (VNS) used in previous years, but the codes were assigned using a different procedure. Edison/Mitofsky collected the ZIP code of each precinct in its state and national samples and matched that ZIP code to a data set that showed whether that ZIP code is assigned to a principal city or to another portion of an MSA and the population of the city or town that the ZIP code is assigned to. If a precinct falls within the central or principal city of an MSA, SIZEPLAC is coded "1", "2", or "4" based on the population. If it falls within an MSA but not in the central or principal city, it is coded "3", and if it does not fall within an MSA, it is coded "5".

Additional data is available from the Census Bureau at the ZIP code level, and to take advantage of this data, several experimental variables were added to the data set in 2006. The following four variables were developed by Keating Holland of CNN, using the ZIP code of each precinct as follows:

ZCODE1 Urban/Suburban/Rural by Population Density

- 1 Extremely High Density Urban Any precinct in a zip code with a population density of more than 7,000 people per square mile
- 2 High Density Any precinct in a zip code with a population density between 3,500 and 6,999 people per square mile
- 3 Suburb Any precinct in a zip code with a population density between 200 and 3,499 people per square mile that is within 40 miles of a large city or within 20 miles of a small city
- 4 Town Any precinct in a zip code with a population density between 200 and 3,499 people per square mile that is not a suburb.
- 5 Low Density Rural Any precinct in a zip code with a population density between 50 and 199 people per square mile
- 6 Extremely Low Density Rural Any precinct in a zip code with a population density of less than 50 people per square mile

ZCODE2 Suburbs subdivided by data on age of housing stock from U.S. Census

- 1 Urban see SIZEPLAC
- 2-60s Suburbs Any precinct defined as suburban in SIZEPLAC in which the "median year structure built" for housing units is 1969 or less
- 3 70s Suburbs Any precinct defined as suburban in SIZEPLAC in which the "median year structure built" for housing units is 1970-1979
- 4-80s Suburbs Any precinct defined as suburban in SIZEPLAC in which the "median year structure built" for housing units is 1980 or higher
- 5 Rural see SIZEPLAC

ZCODE3 Suburban by proximity to principal city and population growth

- 1 Urban Core see Urban definition in SIZEPLAC
- 2 Urban Perimeter Any precinct defined as suburban in SIZEPLAC which is seven miles or less from a principal city of an MSA
- 3 Low-growth Suburban Perimeter Any precinct defined as suburban in SIZEPLAC which is more than seven miles from a principal city of an MSA and in which the population grew less than 20% between 1990 and 2002
- 4 High-growth Suburban Perimeter Any precinct defined as suburban in SIZEPLAC which is more than seven miles from a principal city of an MSA and in which the population grew 20% or more between 1990 and 2002
- 5 -Rural see SIZEPLAC

ZCODE1 is an attempt to define urban, suburban and rural precincts without relying on MSAs or principal cities and thus provides different definitions than the SIZEPLAC variable. ZCODE2 and ZCODE3 use the definitions in SIZEPLAC but attempt to identify exurbs and other subgroups of suburban precincts based on additional data not found in SIZEPLAC.

ZCODE4 Socio-economic status of zip code

- 1 Very upscale Top 25% in each state on socioeconomic scale
- 2 Upscale Next-highest 25% in each state on socioeconomic scale
- 3 Downscale Next-highest 25% in each state on socioeconomic scale
- 4 Very downscale Lowest 25% in each state on socioeconomic scale

Socioeconomic status scale was defined using income and education data from the Census for each zip code in the U.S. Two variables were chosen – median income and percent population over the age ot 25 with a bachelor's degree or higher. Zip codes were sorted by state, then rank-order into percentiles for the income variable and again for the college variable. This produces two scores for each zip code, each with a possible value of 1 to 100. The two scores were multiplied to produce a third score with a possible value of 1 to 10,000. These zip codes were again sorted by state and rank-order into percentiles.

g. The Race Question

As in previous years, the national questionnaire and the questionnaire in several states contained two separate questions on race and ethnicity. When using these data sets, researchers should not use either question for analysis, but instead should use the variable named RACE (column 30), which combines the answers to both questions.

On all questionnaires, Question B asked respondents to describe their race as White, Black, Hispanic, Asian or other. On both versions of the national and in states with Hispanic populations of five percent or more, a second question asked whether the respondent was of Hispanic descent. For the 2006 general election, these states were: Arizona, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Rhode Island, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

Answers from question B and the Hispanic descent question were combined to produce a variable called RACE in the following way:

Response to Question B	Response to HISPANIC/LATINO	Value assigned to the RACE variable
1 (White)	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
2 (Black)	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
3 (Hispanic/ Latino)	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
4 (Asian)	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
5 (American Indian)	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
6 (Other)	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
Blank	1 (Yes)	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
1 (White)	2 (No)	1 (White)
2 (Black)	2 (No)	2 (Black)
3 (Hispanic/ Latino)	2 (No)	3 (Hispanic/Latino)
4 (Asian)	2 (No)	4 (Asian)
5 (American Indian)	2 (No)	5 (American Indian)
6 (Other)	2 (No)	6 (Other)
Blank	2 (No)	Blank
1 (White)	Blank	1 (White)
2 (Black)	Blank	2 (Black)
3 (Hispanic/ Latino)	Blank	3 (Hispanic/ Latino)
4 (Asian)	Blank	4 (Asian)
5 (American Indian)	Blank	5 (American Indian)
6 (Other)	Blank	6 (Other)
Blank	Blank	Blank

This recoding was done to better identify Hispanic voters who may have answered "White" or some other race on Question B. In Florida, responses "1" and "2" were coded the same as response "1" to Latino, Mexican or Spanish, and response "3" was treated the same as response "2" to Latino, Mexican or Spanish.

In most of those states the separate question on Hispanic descent is called LATINO. It reads, "Are you of Hispanic or Latino descent?" and uses a yes or no response set. A different question was used in Florida. In Florida, it was called CUBAN3 and read, "Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent?" This variable includes two codes which indicate that the respondent is of Hispanic descent (1=Yes, Cuban and 2=Yes, other Hispanic). The "No" answer in Florida is code 3, not code 2.

h. Changes from 2002/2004 variables

In order to standardize the questions on race and ethnic background, the 2006 exit polls asked these questions the same way in virtually every state. In most states, this represents a change from how these questions were handled in previous years.

QRACEAI (Question B)

In previous elections, code 5 was assigned to the "Other" category in most states, but was assigned to "American Indian" in seven states -- Arizona, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Wyoming. In Alaska, code 5 was assigned to "Alaska native" and in Hawaii code 5 was assigned to "Native Hawaiian." In these nine states, the "Other" category was assigned to code 6, not code 5.

In the 2006 exit polls, code 5 was assigned to "American Indian," "Alaska native," or "Native Hawaiian" in ALL states and code 6 was assigned to "Other" in ALL states. This Race question is called "QRACEAI".

The following chart indicates the changes made in 2006:

	PREVIOUS YEARS	2006
Code 5 = American Indian	Arizona, Montana, New	All states except Alaska and
Code 6 = Other Mexico, North Dakota,		Hawaii
	Oklahoma, South Dakota,	
	Wyoming	
Code 5 = Alaska Native	Alaska	Alaska
Code 6 = Other		
Code 5 = Native Hawaiian	Hawaii	Hawaii
Code 6 = Other		
Code 5 = Other	All other states	No states
No code 6		

HISPANIC

In previous elections, the wording of the question on Hispanic descent varied from state to state. In Arizona, California, Colorado and Texas, the separate Hispanic question, called MEXICAN, read, "Are you of Mexican or Hispanic descent?" with a yes or no response set. In New Mexico, the question, called SPANISH, read, "Are you of Spanish, Mexican or Hispanic descent?" with a yes or no response set. In all other states in which the question was asked, the question, called LATINO, read, "Are you of Hispanic or Latino descent?"

In 2006 the wording of this question was consistent in all states in which a question on Hispanic descent appeared. The question was called LATINO and the wording in each of these states was "Are you of Hispanic or Latino descent?"

The one exception was Florida where, as noted previously, the question included separate options for Cubans and for non-Cuban Hispanics.

The following chart indicates the changes made in 2006:

	2004	2006
"Are you of Hispanic or Latino	Connecticut, D.C., Georgia,	Arizona, California,
descent?"	Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas,	Connecticut, Florida, Georgia,
1=Yes	Massachusetts, Nebraska, New	Hawaii, Illinois, Massachusetts,
2=No	Jersey, New York, Oklahoma,	Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey,
	Rhode Island, Utah,	New Mexico, New York, Rhode
	Washington, Wyoming	Island, Texas, Utah,
		Washington, Wyoming
"Are you of Mexican or	Arizona, California, Colorado,	No states
Hispanic descent?"	Nevada, Texas	
1=Yes		
2=No		
"Are you of Spanish, Mexican	New Mexico	No states
or Hispanic descent?"		
1=Yes		
2=No		
"Are you of Cuban or Hispanic	Florida	Florida
descent?"		
1=Yes, Cuban		
2=Yes, other Hispanic		
3=No		

IV. National Survey

The information in this section applies only to the national survey.

a. Design

A sample of exit poll precincts was drawn from each of the thirty-two states listed in section II. A subsample of these precincts was selected to form the national sample. In addition a sample of precincts was selected in the eighteen states without state surveys to be included in the national sample. Respondents in the national precincts were given one of two versions of the national questionnaire. The two versions were interleaved on pads that were handed out to respondents. Responses to the two versions are combined into one dataset. All versions have questions in common as well as questions unique to each version.

Version numbers were located in two places on the front of each questionnaire, in the header in the upper right corner and in the footer in the bottom right corner. Version numbers are included in the dataset as noted above. To determine which questions are on which version of the questionnaire, simply crosstab each question by "Version" (found in column 14 in the ascii dataset). All questions which do not appear on a particular version are entered as system missing in the SPSS file and are blank in the ascii dataset.

Generic versions of the national questionnaires are included in .PDF form. The national questionnaire used in each state included the appropriate candidates in the statewide races. For the House vote, in states with one, at-large, congressional district or where all the national precincts were in the same congressional district, candidate names were printed on the questionnaire. The at-large states were Alaska, Delaware, Montana and North Dakota, and those with only one congressional district in the sample were Arkansas (CD 2), Maine (CD 1), Nebraska (CD 3), Nevada (CD 3), New Mexico (CD 1), Mississippi (CD 4) and Rhode Island (CD 1). In all other states, the House candidates were listed on the questionnaire as "The Democratic candidate" and "The Republican candidate" but interviewers were provided with separate cards with the names of the Democratic and Republican U.S. House candidate to use to inform the respondents of the names of the candidates in their particular precinct.

b. Breaking news

On version 2 of the national questionnaire, a question was set aside that would allow the National Election Pool to ask about late breaking news events. On the Sunday before the election, interviewers were instructed to write in "The Saddam Verdict" on the blank line on each version 2 questionnaire that had been sent to them for use on November 7. The question looked like this:

[L] In your vote for U.S. House, how important	rtant was
1 Extremely important	·
2 ☐ Very important	
3 ☐ Somewhat important	
4 ☐ Not at all important	

The purpose of this question was to allow the National Election Pool to have an exit poll question about an event that occurred as late as the Sunday before an election, even though the questionnaires had been printed about a week before the election occurred.

In the national SPSS dataset, this variable is labeled "Break06" and can be found in column 62 of the ascii dataset. This question was not asked of absentee phone poll respondents.

c. Additional Item

This item, not on the questionnaire, was added to the national data file:

Short Label Description

REGION Geographic region: (See included list of state numbers and region codes for further detail)

1= East

2= Midwest

3= South

4= West

d. Absentee/Early Voter Survey

Edison Media Research/Mitofsky International conducted pre-election telephone interviews in states with a high proportion voters who said they voted by mail using an absentee ballot or voted in-person at an early voting location. Absentee or early voters were asked the same questions asked at the polling place on Election Day with the exception of the "breaking news" question and the "time of decision" question.

On election day, the results from the absentee/early voter telephone surveys were combined with the data from the exit polls conducted that day in a way that made sure those two groups were represented in the data in the same proportion as they were in the actual vote totals.

A variable in each of these files indicates whether the respondent was interviewed as part of the election day exit poll or the telephone/early exit poll, called TELEPOLL (column 17).

A total of 1,478 telephone interviewers were conducted. The states where absentee/early voters were interviewed for the National exit poll are: Arizona, California, Florida, Michigan, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas and Washington state. Absentee voters in these states made up 16% of the total national vote in the 2004 presidential election. Another 6% of the 2004 total vote was cast absentee in other states in 2004 and where there is no absentee/early voter telephone poll. Note that since all voters in Oregon and nearly all voters in Washington cast their ballots by mail, there were no election day interviews in Oregon and Washington. The only interviews included from Oregon and Washington are from the telephone survey of absentee and early voters.

Interviewing Service of America conducted the fieldwork for the national telephone survey. Households were selected using random-digit dialing, and a respondent was randomly selected within each household. Interviewing began on October 27, 2006 and concluded on November 5, 2006. Before the telephone survey results were combined with the exit poll data they were weighted to reflect the probabilities of selection and to reflect demographic characteristics in that state. The demographic weighting was based on all respondents 18 years of age or older selected in the sample regardless of whether they voted absentee/early or not.

V. State Surveys

The information in this section applies only to the state surveys.

In 2006, state surveys were not conducted in all fifty states.

As stated earlier in Section II, state surveys were only conducted in 32 states: Arizona, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

State surveys were not conducted in the District or Columbia and 18 states: Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, and South Dakota.

a. Design

As mentioned above, a sample of exit poll precincts was drawn in each state. A subsample of these precincts was selected to form the national sample. The remaining precincts in each state made up the state sample and were given questionnaires specific to that state. Because the national questionnaire has several items in common with the state questionnaire, national respondents are included in the state exit poll dataset for these common questions.

To determine which questions are on the national questionnaire, simply crosstab each question by QTYPE (found in column 13 of the ascii dataset), indicating whether the respondent completed the state or national survey. If the corresponding item did not appear on that respondent's version of the questionnaire, it was coded as system missing in the SPSS file and will appear as a blank in the ascii dataset. Remember, as noted above, some questions on the national survey appear on both versions of the national and some do not.

b. Additional Item

The following item, not on the questionnaire, was added to all of the state datasets:

Short Label Description

GEOCODE

Geographic Code (2 to 6 categories): NEP-coded geographic regions within a state. See each state's attached column documentation and .PDF geocode map for further information. In states with a small number of sample precincts (less than or equal to 20), the number of precincts within each geographic code may not be sufficient to provide representation within each geographic code.

c. Absentee/Early Voter Survey

Edison Media Research/Mitofsky International conducted pre-election telephone interviews of people who said they had either already voted by mail using an absentee ballot or voted in-person at an early voting location. These interviews were conducted in nine states with large populations of absentee and early voters. In Washington state where nearly all votes are cast by mail, no election day interviews were conducted. Only telephone interviews of voters were conducted in Washington. Absentee or early voters were asked the same questions asked at the polling place on Election Day.

In addition to Washington, telephone surveys were conducted in Arizona, California, Florida, Michigan, Nevada, New Mexico, Tennessee, and Texas. In each state, the survey included voters who had either already voted absentee/early or who were likely to do so. In addition to those respondents who received the state versions of the absentee/early voter telephone surveys, the respondents in each of these states who received the national version of the absentee/early voter telephone survey are included in the state files.

These are the full sample sizes: Arizona N=679 (602 state and 77 national), California N=816 (503 state; 313 national), Florida N=716 (502 state; 214 national), Michigan N=518 (456 state; 62 national), Nevada N=740 (703 state; 37 national), New Mexico N=724 (702 state; 22 national), Tennessee N=813 (703 state; 110 national), Texas N=994 (706 state; 288 national) and Washington N=1126 (907 state; 219 national).

On election day, the results from the absentee/early voter telephone surveys were combined with the data from the exit polls conducted that day in a way that made sure those two groups were represented in the data in the same proportion as they were in the actual vote totals.

There is a variable in each of these files indicating whether the respondent was interviewed as part of the election day exit poll or the pre-election telephone poll, called TELEPOLL (column 17).

Universal Survey Center conducted the interviews for the Michigan, Texas, Washington and half of the Nevada telephone surveys.

On-Line Communications conducted the interviews for the New Mexico, Tennessee and half of the Nevada telephone surveys.

Interviewing Services of America conducted the interviews for the Arizona, California, and Florida telephone surveys.

Households in all telephone polls were selected using random-digit dialing, and a respondent was randomly selected within each household. Interviewing for the state absentee surveys began on October 27, 2006 and concluded on November 5, 2006.

Before the telephone survey results were combined with the exit poll data they were weighted to reflect the probabilities of selection and to reflect demographic characteristics in that state. The demographic weighting was based on all respondents 18 years of age or older selected in the sample regardless of whether they voted absentee/early or not.

2006 National Election Pool Exit Poll Methodology

The NEP exit polls were developed and conducted by Edison Media Research and Mitofsky International. NEP is a pool of ABC News, Associated Press, CNN, CBS News, FOX News and NBC News. The exit poll results are based on interviews with a probability sample of voters exiting polling places in each state on Election Day.

The error due to sampling for most state exit poll questions is approximately plus or minus 4 percentage points (see the sampling error table below). This means 95 times out of 100, samples like this one will have results within 4 points of what a complete count of all voters would show. Results based on part of the sample will have larger margins of error, as will groups of voters -- such as Blacks -- who are found disproportionately in some precincts.

Sampling

The samples were selected in two stages. First, a probability sample of voting precincts within each state was selected that represents the different geographic areas across the state and the partisan makeup of the state. Precincts were selected with a probability proportionate to the number of voters in each precinct. There is one exception. In some states, precincts that have large minority populations were sampled at a higher rate than other precincts. The sample weighting (described below) adjusts the representation of these precincts to their correct share of the total vote. Within each precinct, voters were sampled systematically throughout the voting day at a rate that gives all voters in a precinct the same chance of being interviewed.

Weighting

The exit poll results are weighted to reflect the complexity of the sampling design. That is, the weighting takes into account the different probabilities of selecting a precinct and of selecting a voter within each precinct. For example, minority precincts that were selected at a higher rate receive a smaller weight than other precincts of the same size. An adjustment is made for voters who were missed or refused to be interviewed, which is based on their observed age, race and gender. Respondents are also weighted based upon the size and distribution of the final tabulated vote within geographic regions of the state or of the nation.

NOTE: The exit poll results are only meaningful if they are weighted. Unweighted tabulations may be seriously misleading and should not be used for any reason.

Questions Altered over the Years

Comparing data from one election year to another should be done carefully. "Trends" are established by comparing questions that are asked in exactly the same way. Failure to exercise appropriate care could lead to invalid conclusions about voting behavior. Please consult VNS documentation about exit polls conducted between 1994 and 2002 and the Edison/Mitofsky NEP documentation from 2004 and 2006 before making comparisons between these data and previous exit polls.

Sampling Error

All samples are approximations. A measure of the approximation is called the sampling error. Sampling error is affected by the design of the sample, the characteristic being measured and the number of people who have the characteristic. The error due to sampling depends, among other things, on the number of respondents in each group. The sampling errors below are for most voter groups. There are 95 chances in 100 that a sample result is within this many percentage points of the result that would have been obtained by interviewing every voter.

The sampling error also depends on the distribution of a characteristic among precincts. If a characteristic is found in roughly the same proportions in all precincts the sampling error will be lower. If the characteristic is concentrated in a few precincts the sampling error will be larger. Gender would be a good example of a characteristic with a lower sampling error. Characteristics for minority racial groups will have larger sampling errors. For example, black or high income voters may be found clustered in only a few sample precincts. A characteristic that is clustered in a few precincts has a larger sampling error than characteristics such as sex that are not as highly clustered. Sampling error may be up to three times larger for highly clustered characteristics.

The table below lists typical sampling errors for given size subgroups for a 95% confidence interval. The values in the table should be added and subtracted from the characteristic's percentage in order to construct an interval. 95% of the intervals created this way will contain the value that would be obtained if all voters were interviewed using the same procedures. Other non-sampling factors, including nonresponse, are likely to increase the total error.

Example: If there are a total of 1,000 respondents in the sample, the sampling error on the 49% of men voting for a candidate depends on the number of men in the poll. In this example, if there are 490 men, the table below shows that if about 25% vote for a candidate, the sampling error is about plus or minus 6 percentage points.

%E1	%Error Due to Sampling (+/-) for 95% Confidence Interval									
	Number of Voters in Base of Percentage									
% Voters with Characteristic	100 101 200 201 500 501 950 951 2350 2351 5250 5251 8000 8001 15000									
5% or 95%	6	5	3	2	2	1	1	1		
15% or 85%	11	7	5	4	3	2	1	1		
25% or 75%	13	9	6	5	3	2	2	1		
50%	15	10	7	5	4	3	2	1		

National Election Pool Exit Poll Completion Rates - 2006

The following table contains the respondent completion rates for all of the exit polls conducted by the NEP in 2004 & 2006 and by VNS in 2000.

This overall completion rate is computed by averaging the completion rates in each precinct weighted by the exit poll sample weight. The precinct completion rate is equal to the number of completed questionnaires divided by the number of attempts (completed questionnaires + total refusals and misses).

For comparison purposes we have recalculated the VNS completion rates from 2000 using this formula. The completion rate for the National Sample Precincts is the weighted average completion rate for the 250 precincts used in the national sample. The completion rate for All Precincts is the average completion rate for all 1,469 precincts used in all of the state samples. The 2004 national completion rate decreased by one half of one percent since 2000. The completion rates increased in 23 states and decreased in 27 states.

Completion Rate Computed by Averaging Precinct Rates:

State State	2006	2004	2000	State	2006	2004	2000
All Precincts	45.0	53.2	53.7	Mississippi	NA	49.6	69.7
National Sample Precincts	43.6	52.8	NA	Missouri	41.2	47.0	38.1
Alabama	NA	58.3	63.9	Montana	44.1	63.0	55.9
Alaska	NA	53.2	61.9	Nebraska	48.6	66.5	50.7
Arizona	41.1	57.3	55.3	Nevada	50.5	49.1	50.0
Arkansas	NA	60.2	61.2	New Hampshire	NA	44.0	54.8
California	44.6	50.5	48.2	New Jersey	37.9	59.7	51.8
Colorado	NA	55.5	59.1	New Mexico	48.3	56.9	57.5
Connecticut	47.4	51.0	54.9	New York	43.9	57.9	53.9
D.C.	NA	53.5	46.8	North Carolina	NA	52.6	56.2
Delaware	NA	57.5	52.0	North Dakota	65.6	63.0	68.5
Florida	41.2	49.0	54.6	Ohio	36.6	44.1	44.9
Georgia	44.7	63.9	49.9	Oklahoma	NA	53.2	64.8
Hawaii	48.0	53.4	54.8	Pennsylvania	44.8	46.8	48.5
Idaho	NA	63.2	60.9	Rhode Island	36.5	44.2	42.7
Illinois	47.2	51.9	45.8	South Carolina	NA	59.4	60.3
Indiana	NA	38.6	53.1	South Dakota	NA	42.7	34.4
Iowa	NA	52.6	60.3	Tennessee	47.4	66.7	64.5
Kansas	NA	64.5	64.2	Texas	49.0	58.3	61.1
Kentucky	NA	52.6	53.8	Utah	58.8	59.6	57.6
Louisiana	NA	47.8	59.1	Vermont	54.9	53.1	60.3
Maine	62.9	61.3	66.0	Virginia	38.2	56.4	48.8
Maryland	44.0	59.4	64.9	Washington	NA	53.8	50.4
Massachusetts	45.0	56.5	54.0	West Virginia	53.7	48.7	55.8
Michigan	35.4	50.2	48.4	Wisconsin	53.9	55.3	51.7
Minnesota	40.6	45.3	46.9	Wyoming	57.9	66.0	60.1

National Election Pool -













Conducted by





Edison/Mitofsky

National Election Pool Exit Polls Conducted by Edison Media Research/Mitofsky International State Code List

State Number	State Name	State Number	State Name
1	Alabama	27	Montana
2	Alaska	28	Nebraska
3	Arizona	29	Nevada
4	Arkansas	30	New Hampshire
5	California	31	New Jersey
6	Colorado	32	New Mexico
7	Connecticut	33	New York
8	Delaware	34	North Carolina
9	District of Columbia	35	North Dakota
10	Florida	36	Ohio
11	Georgia	37	Oklahoma
12	Hawaii	38	Oregon
13	Idaho	39	Pennsylvania
14	Illinois	40	Rhode Island
15	Indiana	41	South Carolina
16	Iowa	42	South Dakota
17	Kansas	43	Tennessee
18	Kentucky	44	Texas
19	Louisiana	45	Utah
20	Maine	46	Vermont
21	Maryland	47	Virginia
22	Massachusetts	48	Washington
23	Michigan	49	West Virginia
24	Minnesota	50	Wisconsin
25	Mississippi	51	Wyoming
26	Missouri		

- National Election Pool -











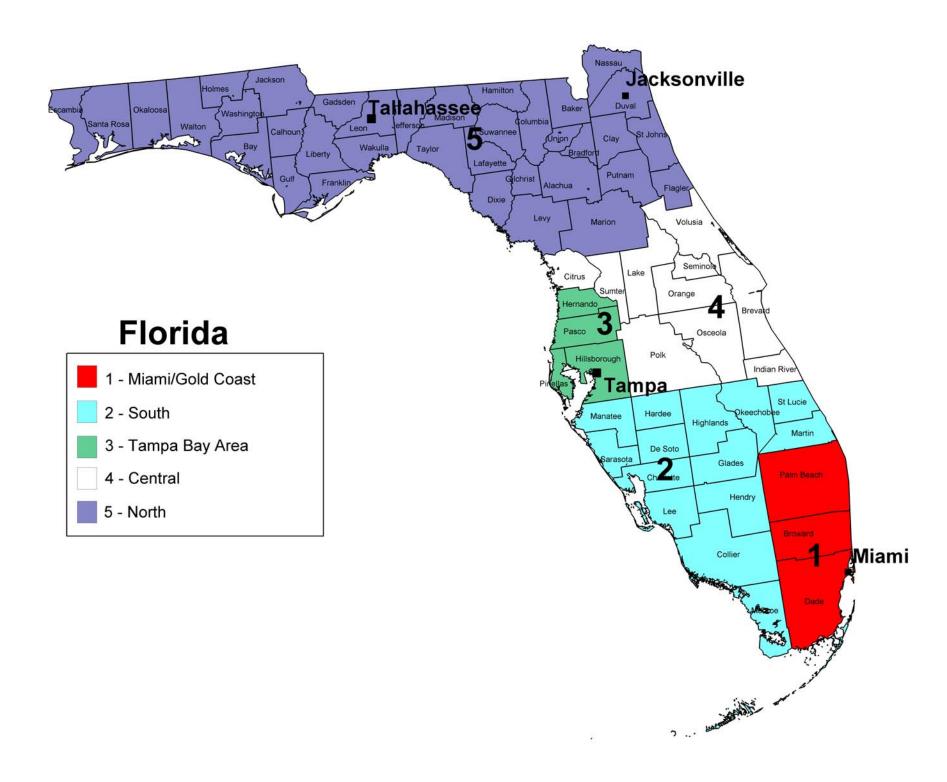




National Regions

Region Code	Region Name
1	East
2	Midwest
3	South
4	West

East	Midwest	South	West
Connecticut	Illinois	Alabama	Arizona
Delaware	Indiana	Arkansas	California
District of Columbia	Iowa	Florida	Colorado
Maine	Kansas	Georgia	Hawaii
Maryland	Michigan	Kentucky	Idaho
Massachusetts	Minnesota	Louisiana	Montana
New Hampshire	Missouri	Mississippi	Nevada
New Jersey	Nebraska	North Carolina	New Mexico
New York	North Dakota	Oklahoma	Oregon
Pennsylvania	Ohio	South Carolina	Utah
Rhode Island	South Dakota	Tennessee	Washington
Vermont	Wisconsin	Texas	Wyoming
West Virginia		Virginia	



National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

		Total	DAVI	CRIS	Diff
Number of Interviews - 2,805	Vote Estimate Not for On-Air Use	100	45	52	-
Are you: (n=2,793)	Male	49	42	56	-
	Female	51	49	49	-
Sex by race (n=2,741)	White male	35	35	62	-
	White female	36	40	57	-
	Non-white male	13	59	39	-
	Non-white female	15	68	30	-
Are you: (n=2,752)	White	72	38	59	-
	Black	14	81	18	-
	Hispanic/Latino	11	49	49	-
	Asian	1	-	-	-
	Other	2	43	48	-
Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent? (n=2,738)	Yes, Cuban	5	29	70	-
())	Yes, other Hispanic	6	66	33	-
	No	89	44	53	-
AGE (60 and over) (n=2,775)	18-29	10	49	50	-
	30-44	23	45	51	-
	45-59	33	45	52	-
	60 or over	34	44	54	-
Age 65 & over (n=2,775)	18-64	76	45	51	-
	65 or over	24	44	55	-
2005 total family income: (n=2,383)	Under \$15,000	7	50	47	-
	\$15,000 - \$29,999	11	53	45	-
	\$30,000 - \$49,999	20	49	49	-



National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

		Total	DAVI	CRIS	Diff
2005 total family income: (n=2,383)	\$50,000 - \$74,999	23	44	54	-
	\$75,000 - \$99,999	16	44	54	-
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	14	38	58	-
	\$150,000 - \$199,999	4	34	61	-
	\$200,000 or more	6	34	63	-
Total family income: (n=2,383)	Less than \$50,000	38	50	48	-
	\$50,000 or more	62	41	56	-
Total family income: (n=2,383)	Less than \$100,000	76	47	51	-
	\$100,000 or more	24	37	60	-
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,266)	Did not complete high school	4	62	36	-
, , ,	High school graduate	20	46	50	-
	Some college or associate degree	29	41	56	-
	College graduate	30	44	53	-
	Postgraduate study	17	48	50	-
College Education (n=2,266)	No college degree	53	45	52	-
	College graduate	47	45	52	-
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,266)	High school graduate or less	24	49	48	-
, , , , ,	More than high school grad	76	44	53	-
No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as a: (n=2,672)	Democrat	36	85	14	-
accan, amik or yourcon ac a. (i. 2,072)	Republican	40	8	90	-
	Independent or something else	24	47	46	-
On most political matters, do you consider yourself: (n=2,615)	Liberal	20	79	21	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Moderate	46	50	46	-
	Conservative	34	18	79	-



National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll GOVFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	DAVI	CRIS	Diff
Religion, combined Protestant and other Christian. (n=2,364)	Protestant/Other Christian	56	39	59	-
	Catholic	25	37	60	-
	Jewish	4	82	18	-
	Something else	5	64	35	-
	None	10	70	25	-
Religion among whites (n=2,386)	White Protestant/Other Christian	40	29	69	-
	White Catholic	17	34	63	-
	White Jewish	4	80	19	-
	White something else	3	56	42	-
	White none	8	65	29	-
	Non-white	28	62	35	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Strongly approve	26	8	91	-
as president? (n=2,429)	Somewhat approve	21	14	83	-
	Somewhat disapprove	12	52	43	-
	Strongly disapprove	40	83	15	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Approve	46	11	88	-
as president? (n=2,429)	Disapprove	53	76	21	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Strongly approve	40	12	85	-
governor? (n=1,940)	Somewhat approve	28	47	50	-
	Somewhat disapprove	14	81	14	-
	Strongly disapprove	17	88	10	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Approve	67	26	71	-
governor? (n=1,940)	Disapprove	31	85	12	-
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,707)	Strongly approve	22	7	91	-

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National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll Conducted by

GOVFL06 - Horizontal Percentages Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	DAVI	CRIS	Diff
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,707)	Somewhat approve	23	19	78	-
-1 () -1 (Somewhat disapprove	14	50	44	-
	Strongly disapprove	39	80	18	-
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,707)	Approve	45	13	84	-
	Disapprove	53	72	25	-
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the war in Iraq?	Extremely important	48	52	45	-
(n=1,940)	Very important	31	40	58	-
	Somewhat important	13	34	63	-
	Not at all important	7	39	57	-
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism? (n=1,940)	Extremely important	48	40	58	-
	Very important	32	40	57	-
	Somewhat important	15	65	30	-
	Not at all important	5	63	34	-
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy? (n=1,940)	Extremely important	51	47	51	-
	Very important	37	44	54	-
	Somewhat important	9	44	51	-
	Not at all important	2	-	-	-
In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of	Extremely important	50	49	49	-
homeowner's insurance? (n=2,016)	Very important	29	43	53	-
	Somewhat important	15	41	57	-
	Not at all important	5	39	59	-
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Very confident	47	26	72	-
(n=2,377)	Somewhat confident	37	55	42	-
	Not very confident	11	86	9	-

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--- National Election Pool













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Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Horizontal Percentages
Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	DAVI	CRIS	Diff
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Not at all confident	4	74	19	-
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Very/Somewhat confident	84	38	59	-
(n=2,377)	Not very/Not at all confident	15	83	12	-
Population of area, five categories (n=2,805)	Over 500 thousand	7	37	61	-
,	50 to 500 thousand	21	51	47	-
	Suburbs	59	45	52	-
	10 to 50 thousand	5	30	66	-
	Rural	8	45	52	-
Population of area, three categories (n=2,805)	City over 50 thousand	28	47	50	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Suburbs	59	45	52	-
	Small city and Rural	13	39	57	-
Geo Stratum Code (n=2,805)	MIAMI	24	57	41	-
	SOUTH	17	42	54	-
	TAMPA	16	42	55	-
	CENTRAL	22	43	55	-
	NORTH	21	39	58	-
n today's election for U.S. senator, did	Bill Nelson	61	71	27	-
, == ,== : == (=, : = .)	Katherine Harris	38	5	93	-

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National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

		Total	DAVI	CRIS
Number of Interviews - 2,805	Vote Estimate Not for On-Air Use	100	45	52
Are you: (n=2,793)	Male	49	45	52
	Female	51	55	48
Sex by race (n=2,741)	White male	35	28	42
	White female	36	33	40
	Non-white male	13	17	10
	Non-white female	15	23	9
Are you: (n=2,752)	White	72	60	82
	Black	14	25	5
	Hispanic/Latino	11	13	11
	Asian	1	1	1
	Other	2	2	2
Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent? (n=2,738)	Yes, Cuban	5	3	6
(11 2,100)	Yes, other Hispanic	6	9	4
	No	89	88	90
AGE (60 and over) (n=2,775)	18-29	10	11	10
	30-44	23	23	23
	45-59	33	32	32
	60 or over	34	34	35
Age 65 & over (n=2,775)	18-64	76	76	75
	65 or over	24	24	25
2005 total family income: (n=2,383)	Under \$15,000	7	8	6
	\$15,000 - \$29,999	11	13	9
	\$30,000 - \$49,999	20	22	19



- National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

		Total	DAVI	CRIS
2005 total family income: (n=2,383)	\$50,000 - \$74,999	23	22	23
	\$75,000 - \$99,999	16	16	16
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	14	12	15
	\$150,000 - \$199,999	4	3	5
	\$200,000 or more	6	4	7
Total family income: (n=2,383)	Less than \$50,000	38	43	34
	\$50,000 or more	62	57	66
Total family income: (n=2,383)	Less than \$100,000	76	80	73
	\$100,000 or more	24	20	27
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,266)	Did not complete high school	4	6	3
	High school graduate	20	21	19
	Some college or associate degree	29	27	31
	College graduate	30	29	30
	Postgraduate study	17	18	16
College Education (n=2,266)	No college degree	53	53	53
	College graduate	47	47	47
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,266)	High school graduate or less	24	26	22
, , ,	More than high school grad	76	74	78
No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as a: (n=2,672)	Democrat	36	68	10
	Republican	40	7	69
	Independent or something else	24	26	22
On most political matters, do you consider yourself: (n=2,615)	Liberal	20	35	8
	Moderate	46	52	41
	Conservative	34	14	51



--- National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

		Total	DAVI	CRIS
Religion, combined Protestant and other Christian. (n=2,364)	Protestant/Other Christian	56	49	62
	Catholic	25	21	28
	Jewish	4	8	1
	Something else	5	7	3
	None	10	16	5
Religion among whites (n=2,386)	White Protestant/Other Christian	40	26	52
	White Catholic	17	13	21
	White Jewish	4	7	1
	White something else	3	3	2
	White none	8	11	4
	Non-white	28	40	19
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Strongly approve	26	5	45
as president? (n=2,429)	Somewhat approve	21	6	32
	Somewhat disapprove	12	14	10
	Strongly disapprove	40	74	11
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Approve	46	11	77
as president? (n=2,429)	Disapprove	53	88	21
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Strongly approve	40	11	65
governor? (n=1,940)	Somewhat approve	28	29	27
	Somewhat disapprove	14	25	4
	Strongly disapprove	17	34	3
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Approve	67	40	91
governor? (n=1,940)	Disapprove	31	59	7
How do you feel about the U.S. war in raq? (n=2,707)	Strongly approve	22	4	38



National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

GOVFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

		Total	DAVI	CRIS
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,707)	Somewhat approve	23	10	35
	Somewhat disapprove	14	16	12
	Strongly disapprove	39	70	13
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,707)	Approve	45	13	73
	Disapprove	53	85	25
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the war in Iraq?	Extremely important	48	56	42
(n=1,940)	Very important	31	27	34
	Somewhat important	13	10	16
	Not at all important	7	6	8
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism?	Extremely important	48	43	53
(n=1,940)	Very important	32	28	35
	Somewhat important	15	21	8
	Not at all important	5	6	3
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy? (n=1,940)	Extremely important	51	53	51
important was the coefferny: (ii 1,616)	Very important	37	36	38
	Somewhat important	9	9	9
	Not at all important	2	1	2
In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of	Extremely important	50	54	47
homeowner's insurance? (n=2,016)	Very important	29	28	30
	Somewhat important	15	14	17
	Not at all important	5	4	5
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Very confident	47	27	66
(n=2,377)	Somewhat confident	37	44	30
	Not very confident	11	21	2



National Election Pool













Conducted by

GOVFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Florida General Exit Poll

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

GOVFL06 - In today's election for governor, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	DAVI	CRIS
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Not at all confident	4	6	1
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Very/Somewhat confident	84	71	96
(n=2,377)	Not very/Not at all confident	15	28	3
Population of area, five categories (n=2,805)	Over 500 thousand	7	6	9
	50 to 500 thousand	21	24	19
	Suburbs	59	59	58
	10 to 50 thousand	5	3	6
	Rural	8	8	8
Population of area, three categories (n=2,805)	City over 50 thousand	28	30	27
	Suburbs	59	59	58
	Small city and Rural	13	11	14
Geo Stratum Code (n=2,805)	MIAMI	24	30	19
	SOUTH	17	16	17
	TAMPA	16	14	17
	CENTRAL	22	21	23
	NORTH	21	19	24
In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for: (n=2,731)	Bill Nelson	61	95	32
y ,	Katherine Harris	38	4	68
	1		1	

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National Election Pool















Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

		Total	NLSN	HARR	Dem2000
Number of Interviews - 2,775	Vote Estimate Not for On-Air Use	100	61	38	-
Are you: (n=2,764)	Male	48	59	39	14
	Female	52	63	36	7
Sex by race (n=2,710)	White male	36	53	45	13
	White female	36	58	41	10
	Non-white male	13	76	23	-
	Non-white female	15	75	24	-
Are you: (n=2,720)	White	72	55	43	11
	Black	14	91	8	3
	Hispanic/Latino	11	58	41	11
	Asian	1	-	-	-
	Other	2	-	-	-
Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent? (n=2,703)	Yes, Cuban	4	36	62	-
	Yes, other Hispanic	6	74	26	21
	No	90	61	37	8
AGE (60 and over) (n=2,742)	18-29	10	67	31	14
	30-44	23	60	37	10
	45-59	33	60	38	10
	60 or over	34	60	39	7
Age 65 & over (n=2,742)	18-64	76	61	37	10
	65 or over	24	59	41	6
2005 total family income: (n=2,367)	Under \$15,000	7	71	28	9
	\$15,000 - \$29,999	11	66	33	-1
	\$30,000 - \$49,999	20	63	36	13



- National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

 ${\sf SENFL06-In}\ {\sf today's}\ {\sf election}\ {\sf for}\ {\sf U.S.}\ {\sf senator},\ {\sf did}\ {\sf you}\ {\sf just}\ {\sf vote}\ {\sf for}:$

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR	Dem2000
2005 total family income: (n=2,367)	\$50,000 - \$74,999	22	59	39	12
	\$75,000 - \$99,999	16	59	39	18
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	14	60	39	-
	\$150,000 - \$199,999	4	51	45	-
	\$200,000 or more	6	44	55	-
Total family income: (n=2,367)	Less than \$50,000	38	65	34	-
	\$50,000 or more	62	57	41	-
Total family income: (n=2,367)	Less than \$100,000	76	62	36	-
	\$100,000 or more	24	55	44	20
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,236)	Did not complete high school	4	69	31	11
completed: (11–2,230)	High school graduate	20	62	36	5
	Some college or associate degree	29	56	42	7
	College graduate	30	59	39	17
	Postgraduate study	17	65	33	16
College Education (n=2,236)	No college degree	53	59	39	6
	College graduate	47	61	37	16
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,236)	High school graduate or less	24	64	35	-
completed: (11-2,230)	More than high school grad	76	59	39	-
No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as a: (n=2,641)	Democrat	36	95	4	8
usuany think of yoursen as a. (II-2,641)	Republican	39	24	75	11
	Independent or something else	25	68	28	22
On most political matters, do you consider yourself: (n=2,586)	Liberal	20	88	9	10
557151451 yoursell. (11-2,000)	Moderate	46	70	29	16
	Conservative	33	32	67	7

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— National Election Pool













ucted by Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR	Dem2000
Religion, combined Protestant and other Christian. (n=2,334)	Protestant/Other Christian	56	56	42	8
	Catholic	25	56	42	9
	Jewish	4	86	14	-
	Something else	5	79	21	22
	None	10	78	18	8
Religion among whites (n=2,357)	White Protestant/Other Christian	40	48	51	10
	White Catholic	17	56	43	10
	White Jewish	4	84	15	-
	White something else	3	78	22	-
	White none	8	76	19	-
	Non-white	28	75	24	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Strongly approve	26	22	77	-
as president? (n=2,399)	Somewhat approve	20	35	63	-
	Somewhat disapprove	12	77	22	-
	Strongly disapprove	41	94	4	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Approve	46	28	71	-
as president? (n=2,399)	Disapprove	53	90	8	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Strongly approve	40	32	67	-
governor? (n=1,912)	Somewhat approve	27	66	32	-
	Somewhat disapprove	14	88	11	-
	Strongly disapprove	17	93	5	-
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Approve	67	46	53	-
governor? (n=1,912)	Disapprove	31	91	7	-
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,674)	Strongly approve	22	19	79	-

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National Election Pool















Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

		Total	NLSN	HARR	Dem2000
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,674)	Somewhat approve	23	39	60	-
	Somewhat disapprove	14	76	23	-
	Strongly disapprove	39	90	7	-
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,674)	Approve	45	30	69	-
	Disapprove	53	86	11	-
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the war in Iraq?	Extremely important	48	66	32	-
(n=1,912)	Very important	31	56	42	-
	Somewhat important	13	56	43	-
	Not at all important	7	49	49	-
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism?	Extremely important	48	54	44	-
(n=1,912)	Very important	32	58	41	-
	Somewhat important	15	81	16	-
	Not at all important	5	73	24	-
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy? (n=1,912)	Extremely important	51	61	37	-
	Very important	37	60	39	-
	Somewhat important	9	58	37	-
	Not at all important	2	-	-	-
In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of	Extremely important	50	65	34	-
homeowner's insurance? (n=1,989)	Very important	29	58	40	-
	Somewhat important	16	53	44	-
	Not at all important	5	56	42	-
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately? (n=2,350)	Very confident	47	43	57	-
	Somewhat confident	37	71	27	-
	Not very confident	12	88	10	-



--- National Election Pool













 $_{Conducted\ by}$ Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Horizontal Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

		Total	NLSN	HARR	Dem2000
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Not at all confident	4	83	9	-
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Very/Somewhat confident	83	55	43	-
(n=2,350)	Not very/Not at all confident	15	87	10	-
Which of these best describes your vote today for U.S. Senate? (n=1,989)	I strongly favor my candidate	55	65	34	-
	I like my candidate but with reservations	28	50	49	-
	I dislike the other candidate	15	64	32	-
Population of area, five categories (n=2,775)	Over 500 thousand	7	51	47	-
,	50 to 500 thousand	21	68	31	-
	Suburbs	59	60	37	-
	10 to 50 thousand	5	47	50	-
	Rural	8	60	40	-
Population of area, three categories (n=2,775)	City over 50 thousand	28	64	35	12
	Suburbs	59	60	37	7
	Small city and Rural	13	55	44	15
Geo Stratum Code (n=2,775)	MIAMI	24	69	30	-
	SOUTH	17	59	40	-
	TAMPA	16	60	38	-
	CENTRAL	22	61	37	-
	NORTH	22	54	44	-
In today's election for governor, did you just vote for: (n=2,731)	Jim Davis	46	95	4	-
just vote for. (11-2,701)	Charlie Crist	52	32	68	-



National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR
Number of Interviews - 2,775	Vote Estimate Not for On-Air Use	100	61	38
Are you: (n=2,764)	Male	48	47	51
	Female	52	53	49
Sex by race (n=2,710)	White male	36	31	43
	White female	36	34	40
	Non-white male	13	16	8
	Non-white female	15	19	10
Are you: (n=2,720)	White	72	66	82
	Black	14	21	3
	Hispanic/Latino	11	11	12
	Asian	1	1	1
	Other	2	2	1
Are you of Cuban or Hispanic descent? (n=2,703)	Yes, Cuban	4	3	7
	Yes, other Hispanic	6	7	4
	No	90	90	89
AGE (60 and over) (n=2,742)	18-29	10	11	8
	30-44	23	23	23
	45-59	33	33	33
	60 or over	34	33	35
Age 65 & over (n=2,742)	18-64	76	77	74
	65 or over	24	23	26
2005 total family income: (n=2,367)	Under \$15,000	7	8	5
	\$15,000 - \$29,999	11	12	9
	\$30,000 - \$49,999	20	21	19

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- National Election Pool













$_{Conducted \ by}$ Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for: Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR
2005 total family income: (n=2,367)	\$50,000 - \$74,999	22	22	23
	\$75,000 - \$99,999	16	15	16
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	14	14	14
	\$150,000 - \$199,999	4	4	5
	\$200,000 or more	6	4	8
Total family income: (n=2,367)	Less than \$50,000	38	41	34
	\$50,000 or more	62	59	66
Total family income: (n=2,367)	Less than \$100,000	76	78	73
	\$100,000 or more	24	22	27
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,236)	Did not complete high school	4	5	3
completed: (II-2,230)	High school graduate	20	21	19
	Some college or associate degree	29	27	32
	College graduate	30	29	31
	Postgraduate study	17	18	15
College Education (n=2,236)	No college degree	53	53	55
	College graduate	47	47	45
What was the last grade of school you completed? (n=2,236)	High school graduate or less	24	26	22
completed: (n=2,200)	More than high school grad	76	74	78
No matter how you voted today, do you usually think of yourself as a: (n=2,641)	Democrat	36	57	4
usuany timik of yoursen as a. (n=2,041)	Republican	39	16	78
	Independent or something else	25	28	18
On most political matters, do you consider yourself: (n=2,586)	Liberal	20	29	5
	Moderate	46	53	35
	Conservative	33	17	60
	1		1	1

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National Election Pool















Edison/Mitofsky

Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR
Religion, combined Protestant and other Christian. (n=2,334)	Protestant/Other Christian	56	52	63
	Catholic	25	23	28
	Jewish	4	6	2
	Something else	5	6	3
	None	10	13	5
Religion among whites (n=2,357)	White Protestant/Other Christian	40	31	54
	White Catholic	17	16	20
	White Jewish	4	6	2
	White something else	3	4	2
	White none	8	10	4
	Non-white	28	34	18
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Strongly approve	26	9	53
as president? (n=2,399)	Somewhat approve	20	12	35
	Somewhat disapprove	12	16	7
	Strongly disapprove	41	62	4
Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job	Approve	46	21	87
as president? (n=2,399)	Disapprove	53	78	12
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Strongly approve	40	21	70
governor? (n=1,912)	Somewhat approve	27	30	23
	Somewhat disapprove	14	21	4
	Strongly disapprove	17	27	2
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Jeb Bush is handling his job as	Approve	67	51	93
governor? (n=1,912)	Disapprove	31	47	6
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,674)	Strongly approve	22	7	45

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- National Election Pool













Florida General Exit Poll

SENFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Time Created: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for: Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,674)	Somewhat approve	23	15	37
	Somewhat disapprove	14	17	8
	Strongly disapprove	39	58	8
How do you feel about the U.S. war in Iraq? (n=2,674)	Approve	45	22	83
	Disapprove	53	76	16
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the war in Iraq?	Extremely important	48	52	41
(n=1,912)	Very important	31	29	35
	Somewhat important	13	12	15
	Not at all important	7	6	9
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the issue of terrorism?	Extremely important	48	43	56
(n=1,912)	Very important	32	30	34
	Somewhat important	15	20	6
	Not at all important	5	5	3
In your vote for U.S. senator, how important was the economy? (n=1,912)	Extremely important	51	52	50
	Very important	37	37	38
	Somewhat important	9	9	9
	Not at all important	2	1	2
In your vote for governor, how important was the issue of	Extremely important	50	53	45
homeowner's insurance? (n=1,989)	Very important	29	28	31
	Somewhat important	16	14	18
	Not at all important	5	4	5
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Very confident	47	33	69
(n=2,350)	Somewhat confident	37	43	26
	Not very confident	12	17	3
			1	1

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National Election Pool















SENFL06 - Vertical Percentages

Time of Weighting: 11/8/2006 11:33:52 AM

Florida General Exit Poll

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SENFL06 - In today's election for U.S. senator, did you just vote for:

Filter(s): (All respondents)

		Total	NLSN	HARR
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately?	Not at all confident	4	5	1
How confident are you that votes in your state will be counted accurately? (n=2,350)	Very/Somewhat confident	83	77	95
	Not very/Not at all confident	15	22	4
Which of these best describes your vote today for U.S. Senate? (n=1,989)	I strongly favor my candidate	55	58	49
	I like my candidate but with reservations	28	23	37
	I dislike the other candidate	15	16	13
Population of area, five categories (n=2,775)	Over 500 thousand	7	6	9
	50 to 500 thousand	21	24	17
	Suburbs	59	58	59
	10 to 50 thousand	5	4	7
	Rural	8	8	8
Population of area, three categories (n=2,775)	City over 50 thousand	28	30	26
,	Suburbs	59	58	59
	Small city and Rural	13	12	15
Geo Stratum Code (n=2,775)	MIAMI	24	27	19
	SOUTH	17	16	18
	TAMPA	16	16	16
	CENTRAL	22	23	22
	NORTH	22	19	26
In today's election for governor, did you just vote for: (n=2,731)	Jim Davis	46	71	5
	Charlie Crist	52	27	93

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